P&O Ferries Division Holdings Limited Directors' Report and Financial Statements 31 December 2010

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The directors present their report and financial statements for P&O Fernes Division Holdings Limited and subsidiaries ("the Group") for the year ended 31 December 2010

Principal activities

The Group's principal activity during the year continued to be transportation via ferry and road transport services between Great Britain, Ireland and Continental Europe P&O Ferries Division Holdings Limited ("the Company") is a holding company

Business review and future developments

P&O Ferries Division Holdings Limited consists of two principal businesses the operation of ferry services between Great Britain, Ireland and Continental Europe (Ferries) and the provision of European transportation and logistics services (Ferrymasters)

Key Performance Indicators and Performance Review

Many of the markets in which we operate have seen little economic recovery through 2010, and the competitive conditions have intensified as operators have sought to maximise volumes in a flat market. Our strong position in our chosen markets, coupled with high levels of customer service and our focus on cost control have however enabled us to mitigate much of the effect of this economic downtum. Further, the business benefitted from disruption to air travel caused by the Icelandic volcanic eruption, adverse weather conditions and industrial disputes.

The following information is represented

	2010	2009
<u>Ferries</u>		
Freight Units Carried (million)	19	20
Tourist Vehicles Carried (million)	17	18
Total Passengers Carned (million)	94	9 2
<u>Ferrrymasters</u>		
Total Units Transported (million)	06	0.5

Turnover declined to £988m from £1,004m in 2009 Within Fernes, freight volumes fell 5.5% in the year whilst tourist volumes overall remained broadly in line with the prior year, with tourist vehicle volumes down 1.5% and total passenger volumes up 2.7% Pressure on rates and the closure of the Portsmouth-Bilbao service in September 2010 contributed to a reduction in revenues. Within Ferrymasters, volumes increased by 8% from the prior year, although this was offset by lower rates due to a volatile market environment.

Gross profit as a percentage of revenue improved by 0.2% to 10.6%, reflecting the net impact of the changes in fuel prices and the effects of management's ongoing focus on yield

The Group's operating profit for the year was £13 7m (2009 £8 7m) Operating profit before exceptional items was £23 7m (2009 £21 1m)

There were two exceptional charges to operating profit for the year a charge of £8 0m principally in respect of restructuring, which included the rationalisation of Ferries Head Office functions, restructuring of Ferrymasters operations and the closure of the Group's Portsmouth-Bilbao service (see current and future developments), and an impairment charge of £2 1m against capitalised computer software development costs. Prior year exceptional items totalled £12 4m (note 4)

EBITDA before exceptional items, as a percentage of revenue improved to 6 5% for the year ended 31 December 2010, compared to 5 6% for the previous year

Lower finance charges year on year include the effect of reduced foreign exchange losses. Foreign exchange gains comprise a credit of £1 3m (2009 credit of £3 5m) in respect of a gain on a Euro-denominated finance lease (see note 19 in the financial statements).

Profit after taxation increased to £11 1m (2009 £1 1m)

Current and future developments

Construction on the two new ferries for the Dover Calais service continues, and total payments to STX Europe (formerly Aker Yards) of £91 2m were made in the year. The first of the new vessels, Spirit of Britain, entered service in January 2011 and the second, Spirit of France, will enter service later in 2011.

Further to the announcement in January 2010, upon expiry of the charter for the Group's only vessel servicing the Portsmouth-Bilbao route, management decided not to renew the charter and to cease the service at the end of September 2010

During the year redundancy and reorganisation costs of £1 4m were incurred by Ferrymasters. The costs related to the decision to cease with a dedicated tractor unit fleet, resulting in the redundancy of all the directly employed tractor unit drivers.

During the fourth quarter of 2010, Fernes management implemented a rationalisation of back office functions, predominantly affecting the Head Office in Dover In excess of 60 positions were removed from the business with around 40 staff being made redundant. The second phase of this process will be announced later in 2011.

There remains considerable uncertainty surrounding the timing and speed of an economic recovery. In the Dover Calais market, Eurotunnel have been highly active, regaining market share lost as a result of the senious tunnel fire in 2008. Price competition remains intense in all markets. There has been some consolidation of operations in the Irish Sea as Stena Line acquired the Northern Irish portion of the former Norfolkline business from DFDS. The deal is subject to regulatory approval, but management continue to assess the potential implications. DFDS subsequently ceased their Central Irish operations early in 2011.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Financial Risk Management

The Group is exposed to a variety of financial risks that include fuel price risk, foreign exchange rate risk, credit risk and interest rate risk

Fuel Price Risk

The Group has highly predictable requirements for bunker fuels for its ferry fleet and fuel prices remain highly volatile Ferries' strategy is to buy hedges in layers. In addition, Ferries is able to mitigate some of the effect of rising fuel costs through the application of fuel surcharges.

