

BEECHER ACOUSTICS LIMITED

COMPANY NUMBER 06048913

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2018



KING LOOSE & CO
ACCOUNTANTS
ST JOHN'S HOUSE
5 SOUTH PARADE
SUMMERTOWN
OXFORD OX2 7JL

BEECHER ACOUSTICS LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2018

Director	J. Beecher
Secretary	Ms S. Porter
Company number	06048913
Registered office	1 Quarry High Street Headington Oxford OX3 8JT
Accountants	King Loose & Co Accountants St John's House 5 South Parade Summertown Oxford OX2 7JL

BEECHER ACOUSTICS LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2018

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BEECHER ACOUSTICS LIMITED

**ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF BEECHER ACOUSTICS LIMITED**

In accordance with the engagement letter, and in order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have compiled the financial statements of the company which comprise the Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet and related notes, from the accounting records and information you have given to us.

This report is made to the Company's Board of Directors, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken so that we might compile the financial statements that we have been engaged to compile, report to the Company's Board of Directors that we have done so, and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permissible by law, we do not accept nor assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

We have carried out this engagement in accordance with the technical guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, and have complied with the ethical guidance laid down by the Institute relating to members undertaking the compilation of financial statements.

You have acknowledged on the Balance Sheet your duty to ensure that the company has kept proper accounting records and to prepare financial statements for the year ended 31st May 2018 that give a true and fair view under the Companies Act 2006. You consider that the company is exempt from the statutory requirement for an audit for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit of the financial statements. For this reason we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the financial statements.

King, Loose & Co

18th February 2019

King Loose & Co
Accountants
St John's House
5 South Parade
Summertown
Oxford OX2 7JL

BEECHER ACOUSTICS LIMITED**BALANCE SHEET (COMPANY NUMBER 06048913)****AS AT 31ST MAY 2018**

		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed Assets					
Tangible assets	5		1,600,594		1,600,725
Investments	6		75		-
			<u>1,600,669</u>		<u>1,600,725</u>
Current Assets					
Stocks		333,229		325,943	
Debtors	7	37,225		23,824	
Cash at bank and in hand		12		1	
		<u>370,466</u>		<u>349,768</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>(328,470)</u>		<u>(289,903)</u>	
Net Current liabilities			<u>41,996</u>		<u>59,865</u>
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities			1,642,665		1,660,590
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		<u>(1,255,117)</u>		<u>(1,260,679)</u>
Net Assets			<u><u>387,548</u></u>		<u><u>399,911</u></u>
Capital and Reserves					
Called up share capital	10		100		100
Share premium account			733,684		733,684
Profit and loss account			<u>(346,236)</u>		<u>(333,873)</u>
Total Shareholders' Funds			<u><u>387,548</u></u>		<u><u>399,911</u></u>

The director considers that for the year ended 31st May 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under the provisions of Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006. No member or members have deposited a notice requesting an audit for the current financial year under Section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 386 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 393 and 394, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to the financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

No profit and loss account is presented in accordance with Section 444(5a) of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors on14th February..... 2019

.....Jonathan Beecher..... J. Beecher
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 10 form an integral part of these financial statements.

BEECHER ACOUSTICS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2018

1. Company information

Beecher Acoustics Limited ('the company') is a limited company incorporated in the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is:

1 Quarry High Street
Headington
Oxford OX3 8JT

The principal activity of the company is was that of repairing and selling musical instruments, together with the performance of musical concerts. The company also has a building development project ongoing.

These financial statements have been presented in sterling (£) as this is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates.

BEECHER ACOUSTICS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2018

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, in accordance with the accounting policies set out below, FRS 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland, and the Companies Act 2006.

Going concern

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The current economic conditions present increased risks for all businesses. In response to such conditions, the director has carefully considered these risks, including an assessment of uncertainty on future trading projections for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements, and the extent to which they might affect the preparation of the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The director considers that the going concern basis is appropriate to the presentation of the financial statements.

Revenue recognition

1. Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:-

- a. The company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- b. the company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- c. the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- d. it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company; and
- e. the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue is therefore recognised when the customer accepts delivery of the product and the product is installed.

2. Rendering of services

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be estimated reliably the company recognises revenue associated with the transaction by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period. The outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliably when all the following conditions are satisfied:-

- a. the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- b. it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity;
- c. the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- d. the costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

BEECHER ACOUSTICS LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2018

Revenue for support services is therefore recognised proportionally over the performance of the service contract.

3. Rental income

Operating lease income from investment properties is recognised in profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Taxation

Tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax currently payable, relating to UK corporation tax, is calculated on the basis of the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the reporting date. Transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, gives rise to a deferred tax liability or asset. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. The tax expense is recognised in the same component of comprehensive income or equity as the transaction or other event that resulted in the tax expense.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pounds Sterling using the exchange rate prevailing at the date the transactions took place. Where this is not possible to determine, income and expense items are translated using an average exchange rate for the period.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at that date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at the reporting date of monetary assets and liabilities are reported in profit and loss.

Stock and work in progress - music activities

Stock is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the first-in first-out method and consists of the purchase price, transport and handling costs and conversion costs less trade discounts and rebates. The costs of conversion include costs directly related to the units of production as well as an allocation of fixed and variable production overheads.

Stock and work in progress - development properties

Development properties are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of properties includes directly attributable costs incurred during the period of redevelopment. A property ceases to be treated as being under development at the date of practical completion.

No profit on long term developments is recognised until the development is substantially complete and profit is recognised only where the outcome of a project can be determined with reasonable certainty. Full provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as such losses are identified.

