STRATEGIC REPORT, DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

31 DECEMBER 2022



COMPANIES HOUSE

Registered Number: 06201255

Contents

Page	
2	Company Information
3	Strategic Report
5	Directors' Report
7	Independent Auditors' Report to the Member of Brit Group Finance Limited
10	Income Statement
11	Statement of Financial Position
12	Statement of Changes in Equity
13	Notes to the Financial Statements

Company Information

Directors

Brit Corporate Services Limited A E Usher D T Dixon G Wilkinson (appointed on 23 March 2022) M Allan (resigned on 23 March 2022)

Secretary

Brit Corporate Secretaries Limited

Registered Office

The Leadenhall Building 122 Leadenhall Street London England EC3V 4AB

Independent Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 7 More London Riverside SE1 2RT

Strategic Report

The Directors present their Strategic Report on Brit Group Finance Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Principal activity, review of the business and future developments

The principal activity of the Company is the provision of finance to Brit Limited Group companies. During the year, the Company has been the central finance company of the Brit Limited Group subsidiary companies and has, therefore, been responsible for lending to, and borrowing from, other subsidiaries.

The loss for the financial year, after taxation was £5,578,146 (2021: loss of £408,216). The current financial year loss was driven by foreign exchange losses arising on balances denominated in currencies other than Sterling. The net assets of the Company decreased from £10,172,308 as at 31 December 2021 to £4,594,162 as at 31 December 2022.

In the opinion of the Directors, the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the year was satisfactory. The Directors do not envisage any changes to the current business model in 2023.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Company's principal risk is that the Company may not receive intercompany debts as they fall due and, therefore, the Company may not be able to settle its own creditor balances. To mitigate this risk, where necessary the Company engages in due diligence procedures, obtaining evidence of the company's ability to take on and service debt commitments.

Geopolitical events, such as Russia's invasion of Ukraine, have the potential to cause operational losses to the Company, and disruption to financial markets. This could potentially impact the future recoverability of debts and operational costs for the Company. The Company continues to monitor developments closely.

Geopolitical risk events may also impact the global economy. Inflation in the USA and the UK has reached 40-year highs and interest rates worldwide have risen. Recessions are expected in a number of advanced economies, which may impact the frequency and cost of potential operational risk events. The Company continues to actively monitor and respond to changes in the economic environment.

Section 172(1) Statement

Introduction

As Directors, our key responsibility is to promote the success of the Company. This principle is the cornerstone of our discussions and our decision making. Each Director is cognisant that in discharging this key responsibility, they must have regard to matters set out in s172(1)(a-f) of the Companies' Act. The Directors consider, both individually and collectively, that they have acted in the way they consider, in good faith, would be most likely to promote the success of the Company.

Our strategy

The Board is responsible for a number of key strategic decisions and on-going performance monitoring. The Directors' assessment of long-term value creation considers the Company's resilience. They determine and monitor risk appetites and tolerances, and they ensure the Company has an effective risk management framework in place.

Board information

The Board receives information on a range of relevant topics, and receives information on other areas as requested by the Directors from time to time.

Strategic Report (continued)

Training

To assist the Directors discharge their responsibilities, they are provided with on-going training and development opportunities. They have received a number of in-depth briefings on specific relevant issues. For the wider workforce, there is a comprehensive staff development programme tailored to meet individual needs. Elements of this training are mandatory, with all staff required to successfully complete e-learning modules on key areas such as money laundering, bribery and corruption, data protection, fraud and cyber risk.

Our culture

Building and maintaining the Company's reputation and its high standards of business conduct are essential to the future success of the Company. This is embedded in our culture. The wider Brit Limited Group also maintains a 'Code of Conduct' setting out the standard we expect from all of our staff. This is regularly reviewed and updated, and compliance is attested to by each employee on an annual basis.

Our stakeholders

The Board recognises the importance of engaging with its broader stakeholder base. The Company's primary stakeholder is its sole shareholder, Brit Insurance Holdings Limited. The Board is also mindful of the interests of its ultimate majority shareholder, Fairfax Financial Holdings Limited, and wider Brit Limited Group. The Company's ultimate majority shareholder is represented on the Brit Limited board and there is regular contact between Company executives and senior management and those of the ultimate majority shareholder. This engagement helps ensure that the Company's strategy is aligned to and supported by our shareholders.

Key decisions made by the Directors during the year

The Directors approved the Company's 2021 financial statements on 21 September 2022.

In making these decisions, the Directors considered the Company's immediate and longer-term strategic priorities, together with the needs and expectations of its stakeholders and the wider Brit Limited Group. The Directors concluded that the decisions were in the Company's and its key stakeholders' best interests, met its overall objectives and were consistent with their key responsibility of promoting the success of the Company.

By order of the Board

A E Usher Director

26 September 2023

Directors' Report

Registered Number: 06201255

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Principal activities and future developments

The principal activity of the Company is the provision of finance to Brit Limited Group companies.