Foreign Exchange Risk

The Group is exposed to exchange rate risk principally against the dollar for purchases of fuel and the payment of some vessel charters, and more generally against the Euro Exchange rate risk against the US dollar is mitigated via currency hedges. Ferries has both inflows and outflows of Euros and these generally balance. For specific transactions, for example payments for new ships, the Group will undertake hedges of Euros or other applicable currency if market conditions are believed to be favourable.

Credit Risk

Cash deposits and similar financial instruments give rise to credit risk. Management seeks to minimise this risk by ensuring the Group's counterparties are rated in accordance with its Counterparty Limits Policy, for example a minimum of an 'AA' rating is required for exposure in excess of £20m. Counterparty concentration is monitored.

Credit risk procedures on trade debtors vary from customer to customer. These procedures include activities such as credit checks, credit approval limits, debt insurance. There has been no significant change to the composition of trade debtors within the Group.

Interest Rate Risk

The Group is exposed to movements in interest rates on its cash balances and variable rate loans. Management seek to reduce volatility by fixing proportions of the variable rate loans.

Competition and market supply

The Group closely monitors competition in its markets, both from existing operators and potential new entrants. Capacity changes resulting from the deployment of new ships, or changes to schedules are assessed and appropriate actions taken in response. With relatively long lead times in the building of new ships or the development of port capacity, long term market demand and supply projections are undertaken and these are incorporated in to the design of the Group's new ships.

Macro Economic risk

The current economic environment continues to be challenging. The Directors consider that the Group has appropriate planning processes in place to address this future uncertainty and the Directors continue to monitor the trading outlook carefully and take appropriate mitigating action.

Pensions

The group may be exposed to additional liabilities with respect to its participation in defined benefit pension schemes Because of the Group's exposure to the industry wide Merchant Navy Officers Pension Fund, the Group has a relatively high proportion of deferred and current pensioners compared to its active membership. A decline in the equity market, improvements in life expectancy or decreases in real or nominal long term interest rates could require additional contributions in excess of those currently expected. The deficit in all schemes decreased from £93.5m to £91.7m during the year (see Note 30)

The current deficit funding plans were agreed on the basis of valuations carried out in 2006 to 2008, and discussions are ongoing with the Trustee of the Merchant Navy Officers Pension Fund regarding the deficit calculated at the March 2009 valuation. In addition to regular reporting under IAS19, the group regularly monitors the performance of the principal schemes.

Details of an ongoing legal challenge in respect of the group's ongoing participation in the Merchant Naval Ratings Pension Fund are given in Note 30

Going Concern

After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the business has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and accordingly the going concern basis continues to be adopted in the preparation of the financial statements

The Board continues to carefully manage the Group's funding and liquidity position and covenant compliance. The main sources of debt funding are external bank loans, a multi-currency credit facilities and overdraft facilities (note 18) and ship finance leases (note 19)

The Group's debt funding is subject to the following covenants, comprising the following ratios net debt to earnings before exceptional items, interest, tax, depreciation and amortization ('EBITDA'), EBITDA to interest payable, and secured borrowings to tangible fixed assets. All covenants, which are tested six monthly, were met during the year and as at the year end

On the basis of its forecasts, including covenant testing, the Board has concluded that the going concern basis of preparation continues to be appropriate. The Board's considerations have included consideration of future forecasts, adjusted for worse economic conditions, and mitigating actions and alternative financing measures available to the Group

Dividends

No dividends were paid during the year (2009 £nil) The directors do not propose a final dividend for the year (2009 £nil)

Directors and directors' interests

The following persons served as directors during the year and up to the date of this report

H Deeble

K Howarth

Y Narayan

J M K Theniyeh

R B Woods

No director had any interest in the share capital of the Company during the year or at the year end. No rights to subscribe for shares in or debentures of the Company or any other group company were granted to any of the Directors or their immediate families, or exercised by them, during the financial year.

Details in respect of directors' indemnification are given in note 6

Political and charitable donations

Neither the Group nor the Company made any political donations or incurred any political expenditure during the year (2009 £nil)

The Group made no chantable donations (2009 £1,938) during the year The Company made no chantable donations during the year (2009 £nil)

Employee involvement

The Group is committed to communication with all employees and has in place arrangements to facilitate periodic meetings with representatives of the staff. Matters of interest concerning the Group as a whole as well as those of a local interest are communicated in writing.

Various profit sharing schemes for Group employees are in operation

Employment of disabled persons

It is the Group's policy to give consideration to disabled people in selection for employment, training and career development opportunities, and to take action to facilitate the continuing employment of people who become disabled while on the Group's payroll. This policy is applied in a manner consistent with good business practice and the Group's regard for the health and safety of all employees and the community at large.

