

Maljan Engineering Limited

Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts

for the Year Ended 31 January 2013

Maljan Engineering Limited
(Registration number: 06068060)
Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 January 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets	2	300	400
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Current assets			
Debtors		1,556	1,201
Cash at bank and in hand		8,393	7,862
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		9,949	9,063
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(18,509)	(13,650)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net current liabilities		(8,560)	(4,587)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total assets less current liabilities		(8,260)	(4,187)
Provisions for liabilities		(60)	(80)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net liabilities		(8,320)	(4,267)
		<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account		(9,320)	(5,267)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Shareholders' deficit		(8,320)	(4,267)
		<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Maljan Engineering Limited
(Registration number: 06068060)
Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 January 2013
..... continued

For the year ending 31 January 2013 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective 2008).

Approved by the director on 11 March 2013

.....
Mr M T Holliday
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Maljan Engineering Limited
Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 January 2013
..... continued

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis though the company's liabilities exceed their assets. The director is confident that sufficient income will be generated to ensure that all the company's liabilities are met. Hence, the director feels that the going concern basis of preparation is appropriate.

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers. It includes the relevant proportion of contract values where work is partially performed in the year.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Fixtures and fittings	20% straight line basis

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by the FRSSE. Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

Maljan Engineering Limited
Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 January 2013
..... continued

2 Fixed assets

	Tangible assets	Total
	£	£
Cost		
At 1 February 2012	1,350	1,350
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 31 January 2013	1,350	1,350
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Depreciation		
At 1 February 2012	950	950
Charge for the year	100	100
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 31 January 2013	1,050	1,050
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net book value		
At 31 January 2013	300	300
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
At 31 January 2012	400	400
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

3 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2013		2012	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.