The Directors do not envisage any changes to the current business model in 2023.

Result and dividend

The loss for the financial year, after taxation was £5,578,146 (2021: loss of £408,216). The Directors do not recommend a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: £nil).

Going concern

The Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

Directors

The names of the Directors of the Company who held office during the financial year and up to the date of signing the financial statements are listed on page 2. On 23 March 2022, Mark Allan resigned as a director and Gavin Wilkinson was appointed as a director.

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (FRS 102), and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law, the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' Report (continued)

Statement of Disclosure of Information to the Auditor

In accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006, each of the persons who are Directors of the Company at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- So far as each Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- Each Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Political donations

The Company has not made any political donations during the year.

Independent Auditors

Pursuant to section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to have been reappointed and PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will therefore continue in office.

The review of the business including future developments, principal risks and uncertainties, stakeholder engagement information and subsequent events is not shown in the Directors' Report because it is shown in the Strategic Report instead under s414C(11).

By order of the Board

A E Usher Director

26 September 2023

Independent auditors' report to the members of Brit Group Finance Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Brit Group Finance Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its loss for the
 year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2022; the Income Statement, and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Brit Group Finance Limited (continued)

Reporting on other information (continued)

With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and Director's Report for the year ended 31 December 2022 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Brit Group Finance Limited (continued)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to the Companies Act 2006, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to the risk of management override of controls. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- discussions with the Board and management, including confirming there are no known or suspected frauds or non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- assessment of matters reported on the whistleblowing helpline and the results of management's investigation
 of such matters;
- reviewing relevant meeting minutes including those of the Board;
- identification and testing of journal entries with potential indicators of fraud, particularly those with unexpected account combinations, those posted by unexpected users or with unusual words, and post close or backdated journal entries; and
- · designing audit procedures to incorporate unpredictability around the nature, timing and extent of testing.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

22"

Paul Pannell (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors London 27 September 2023

Income Statement

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		Year ended 31 December 2022 £	Year ended 31 December 2021 £
	Note		
Administrative expenses		(20,992)	(18,746)
Investment income	2	-	4
Foreign exchange losses	5	(6,859,376)	(497,804)
Other operating income			11,079
Operating loss	5	(6,880,368)	(505,467)
Loss before taxation		(6,880,368)	(505,467)
Tax on loss	6	1,302,222	97,251
Loss for the financial year		(5,578,146)	(408,216)

No other comprehensive income has been recognised and therefore no statement of other comprehensive income has been presented.

The notes on pages 13 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2022

		31 December 2022	31 December 2021
	Note	£	£
Current assets			
	_		1 1 1.
Debtors	7	430,136,104	429,621,511
Current tax		-	67,207
Deferred tax	8 ·	-	5,048
Cash at bank and in hand		499	538
		430,136,603	429,694,304
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	9	(425,542,441)	(419,521,996)
Net current assets		4,594,162	10,172,308
Total assets less current liabilities		4,594,162	10,172,308
Net assets		4,594,162	10,172,308
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	4,000,000	4,000,000
Retained earnings		594,162	6,172,308
Total equity		4,594,162	10,172,308

The notes on pages 13 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 10 to 17 were approved by the Board of Directors on 25 September 2023 and signed by order of the Board by:

A E Usher Director

26 September 2023

Registered Number: 06201255

Statement of Changes in EquityFor the year ended 31 December 2022

Year ended 31 December 2022

Year ended 31 December 2022			
	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2022	4,000,000	6,172,308	10,172,308
Loss for the financial year	-	(5,578,146)	(5,578,146)
Total comprehensive expense for the financial year		(5,578,146)	(5,578,146)
At 31 December 2022	4,000,000	594,162	4,594,162
Year ended 31 December 2021	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2021	4,000,000	6,580,524	10,580,524
Loss for the financial year		(408,216)	(408,216)
Total comprehensive expense for the financial year	-	(408,216)	(408,216)
At 31 December 2021	4,000,000	6,172,308	10,172,308
. ·			

The statement has been re-presented to include additional line items not reported in the prior year.

The notes on pages 13 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. Accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland' (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the recognition of certain financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (GBP), which is the Company's functional currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest £ except where otherwise indicated. Items included in the financial statements are measured using the functional currency which is the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

The Company is a private company, limited by shares and is incorporated in the United Kingdom. The address of its registered office is The Leadenhall Building, 122 Leadenhall Street, London, England, EC3V 4AB.

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 were approved for issue by the Board on 25 September 2023.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(b) Turnovei

Turnover consists of finance income from the provision of loans and is recognised on an accruals basis.

(c) Expenses

All expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis.

(d) Other income

Other income consists of investment income and other operating income and is recognised on an accruals basis.

(e) Foreign Currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies other than Sterling, United States dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the date the transaction is processed. Unless otherwise stated, transactions in United States dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros are translated at the average rates of exchange for the period. Assets and liabilities in currencies other than Sterling are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at 31 December of each year. Exchange differences arising on translation are dealt with in the income statement.