Policy and practice on payment to creditors

The Group does not follow any formal code or practice in respect of the payment of creditors. The Group's policy is to pay suppliers in accordance with terms and conditions agreed when the orders are placed. Where payment terms have not been specifically agreed, then invoices dated in one calendar month are paid close to the end of the following month. This approach is communicated and followed by the Group's purchasing and finance functions. The Group has procedures for dealing promptly with complaints and disputes.

The Company did not have any trade creditors at the year-end or at any time during the year. The Group's principal subsidiary undertakings had the following creditor days outstanding at year end. P&O Ferrymasters Limited had 44 days (2009. 40 days). P&O Ferries Limited (which operates the central purchase ledgers of the P&O Ferries Division Holdings Limited group) had 24 days (2009. 22 days).

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he/ she ought to have taken as a director to make himself/ herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

Auditors

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office

This report was approved by the board on 11 April 2011

K Howarth Director P&O Fernes Division Holdings Limited Channel House Channel View Road Dover Kent CT17 9TJ Registered number 6038090

P&O Ferries Division Holdings Limited Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the group and parent company financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and parent company and of their profit or loss for that period. In preparing each of the group and parent company financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and the parent company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the parent company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the parent company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

KPMG LLP

Independent Auditors' Report

to the shareholders of P&O Ferries Division Holdings Limited

We have audited the financial statements of P&O Ferries Division Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 set out on pages 7 to 33. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of the group's profit for the year then ended,
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- . we have not received all, the information and explanations we require for our audit

Peter G Read (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

i April 2011

15 Canada Square

LONDON

E14 5GL

P&O Ferries Division Holdings Limited Consolidated Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Notes	2010 £000	2009 £000
Turnover	2	988,398	1,004,257
Cost of sales		(884,109)	(900,022)
Gross profit		104,289	104,235
Administrative expenses		(90,637)	(95,514)
Operating profit	3	13,652	8,721
Analysed as			
Operating profit before exceptional items	•	23,726	21,084
Exceptional items	4	(10,074)	(12,363)
		13,652	8,721
(Loss)/profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets		(266)	4,953
Profit before interest and tax		13,386	13,674
Interest receivable and similar income	8	2,282	5,581
Interest payable and similar charges	9	(8,623)	(13,402)
Pension finance charge	30	(2,006)	(2,588)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		5,039	3,265
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	10	6,040	(2,167)
Profit for the financial year		11,079	1,098

The results stated above are all derived from continuing operations

The accounting policies and the notes on pages 12 to 33 form part of these financial statements

P&O Ferries Division Holdings Limited Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the year ended 31 December 2010

		For the year ended	For the year ended
	Notes	31 December 2010 £000	31 December 2009 £000
Profit for the financial year		11,079	1,098
Actuarial losses recognised in the pension schemes	30	(6,295)	(49,924)
Exchange losses		(131)	(327)
Deferred tax arising on actuarial losses in the pension schemes	20	(186)	724
Total recognised gains and losses related to the year		4,467	(48,429)

P&O Ferries Division Holdings Limited Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2010

	Notes		2010 £000		2009 £000
Fixed assets			2000		2000
Intangible assets	11		289,804		200.004
Tangible assets	12		•		289,804
langible assets	12	_	520,967 810,771	_	459,405 749,209
			010,771		149,209
Current assets					
Stocks	14	11,743		11,648	
Debtors	15	141,076		161,053	
Cash at bank and in hand		85,146		68,435	
	•	237,965		241,136	
		201,000		241,100	
Creditors amounts falling due within one	9				
year	16	(181,405)		(170,579)	
•		(, ,		(
Net current assets	•		56,560		70,557
Total assets less current liabilities		_	867,331	_	819,766
Creditors amounts falling due after more					
than one year	17		(238,588)		(188,184)
			(===,===,		(100)101,
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred taxation	20		(2,230)		(4,177)
Other provisions	21		(21,335)		(24,838)
·		_	(23,565)		(29,015)
			. ,		,
Pension liabilities	30		(91,690)		(93,546)
					, , ,
Net assets		_	513,488	_	509,021
		=		=	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	22		428,542		428,542
Share premium	23		107,135		107,135
Profit and loss account	24		(22,189)		(26,656)
			(1.00)		(20,000)
Shareholders' funds	25	-	513,488	_	509,021
	20	=	010,700	=	303,021

K Howarth Director

Approved by the board on 11 April 2011

The accounting policies and the notes on pages 12 to 33 form part of these financial statements

P&O Ferries Division Holdings Limited Company Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2010

	Notes		2010 £000		2009 £000
Fixed assets			2000		2000
Investments	13		192,649		180,119
Current assets					
Debtors	15	303,665		305,067	
Creditors amounts falling due within					
опе уеаг	16	(3,631)		(1,305)	
Net current assets			300,034		303,762
Total assets less current liabilities		_	492,683	_	483,881
Net assets		_	492,683	_	483,881
		_	492,003	_	403,001
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	22		428,542		428,542
Share premium	23		107,135		107,135
Profit and loss account	24		(42,994)		(51,796)
Shareholders' funds	25	_	492,683		483,881

