Registration number: 06135534

Bluestone Capital Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

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Murray Harcourt Limited 6 Queen Street Leeds West Yorkshire LS1 2TW

Company Information

Directors

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M Hargreaves

P J Bennett V Madaan J R Bourne

Company secretary

M Hargreaves

Registered office

Lakeside House Navigation Court

Calder Park Wakefield West Yorkshire WF2 7BJ

Auditors

Murray Harcourt Limited

6 Queen Street

Leeds

West Yorkshire LS1 2TW

(Registration number: 06135534) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Current assets			
Debtors	4	1,041,920	452,197
Cash at bank and in hand		193,501	195,068
		1,235,421	647,265
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	5	(553,178)	(425,464)
Total assets less current liabilities		682,243	221,801
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	5	(490,654)	(123,017)
Net assets		191,589	98,784
Capital and reserves			
Called up and fully paid share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		191,588	98,783
Total equity		191,589	98,784

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the profit and loss account has been taken.

29/9/2021

Approved and authorised by the Board on and signed on its behalf by:

Mark Hargreaues

M Hargreaves

Company secretary and director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

1 General information

The Company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England & Wales. Company information details are shown on page 1. The principal activity of the Company during the period was that of a finance company.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, using the historical cost convention and in accordance with Section 1A - Small Entities of FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

The financial statements are presented in Pounds Sterling ('£'), which is the functional currency of the Company, and rounded to the nearest £1.

Going concern

The Directors have considered the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements.

The business is projected to be cash generative in the future as anticipated customer loan repayments are expected to exceed loan repayments and other outgoings, and new lending is only entered into where it is fully funded.

Accordingly, the Directors have concluded that no material uncertainty exists in relation to going concern and have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Audit report

The Independent Auditors' Report was unqualified. The name of the Senior Statutory Auditor who signed the audit report on 29/9/2021...... was Steven Williams FCA, who signed for and on behalf of Murray Harcourt Limited.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

Receivables from finance leases in which the company as a lessor transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the customer, are recognised at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease.

Finance income is subsequently recognised based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment using an effective interest rate method.

Lease incentives and initial costs are amortised on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Tax

Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Current income tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements. Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date and is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Other creditors

Other creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the course of business from suppliers. Other creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to profit and loss over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

Basic financial instruments are recognised at amortised cost, except for investments in non-convertible preference and non-puttable ordinary shares which are measured at fair value, with changes recognised in profit or loss. Derivative financial instruments are initially recorded at cost and thereafter at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) in the year, was 4 (2019 - 4).

4 Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
Amounts receivable in respect of HP and finance lease contracts	894,661	408,369
Trade debtors	-	3,210
Other debtors	94,537	15,479
Deferred tax asset	52,722	25,139
	1,041,920	452,197

The amount of net investment in HP and finance leases is determined as shown in the following table:

	2020 £	2019 £
Gross investment in HP and finance leases at the year end	1,058,494	470,075
Unearned finance income	(163,833)	(61,706)
Net investment in HP and finance leases at the year end	894,661	408,369

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

4 Debtors (continued)

The gross investment in HP and finance lease contracts is recoverable as follows:

	2020 £		2019 £	
•	Gross investment in lease	Present value of minimum lease payments	Gross investment in lease	Present value of minimum lease payments
Maturity				
Not later than one year	408,251	343,874	225,349	199,540
Later than one year and not later than five years	650,243	550,787	244,682	208,829
	1,058,494	894,661	470,031	408,369
5 Creditors: amounts falling due w	ithin one year		2020	2019
			£	£
Loans and borrowings Trade creditors			311,973 10,290	173,113
Amounts owed to group undertakings			230,915	250,000
Taxation and social security			-	824
Other creditors				1,527
			553,178	425,464
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings			490,654	123,017

Loans and borrowings consist of blocks of finance due under a block financing agreement from a finance house. These amounts are secured by corporate guarantees from other group companies. All amounts are due in under five years.

6 Contingent liabilities

The Company has a cross guarantee with other members of the group in relation to loans within Bluestone Leasing Limited. The amount guaranteed at the year end was £619,272 (2019 - £388,263).

7 Related party transactions

The Company has taken the exemption set out in FRS 102 from disclosing transactions with wholly owned group members.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

8 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Tyto Finance Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.

The parent of the smallest and largest group in which these financial statements are consolidated is Tyto Leasing Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.

The company's registered office is Lakeside House, Navigation Court, Calder Park, Wakefield, WF2 7BJ.

The ultimate controlling party is Mr P J Bennett.