(f) Interest payable and receivable

Interest payable and receivable are recognised using the effective interest rate method.

(g) Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

(i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price. Basic financial assets include current and long-term loans to Brit Limited Group undertakings, other debtors and cash at bank and in hand balances

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the income statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. Accounting policies (continued)

(g) Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

(i) Financial assets (continued)

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

(ii) Financial liabilities, including borrowings

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors are initially recognised at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Where applicable, some financial liabilities are measured at fair value. Fair value is normally determined by reference to the fair value of the proceeds received. Any difference between the initial carrying amount and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the financial liability using the effective interest rate method.

(h) Current Taxation and Deferred Taxation

(i) Current Taxation

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

(ii) Deferred Taxation

Where relevant deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. However, if the deferred income tax arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability, it is not recognised.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the date of the statement of financial position and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

(i) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2. Investment income

	Year ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 December 2021
	£	£
Interest receivable on investments		4

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

3. Auditors' remuneration

The auditors' remuneration in respect of statutory audit fees for the current year has been paid by a fellow Brit Limited Group company and amounted to £20,159 (2021: £18,666).

4. Directors' remuneration

The Directors did not receive any remuneration for their services to the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: £nil).

5. Operating loss		
	Year ended	Year ended
·	31 December	31 December
	2022 £	2021
This is arrived at after charging:-	£	£_
	20.150	19 666
Auditors' remuneration (Note 3)	20,159	18,666
Foreign exchange losses	6,859,376	497,804
6. Tax on loss		
	Year ended	Year ended 31
	31 December 2022	December 2021
•	£	£
(a) Tax credited to income statement		
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax at 19.00% (2021: 19.00%)	1,307,270	96,039
Total current tax	1,307,270	96,039
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(3,836)	-
Effect of future tax rate changes	(1,212)	1,212
Total deferred tax	(5,048)	1,212
Total tax credited to income statement (Note 6 (b))	1,302,222	97,251
4) -		
(b) Tax reconciliation	(0.000.000)	(505.407)
Loss before taxation	(6,880,368)	(505,467)
Loss multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in UK of 19.00%	4 207 270	00.000
(2021: 19.00%) Effects of:	1,307,270	96,039
Tax rate changes	(1,212)	1,212
Temporary differences not recognised	(3,836)	1,212
Tax credit for the year (Note 6 (a))	1,302,222	97,251
Tax ordan for the year (Note o (a))		

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

6. Tax on loss (continued)

(c) Effect of post balance sheet rate changes:

The main rate of UK corporation tax has increased to 25% from 1 April 2023 under Finance Act 2021 which was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021. The rate of 25% has therefore been used in the calculation of the UK's deferred tax assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2022, of which the company has none.

7	_	_	_	4-	rs

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
	£	£_
Due within one year:		
Amounts owed by Brit Limited Group undertakings	430,136,104	429,621,511
Total debtors	430,136,104	429,621,511

Amounts owed by Brit Limited Group undertakings are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

8. Deferred tax

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Asset:	£	£
Balance at 1 January	5,048	3,836
(Charge)/credit in income statement for the year	(5,048)	1,212
Balance at 31 December	-	5,048
9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	31 December	31 December
	2022	2021
	£	£

Amounts owed to Brit Limited Group undertakings are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

425,542,441

419,521,996

10. Called up share capital

Amounts owed to Brit Limited Group undertakings

	31 December 2022 £	31 December 2021 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
4,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	4,000,000	4,000,000

There is a single class of ordinary shares. There are no restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

11. Disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions provided by paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include the following:

- · Statement of cash flows;
- · A reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year;
- Specific information relating to financial instruments that is included within equivalent disclosures for the Brit Limited Group; and
- · Disclosure of key management personnel compensation.

The Company has been consolidated into the Brit Limited Group financial statements of Brit Limited, a company registered in the United Kingdom. The Brit Limited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes provide further detail in respect of these areas, copies of whose financial statements can be obtained from The Leadenhall Building, 122 Leadenhall Street, London, England, EC3V 4AB.

12. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption afforded by Financial Reporting Standard 102, paragraph 33.1A, in not disclosing transactions with other entities wholly owned within the Brit Limited Group.

13. Controlling parties

The immediate parent undertaking at the year-end is Brit Insurance Holdings Limited, a company registered in the United Kingdom.

The ultimate parent undertaking at the year-end is Fairfax Financial Holdings Limited (Fairfax), a company which is registered in Ontario, Canada. Copies of Fairfax's consolidated financial statements can be obtained by writing to 95 Wellington Street West, Suite 800, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5J 2N7, or from the website at www.fairfax.ca.

The intermediate holding company, in which Brit Group Finance Limited's result is consolidated, is Brit Limited, details for which are provided in Note 11 above.