K Howarth Director

Approved by the board on 11 April 2011

The accounting policies and the notes on pages 12 to 33 form part of these financial statements

P&O Ferries Division Holdings Limited Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 December 2010

Notes	2010 £000	2009 £000
Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities	2000	2000
Operating profit Depreciation charges Impairment of tangible fixed assets	13,652 41,011 2,106	8,721 35,597 6,190
Foreign exchange losses Decrease in pension liability	(549) (9,849)	(293) (11,211)
Increase in stocks	(95)	(858)
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(3,896)	34,612
Decrease in creditors and provisions	(4,281)	(29,698)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	38,099	43,060
CASH FLOW STATEMENT		
Net cash inflow from operating activities	38,099	43,060
Returns on investments and servicing of finance 26	(6,899)	(9,831)
Taxation	(431)	(625)
Capital expenditure and financial investments 26	(101,083)	(65,558)
	(70,314)	(32,954)
Financing 26	67,025	19,569
Cash outflow before management of liquid resources	(3,289)	(13,385)
Management of liquid resources 26	20,000	(20,000)
Increase/(decrease) in cash during the year	16,711	(33,385)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt		
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year	16,711	(33,385)
Increase in debt and lease financing	(67,025)	(19,569)
Foreign exchange on loans	1,269	3,499
Change in net debt 27	(49,045)	(49,455)
Net debt at 1 January	(114,482)	(65,027)
Net debt at 31 December	(163,527)	(114,482)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Group and Company financial statements

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Board continues to carefully manage the Group's funding and liquidity position. The main sources of debt funding are external bank loans, a multi-currency credit facility and overdraft facilities (note 18) and ship finance leases (note 19). Bank loans are being repaid in installments and none will be fully repaid within five years. The multi-currency credit facility is available until 2012.

The Group's debt funding is subject to the following covenants, comprising the following ratios net debt to earnings before exceptional items, interest, tax, depreciation and amortization ('EBITDA'), EBITDA to interest payable, and secured borrowings to tangible fixed assets. All covenants, which are tested six monthly, were met during the year and as at the year end

On the basis of its forecasts, including covenant testing, the Board has concluded that the going concern basis of preparation continues to be appropriate. The Board's considerations have included consideration of future forecasts, adjusted for significantly worse economic conditions and mitigating actions and alternative financing measures available to the Group

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings made up to 31 December 2010

The acquisition method of accounting has been adopted. Under this method, the results of subsidiary undertakings acquired or disposed of in the year are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal.

Under s408 of the Companies Act 2006 the Company is exempt from the requirement to present its own profit and loss account

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided to write down the cost or valuation of tangible fixed assets by equal annual instalments over their expected useful lives. The depreciation charge for ships is calculated after adjusting for the residual value based upon a percentage of the original cost. The periods applicable are -

Freehold buildings 10 to 50 years
Owned and leased ships 15 to 35 years
Plant, machinery, fixtures and fittings 2 to 40 years

Freehold land is not depreciated. Ships and other assets under construction are not depreciated until first brought into operation. Finance costs incurred during asset construction are not capitalised.

Provision for any impairment in the value of ships and other assets is made in the profit and loss account

Stocks

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value

Taxation

The ferry operations are within tonnage taxation regime and the taxation charge is based on the tonnage of the ships operated. Other operations taxation charge is based on the results for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Where applicable, deferred tax is recognised without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen and not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19. A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction or, if hedged forward, at the rate of exchange under the related forward currency contract. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the contracted rate or the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

Leases

Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. The capital elements of future obligations under leases are shown as liabilities in the balance sheet. The total finance charge is allocated to accounting periods to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the outstanding obligation during the lease term.

Operating lease rentals and charter hire costs are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease or charter

Pensions

Defined contribution schemes

The Group operates a number of defined contribution pension schemes. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

Defined benefit schemes

The Group operates and participates in pension schemes providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group. The principal schemes include the P&O UK Scheme operated by the Company and the Merchant Navy Officers Pension Fund ('MNOPF'), an industry scheme in which the Group's employees participate.

Defined benefit pension scheme assets are measured using market values. For quoted securities the current bid price is taken as market value. Pension scheme liabilities are measured using a projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liability. The measurement is undertaken by a qualified actuary.

The pension scheme surplus (to the extent that it is recoverable) or deficit is recognised in full. The movement in the scheme surplus/deficit is split between operating charges, finance items and, in the statement of total recognised gains and losses, actuarial gains and losses.

