Company registration number: 06180126

SA Law Chambers Solicitors Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

30 June 2021

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Directors and other information

Directors S Aboobaker

N Lehl Lilly

G G Guarnieri

Company number 06180126

Registered office Heraldic House

First Floor

160-162 Cranbrook Road

Ilford, Essex IG1 4PE

Business address Heraldic House

First Floor

160-162 Cranbrook Road

Ilford, Essex IG1 4PE

Accountants Redford & Co Limited

Chartered Accountants

First Floor

64 Baker Street London W1U 7GB

Chartered accountants report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of SA Law Chambers Solicitors Limited

Year ended 30 June 2021

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of SA Law Chambers Solicitors Limited for the year ended 30 June 2021 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of SA Law Chambers Solicitors Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of SA Law Chambers Solicitors Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of SA Law Chambers Solicitors Limited as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than SA Law Chambers Solicitors Limited and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that SA Law Chambers Solicitors Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of SA Law Chambers Solicitors Limited. You consider that SA Law Chambers Solicitors Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of SA Law Chambers Solicitors Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Redford & Co Limited

Chartered Accountants

First Floor

64 Baker Street

London W1U 7GB

9 March 2022

Statement of financial position

30 June 2021

		2021		2020	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	5	106,878		170,211	
Tangible assets	6	8,062		10,750	
			114,940		180,961
Current assets					
Stocks	7	319,000		300,000	
Debtors	8	(26,767)		(62,103)	
Cash at bank and in hand		22,852		141,031	
		315,085		378,928	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	9	(420,972)		(499,837)	
Net current liabilities			(105,887)		(120,909)
			(,,		(,,
Total assets less current liabilities			9,053		60,052
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	10		(210,829)		(184,810)
Net liabilities			(201,776)		(124,758)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			(201,876)		(124,858)
Shareholders deficit			(201,776)		(124,758)

For the year ending 30 June 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to

companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial
Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 09 March 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

S Aboobaker

Director

Company registration number: 06180126

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 June 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is Heraldic House, First Floor, 160-162 Cranbrook Road, Ilford, Essex, IG1 4PE.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will be able to meet known liabilities as they fall due and will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Turnover

Turnover represents the value of services provided under contracts, to the extent that there is a right to consideration, and is recorded at the value of the consideration due. Where a contract has only been partially completed at the balance sheet date, turnover represents the value of the service provided to date, based on a proportion of the total expected consideration at completion.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Goodwill

Goodwill arises on business acquisitions and represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the company's interest in the net amount of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquired business. Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. It is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. Where a reliable estimate of the useful life of goodwill or intangible assets cannot be made, the life is presumed not to exceed ten years.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 25 % reducing balance

Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25 % reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Contracts

Amounts recoverable on contracts, which are included in debtors are stated at the net sales value of the work done after provisions for contingencies and anticipated future losses on contracts, less amounts received as progress payments on account. Excess progress payments are included in creditors as payments received on account.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 11 (2020: 13).

5. Intangible assets

		Goodwill	Total
		£	£
Cost			
At 1 July 2020 and 30 June 2021		950,000	950,000
Amortisation			
At 1 July 2020		779,789	779,789
Charge for the year		63,333	63,333
At 30 June 2021		843,122	843,122
At 30 Suite 2021		040,122	040,122
Carrying amount			
At 30 June 2021		106,878	106,878
At 30 June 2020		170,211	170,211
6. Tangible assets			
	Plant and	Fixtures,	Total
	machinery	fittings and equipment	
	£	equipment £	£
Cost			
At 1 July 2020 and 30 June 2021	67,421	4,592	72,013
Depreciation			
At 1 July 2020	57,011	4,252	61,263
Charge for the year	2,603	85	2,688
At 30 June 2021	59,614	4,337	63,951
Carrying amount			
At 30 June 2021	7,807	255	8,062
At 30 June 2020	10,410	340	10,750
7. Contracts			
		2021	2020
		£	£
Amounts recoverable on contract		319,000	300,000

8. Debtors

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	(144,712)	(196,827)
Other debtors	117,945	134,724
	(26,767)	(62,103)
9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	46,244	9,090
Trade creditors	192,555	221,896
Social security and other taxes	51,538	40,040
Other creditors	130,635	228,811
	420,972	499,837
10. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2021	2020
	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	210,829	184,810

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.