Registered number: 06117290

# PAUL THOMAS ENGINEERING LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

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Chartered Accountants

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## Paul Thomas Engineering Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

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## Paul Thomas Engineering Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2020

Registered number: 06117290

		202	20	201	9
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible Assets	3		-		2,500
Tangible Assets	4		9,012		9,407
		•		_	
			9,012		11,907
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	17,474		9,268	
Cash at bank and in hand		30,364	_	17,321	
		47,838		26,589	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(21,262)	_	(19,037)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			26,576	-	7,552
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			35,588	_	19,459
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred Taxation			(1,672)	_	(1,738)
NET ASSETS			33,916	=	17,721
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	8		1		1
Profit and Loss Account		_	33,915	_	17,720
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			33,916	=	17,721

# Paul Thomas Engineering Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 March 2020

For the year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### **Director's responsibilities**

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On	behalf	of	the	board

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Mr P R Thomas

Director

07/07/2020

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

### Paul Thomas Engineering Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

#### 1. Accounting Policies

#### 1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

#### Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

#### Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

#### 1.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the separable net assets. It is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of .... years.

#### 1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery 25% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles 25% reducing balance
Computer Equipment 25% reducing balance

#### 1.5. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period. Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

# Paul Thomas Engineering Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

#### 1.6. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### 2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 1 (2019: 1)

### 3. Intangible Assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
As at 1 April 2019	25,000
As at 31 March 2020	25,000
Amortisation	
As at 1 April 2019	22,500
Provided during the period	2,500
As at 31 March 2020	25,000
Net Book Value	
As at 31 March 2020	
As at 1 April 2019	2,500

# Paul Thomas Engineering Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

4. Tangible Assets				
	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 April 2019	7,590	28,320	8,645	44,555
Additions	2,000		608	2,608
As at 31 March 2020	9,590	28,320	9,253	47,163
Depreciation				
As at 1 April 2019	5,030	22,567	7,551	35,148
Provided during the period	1,140	1,438	425	3,003
As at 31 March 2020	6,170	24,005	7,976	38,151
Net Book Value			-	
As at 31 March 2020	3,420	4,315	1,277	9,012
As at 1 April 2019	2,560	5,753	1,094	9,407
5. <b>Debtors</b>				
			2020	2019
			£	£
Due within one year				
Trade debtors			7,298	1,804
S455 Tax Paid			2,297	394
Director's loan account		_	7,879 	7,070
		=	17,474	9,268
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year				
			2020	2019
			£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts			-	1,876
Corporation tax			11,417	10,629
VAT			7,132	4,603
Accruals and deferred income		_	2,713	1,929
			21,262	19,037

# Paul Thomas Engineering Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

7. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase		
	2020	2019
	£	£
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:		
Amounts Payable:		
Within one year		1,876
	-	1,876
		1,876
8. Share Capital		
	2020	2019
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1	1
O Binatan Managa Condita and Consumban		

### 9. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees

Included within Debtors are the following loans to directors:

	As at 1 April 2019	Amounts advanced	Amounts repaid	Amounts written off	As at 31 March 2020
	£	£	£	£	£
Mr P R Thomas	7,070	33,176	32,367		7,879

The above loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

### 10. General Information

Paul Thomas Engineering Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 06117290. The registered office is 27 Parc-Y-Berllan, Porthcawl, Bridgend, Mid Glamorgan, CF36 5HX.

lectronic form, authenticat	ion and maimer or d	envery under section	n 1072 or the Compa	illes Act 2006.	