A further scheme is the Merchant Navy Ratings Pension Fund ('MNRPF') The Group was previously unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the MNRPF Scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis and has therefore, up to 31 December 2009, accounted for the MNRPF Scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. As of 1 January 2010, the Group is accounting for the MNRPF Scheme as a defined benefit scheme, as there is now sufficient information to be able to do so. (Further information in respect of the MNRPF and the Group's interest in this scheme is in Note 30)

Dry dock overhaul

Where the Group has a legal obligation arising under the terms of an operating lease, provision is made for vessel maintenance and dry dock overhauls. The provisions are calculated based on current factors including the lease term and latest yard costs. Costs incurred are charged against the provision.

Similar costs for owned or finance leased vessels are deferred as a component of the related tangible fixed asset and depreciated over their useful economic lives (typically over a period of 24 months or more to the next estimated overhaul) During the year, the Group has transferred these dry dock refit costs from prepayments to tangible fixed assets to better reflect this asset as a separate component of the related vessel. (Further information in this regard is given in Note 12)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Derivative financial Instruments

The Group uses various derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to foreign exchange risks and fuel price movements. Gains and losses on hedges of firm commitments or anticipated transactions are deferred and are recognised in the profit and loss account when the hedged transaction occurs

Goodwill

Purchased goodwill (representing the excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of separable net assets acquired) arising on consolidation in respect of acquisitions is capitalised. Goodwill is considered to have an indefinite useful life as the P&O brand has over 150 years of positive usage, so it is not amortised but is annually tested for impairment which is written off through the profit and loss account.

This is not in accordance with the Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 which requires that all goodwill be amortised. The directors consider that this would fail to give a true and fair view of the profit for the year and that the economic measure of performance in any period is properly made by reference only to any impairment that may have arisen. It is not practicable to quantify the effects on the financial statements of this departure.

Investments

In the Company's financial statements, investments in subsidiary undertakings, associates and joint ventures are stated at cost less amounts written off

Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts derived from the provision of goods and services to third party customers from the operation of ferry and road transport services between Great Britain, Ireland and Continental Europe

Turnover excludes VAT and other sales taxes and is measured at the fair value of the consideration receivable, net of discounts

Revenue from tourist and freight ferry traffic (including on-board sales) is recognised on departure of the relevant sailing Road transport revenue is recognised at the point of delivery of the load

2 Segmental information

Turnover, profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation and net assets for each of the Groups industry segments are split out below. All activities are primarily derived within Europe

Analysis by activity	2010 £000	2009 £000
Turnover		
Ferry Service total	591,371	625,947
Ferry Service inter-segment	(28,064)	(32,000)
Ferry Service sales to third parties	563,307	593,947
Ferrymasters transport and freight management	425,091	410,310
	988,398	1,004,257
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		
Ferry Service	6,314	4,162
Ferrymasters transport and freight management	(1,275)	(897)
	5,039	3,265
Net assets		
Ferry Service	532,120	541,909
Ferrymasters transport and freight management	(18,632)	(32,888)
	513,488	509,021

3 Operating profit before exceptional items	2010 £000	2009 £000
This is stated after charging	2000	2000
Depreciation of owned fixed assets Depreciation of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts Ships' charter hire payments Operating lease rentals - plant and machinery Exchange losses	37,022 3,989 35,793 13,076 202	32,334 3,263 43,546 14,349 20
Auditors' remuneration Audit of the financial statements of the group Other services - including taxation and pensions	492 33	545 36
In 2010 and 2009, auditors' remuneration in respect of the Company was borne by a sub- relating to the Company was as follows	osidiary undertaking	The audit fee
	2010 £000	2009 £000
Fees for the audit of the Company		10
4 Exceptional items	2010 £000	2009 £000
Impairment of tangible fixed assets (Note 12) Restructuring costs	(2,106) (7,968) (10,074)	(6,190) (6,173) (12,363)
Restructuring costs incurred in the year relate to the rationalisation of Ferries' head Ferrymasters operations and the closure of the Group's Portsmouth-Bilbao service. In restructuring of the Group's North Sea operations.		
5 Directors' remuneration	2010 £000	2009 £000
Directors' remuneration Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	449 91 540	446 90 536
Highest paid director Remuneration Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	274 28 302	273 28 301
Highest paid director		
Accrued retirement benefits from defined benefit pension schemes	41	40
Number of directors in company pension schemes	2010 Number	2009 Number
Money purchase schemes Defined benefit schemes	1 1	1 1

6 Directors indemnification

Relevant personnel at P&O Ferries Division Holdings Limited are covered by the Directors and Officers liability Insurance arranged by Port and Free Zone World with Chubb Insurance and others. The main limit is US\$100,000,000 which applies to either a single claim or to cap the total claims submitted within an insured period.