BEECHER ACOUSTICS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2018

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives at the following rates:

Freehold land and buildings (own use)	-Currently in construction, not yet depreciated
Plant and equipment	-10% reducing balance basis
Musical instruments	-Not depreciated, carried at director's appraisal of value
Motor vehicles	-25% reducing balance basis
Website	-33% reducing balance basis

Musical instruments, shown above, are reflected at the director's assessment of the fair value of the instruments.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated in the same way as owned assets.

At each balance sheet date the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If such an indication exists the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the asset the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the obligation will be required to be settled, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Provisions are discounted when the time value of money is material.

Recognition of property transactions

Transactions relating to the purchase or sale of a property are recognised in the accounting period, provided exchange of contract occurs before the reporting period end and legal completion occurs prior to board approval of the financial statements for the period in which the exchange occurred.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The company holds basic financial instruments, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables, and loans and borrowings. The company has chosen to apply the provisions of Section 11 Basic Financial Instruments in full.

BEECHER ACOUSTICS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2018

Financial assets - classified as basic financial instruments

i) Cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

ii) Trade and other receivables
Trade and other receivables that are receivable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash expected to be received, net of any impairment.

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is objective evidence that any receivable amount may be impaired. A provision for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised immediately in profit and loss.

iii) Trade and other payables and loans and borrowings
Trade and other payables that are payable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash expected to be paid.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In applying the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in determining the carrying amount of assets and liabilities. The estimates and assumptions are based on the best and most reliable evidence available at the time when the decisions are made, and are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be applicable.

Due to the inherent subjectivity involved in making such judgements, estimates and assumptions, the actual results and outcomes may differ.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

3. Employees

Number of employees

The average monthly numbers of employees
(including the director) during the year were:

<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>
<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>

BEECHER ACOUSTICS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2018

4. Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of certain senior employees. The scheme and its assets are held by independent managers. The pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the funds in respect of the year.

5. Tangible assets	<u>Land and buildings freehold</u>	<u>Plant and equipment</u>	<u>Musical instruments</u>	<u>Motor vehicles</u>	<u>Website</u>	<u>Total</u>
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation						
At 1st June 2017	1,374,425	2,501	225,000	100	3,840	1,605,866
At 31st May 2018	1,374,425	2,501	225,000	100	3,840	1,605,866
Depreciation						
At 1st June 2017	-	1,207	-	95	3,839	5,141
Charge for the year	-	130	-	1	-	131
At 31st May 2018	-	1,337	-	96	3,839	5,272
Net book value						
At 31st May 2018	1,374,425	1,164	225,000	4	1	1,600,594
At 31st May 2017	1,374,425	1,294	225,000	5	1	1,600,725

6. Fixed asset investments	<u>Subsidiary undertaking</u>	<u>Total</u>
	£	£
Cost		
At 1st June 2017	-	-
Additions	75	75
At 31st May 2018	75	75
Net book values		
At 31st May 2018	75	75
At 31st May 2017	-	-

BEECHER ACOUSTICS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2018

6.1. Holdings of 20% or more

The company holds 20% or more of the share capital of the following companies:

<u>Company</u>	<u>Country of registration or incorporation</u>	<u>Nature of business</u>	<u>Shares held class</u>	<u>Proportion of shares held</u>
Subsidiary undertaking				
Quarry Mews Limited	England & Wales	Property development	Ordinary £1	75%

7. Debtors

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
	<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>
Trade debtors	900	15
Prepayments and accrued income	36,236	23,720
Corporation tax	89	89
	<u>37,225</u>	<u>23,824</u>

8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
	<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>
Bank loans and overdraft	55,198	52,983
Trade creditors	860	3,539
Amounts owed to group undertaking	75	-
Other taxes and social security costs	1,589	4,365
Director's current accounts	90,839	65,637
Other creditors	165,538	152,483
Accruals and deferred income	14,371	10,896
	<u>328,470</u>	<u>289,903</u>

As security for the bank loans and overdraft, total value £1,310,315 at 31st May 2018, Barclays Bank plc have a fixed charge, in the bank's standard form, over the company's freehold property, including development work in progress. This charge is dated 30th March 2007. An element of the loans, shown as due in more than 5 years, and amounting to £995,000, is repayable according to a phased plan linked to the completion of the development project currently in progress. It is possible that repayments on this element may be effected prior to this date.

The director's current account is unsecured and non-interest bearing.

BEECHER ACOUSTICS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2018

9. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>2018</u> £	<u>2017</u> £
Bank loans	1,255,117	1,260,679
Loans		
Repayable between one and two years	19,768	19,768
Repayable between two and five years	62,804	62,804
Repayable in five years or more	1,172,545	1,178,107
	<u>1,255,117</u>	<u>1,260,679</u>

As security for the bank loans and overdraft, total value £1,313,662 at 31st May 2017, Barclays Bank plc have a fixed charge, in the bank's standard form, over the company's freehold property, including development work in progress. This charge is dated 30th March 2007. An element of the loans, shown as due in more than 5 years, and amounting to £995,000, is repayable according to a phased plan linked to the completion of the development project currently in progress. It is possible that repayments on this element may be effected prior to this date.

10. Share capital	<u>2018</u> £	<u>2017</u> £
Authorised		
100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
Issued and fully paid		
100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

11. Secured liabilities

As security for the bank loans and overdraft, total value £1,310,315 at 31st May 2018, Barclays Bank plc have a fixed charge, in the bank's standard form, over the company's freehold property, including development work in progress. This charge is dated 30th March 2007. An element of the loans, shown as due in more than 5 years, and amounting to £995,000, is repayable according to a phased plan linked to the completion of the development project currently in progress. It is possible that repayments on this element may be effected prior to this date.