Mages and salanes	7	Staff costs	2010	2009
Social security costs			£000	£000
Other pension costs 8,126 10,952 Average number of employees during the year Number Number Seafaring Shore-based 2,045 2,190 Shore-based 2,2212 2,425 4,257 4,615 8 Interest receivable and similar income 2010 2009 interest on bank deposits 803 1,680 Interest on bank deposits 803 1,680 Interest on bank deposits 210 402 Foreign exchange gains 210 402 Foreign exchange gains 210 402 9 Interest payable and similar charges 2010 2009 Interest charges 2010 2009 Endown £000 £000 Interest charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,656 Other interest charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Foreign exchange losses 314 1,489 Finance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,000 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>130,648</td> <td>135,865</td>			130,648	135,865
Average number of employees during the year Number Number		Social security costs	11,264	13,306
Number Number Seafaring 2,045 2,190		Other pension costs	8,126	10,952
Seafaring 2,045 2,190 2,212 2,425 4,257 4,615 4,257 4,615 4,257 4,615 4,257 4,615 4,257 4,615 4,257 4,615 4,257 4,615 4,257 4,615 4,257 4,615 4,257 4,615 4,257 4,615 4,200 5,000 5,000 5,000 6,000			150,038	160,123
Shore-based 2,212 2,425 4,257 4,615 4,257 4,615 8 Interest receivable and similar income 2010 2009 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10		Average number of employees during the year	Number	Number
Shore-based 2,212 2,425 4,257 4,615 4,257 4,615 8 Interest receivable and similar income 2010 2009 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10		Seafaring	2.045	2.190
8 Interest receivable and similar income 2010 £000 £000 Interest on bank deposits 803 1,680 £100 Interest on balances due from related parties 210 402 Foreign exchange gains 1,269 3,499 £2,282 5,581 9 Interest payable and similar charges 2010 £000 £000 Interest on bank loans and overdrafts 5,766 £4,656 £000 Other interest charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,14 £2,282				,
Interest on bank deposits 803 1,680 Interest on balances due from related parties 210 402 Foreign exchange gains 1,269 3,499 Interest payable and similar charges 2010 2009 Interest payable and similar charges 2010 2009 Interest on bank loans and overdrafts 5,766 4,656 Other interest charges 314 1,489 Finance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Foreign exchange losses 397 4,381 Foreign exchange losses 397 4,381 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Foreign exchange losses 397 4,381 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,086 3,383 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,086 3,383 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,086 3,383 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,086 3,383 Restaurance				
Interest on bank deposits 803 1,680 Interest on balances due from related parties 210 402 Foreign exchange gains 1,269 3,499 Interest payable and similar charges 2010 2009 Interest payable and similar charges 2010 2009 Interest on bank loans and overdrafts 5,766 4,656 Other interest charges 314 1,489 Finance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Foreign exchange losses 397 4,381 Foreign exchange losses 397 4,381 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Foreign exchange losses 397 4,381 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,086 3,383 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,086 3,383 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,086 3,383 Restaurance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,086 3,383 Restaurance				
Interest on bank deposits 803 1,680 Interest on balances due from related parties 210 402 Foreign exchange gains 1,269 3,499 2,282 5,581 Interest payable and similar charges 2010 2009 Except	8	Interest receivable and similar income	2010	2009
Interest on balances due from related parties 210 402 7,269 3,499 1,269 2,282 5,581 2,282 5,581 2,282 5,581 2,282 5,581 2,282 5,581 2,282 5,581 2,282 5,581 2,282 5,581 2,282 5,581 2,282 5,581 2,282			£000	000£
Promise		Interest on bank deposits	803	1,680
Part		Interest on balances due from related parties	210	402
9 Interest payable and similar charges 2010 2009 £000 £000 Interest on bank loans and overdrafts 5,766 4,656 Other interest charges 314 1,489 Finance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Foreign exchange losses 397 4,381 8,623 13,402 10 Taxation 2010 2009 £000 Analysis of (credit)/charge in year Current tax UK corporation tax on profits of the year 2,086 3,383 UK tonnage tax 151 172 Overseas tax 357 338 Adjustments in respect of previous years (6,687) (1,892) Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) (977) (1,240) Adjustment in respect of previous years (970) 1,406		Foreign exchange gains	1,269	
Record R			2,282	5,581
Record R	0	Interest revelle and produce aboves	0040	2000
Other interest charges 314 1,489 Finance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Foreign exchange losses 397 4,381 8,623 13,402 10 Taxation 2010 2009 Analysis of (credit)/charge in year 2000 £000 Current tax UK corporation tax on profits of the year 2,086 3,383 UK tonnage tax 151 172 Overseas tax 357 338 Adjustments in respect of previous years (6,687) (1,892) Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) (977) (1,240) Adjustment in respect of previous years (970) 1,406	9	interest payable and similar charges		
Other interest charges 314 1,489 Finance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 Foreign exchange losses 397 4,381 8,623 13,402 10 Taxation 2010 2009 Analysis of (credit)/charge in year 2000 £000 Current tax UK corporation tax on profits of the year 2,086 3,383 UK tonnage tax 151 172 Overseas tax 357 338 Adjustments in respect of previous years (6,687) (1,892) Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) (977) (1,240) Adjustment in respect of previous years (970) 1,406		Interest on bank loans and overdrafts	5.766	4.656
Finance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 2,146 2,876 397 4,381 8,623 13,402				
Foreign exchange losses 397 4,381 8,623 13,402 10 Taxation 2010 2009 £000 £000 Analysis of (credit)/charge in year Current tax UK corporation tax on profits of the year 2,086 3,383 UK tonnage tax 151 172 Overseas tax 357 338 Adjustments in respect of previous years (6,687) (1,892) Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) Adjustment in respect of previous years (977) (1,240) Adjustment in respect of previous years (970) 1,406				
10 Taxation 2010 2009 £000		Foreign exchange losses	•	•
Analysis of (credit)/charge in year Current tax UK corporation tax on profits of the year Overseas tax Adjustments in respect of previous years Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) Adjustment in respect of previous years £000 £000 £000 £000 3,383 3,383 UK tonnage tax 151 172 0verseas tax 357 338 (6,687) (1,892) (4,093) 2,001 Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) Adjustment in respect of previous years (977) 1,240) Adjustment in respect of previous years			8,623	
Analysis of (credit)/charge in year Current tax UK corporation tax on profits of the year Overseas tax Adjustments in respect of previous years Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) Adjustment in respect of previous years £000 £000 £000 £000 3,383 3,383 UK tonnage tax 151 172 0verseas tax 357 338 (6,687) (1,892) (4,093) 2,001 Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) Adjustment in respect of previous years (977) 1,240) Adjustment in respect of previous years				
Analysis of (credit)/charge in year Current tax UK corporation tax on profits of the year UK tonnage tax Overseas tax Adjustments in respect of previous years Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) Adjustment in respect of previous years (977) (1,240) Adjustment in respect of previous years (977) (1,240)	10	Taxation		
Current tax UK corporation tax on profits of the year 2,086 3,383 UK tonnage tax 151 172 Overseas tax 357 338 Adjustments in respect of previous years (6,687) (1,892) Deferred tax (7) (2,001) Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) (977) (1,240) Adjustment in respect of previous years (970) 1,406			£000	£000
UK tonnage tax 151 172 Overseas tax 357 338 Adjustments in respect of previous years (6,687) (1,892) Veget red tax (1,240) Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) (977) (1,240) Adjustment in respect of previous years (970) 1,406				
UK tonnage tax 151 172 Overseas tax 357 338 Adjustments in respect of previous years (6,687) (1,892) Veget red tax (1,240) Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) (977) (1,240) Adjustment in respect of previous years (970) 1,406		UK corporation tax on profits of the year	2.086	3.383
Adjustments in respect of previous years (6,687) (1,392) (4,093) 2,001 Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) (977) (1,240) Adjustment in respect of previous years (970) 1,406			•	
Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) Adjustment in respect of previous years (4,093) 2,001 (1,240) (977) (1,240) (970) (1,406)		Overseas tax	357	338
Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) Adjustment in respect of previous years (4,093) 2,001 (1,240) (1,240) (1,240) (1,093)		Adjustments in respect of previous years	(6,687)	
Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) (977) (1,240) Adjustment in respect of previous years (970) 1,406			(4,093)	
Origination and reversal of timing differences (Note 20) (977) (1,240) Adjustment in respect of previous years (970) 1,406		Deferred tax		
Adjustment in respect of previous years (970)1,406			(977)	(1.240)
		Adjustment in respect of previous years		
Tax on profit on ordinary activities (6,040) 2,167		Tax on profit on ordinary activities	(6,040)	2,167

10 Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting tax (credit)/charge for the year

The current tax credit for the year is lower (2009 charge higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (28%) The differences are explained below

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	5,039	3,265
Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	28 0%	28 0%
	£000	£000
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax	1,411	914
Effects of		
Tonnage tax	(210)	1,162
Overseas taxes	357	338
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	59	59
Timing differences	977	1,420
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(6,687)	(1,892)
Current tax (credit)/charge for the year	(4,093)	2,001

Most of the Group's activities are qualifying activities for the purpose of the UK tonnage tax regime and the Group pays corporation tax on these activities by reference to the tonnage of the ships owned or operated. For its road transportation business and certain other non-qualifying activities the Group pays corporation tax at 28% (2009—28%) of the profits earned by these activities.

The current tax adjustment in respect of prior years principally arises from the final agreement by the Group of prior year tax liabilities, owing for UK tax loss group relief. These group relief liabilities, owed to fellow group undertakings, were in respect of prior year taxable profits which were not included within the Group's tonnage tax regime election.

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The future tax charge is expected to be significantly lower than the UK statutory rate of corporation tax of 26% (with effect from 1 April 2011) as a result of the majority of the Group's UK profits qualifying for the UK tonnage tax regime

There are no unprovided deferred tax liabilities or unrecognised deferred tax assets

11	Intangible fixed assets Goodwill	2010 £000
	Cost and net book value At 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010	289,804_

The intangible fixed assets represent goodwill, being the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets at the purchase date of 30 March 2007. Fair value was determined by professional valuation for ships, and director's valuation for other assets and liabilities. The goodwill is considered to have an indefinite useful life as the P&O brand has over 150 years of positive usage. The Group has a licence agreement with the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company for the royalty free use of the P&O name and logo for worldwide ferry and road transport activities, subject to certain restrictions, including change of ownership.

Accordingly, the goodwill is not amortised, but is annually tested for impairment and has resulted in no impairment charge for the year (2009 £nil) being applied against the goodwill

12 Tangible fixed assets

Group	Owned and leased ships £000	Land and buildings £000	Other equipment £000	Assets under construction £000	Total £000
Cost					
At 1 January 2010	375,904	11,673	35,066	133,896	556,539
Additions	4,507	184	3,000	96,019	103,710
Disposals	(8,273)	(334)	(9,689)	-	(18,296)
Transfers	8,381	-	4,093	(4,093)	8,381
Foreign exchange		(6)	(40)	<u>-</u>	(46)
At 31 December 2010	380,519	11,517	32,430	225,822	650,288
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2010	84,722	1,350	11,062	-	97,134
Charge for the year	33,394	1,270	6,347	-	41,011
Impairment of assets	-	-	2,106	-	2,106
On disposals	(8,273)	(269)	(6,861)	-	(15,403)
Transfers	4,508	-	-	-	4,508
Foreign exchange		(4)	(31)		(35)
At 31 December 2010	<u>114,351</u>	2,347	12,623		129,321
Net book value					
At 31 December 2010	266,168	9,170	19,807	225,822	520,967
At 31 December 2009	291,182	10,323	24,004	133,896	459,405

The impairment charge in the current year relates to project costs incurred during the development of computer systems, whereby the future economic benefits are expected to be lower than the costs of delivery

Dry dock refit costs for owned or finance leased ships are depreciated over their useful economic life from date of expenditure to the estimated next vessel overhaul. During the year, the Group has transferred these dry dock refit costs from prepayments to tangible fixed assets to better reflect this asset as a separate component of the related vessel. The transfer to tangible fixed assets at 1 January 2010 resulted in an increase in net book value of £3 9m, as shown in the table. Based on the materiality of this change in accounting presentation, comparative financial information has not been restated.

Included in the total net book value of owned and leased ships is £58 0m (2009 £64 5m) in respect of assets held under finance leases. Depreciation for the period on these assets was £4 0m (2009 £3 3m)

Other equipment comprises plant, machinery, computer hardware and software and other fixtures and fittings

Assets under construction comprise two new build ships and computer systems under development

The net book value of land and buildings comprises		
Group	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Freehold	8,541	9,296
Long leasehold	-	-
Short leasehold	629	1,027
	9,170	10,323

13 Investments

	Company shares in	Loans to	
Company	group undertakings £000	subsidiary undertakıngs £000	Total £000
Cost and net book value	2000	2000	2000
At 1 January 2010	22,593	157,526	180,119
Additions	12,530_		12,530
At 31 December 2010	35,123	157,526	192,649

On 29 December 2010 a loan of £12 53m to a subsidiary, P&O Ferrymasters Limited, was capitalised, resulting in the Company acquiring 12,530,000 of the subsidiary's £1 ordinary shares

Company shares in group undertakings Investments include the following subsidiaries

	Country of	Principal		Share
	incorporation	Activity	%	Class
P&O Ferries Holdings Limited *	Great Britain	Holding company	100%	Ordinary
P&O Ship Management Holdings (Jersey) Limited	Jersey	Holding company	100%	Ordinary
P&O Ferrymasters Holdings Limited *	Great Britain	Holding company	100%	Ordinary
P&O Ferries Limited	Great Britain	Ferry Services	100%	Ordinary
P&O Short Sea Ferries Limited	Great Britain	Holding company	100%	Ordinary
Larne Harbour Limited *	Northern Ireland	Harbour operator	100%	Ordinary
P&O Ferries Ship Management Limited	Great Britain	Ship Management	100%	Ordinary
P&O European Ferries (Portsmouth) Limited	Great Britain	Ferry Services	100%	Ordinary
P&O European Ferries (Vizcaya) SA	Spain	Terminal Operator	100%	Ordinary
P&O European Ferries (Irish Sea) Limited	Great Britain	Ferry Services	100%	Ordinary
P&O North Sea Ferries Limited	Great Britain	Ferry Services	100%	Ordinary
P&O North Sea Ferries BV	Netherlands	Ferry Services	100%	Ordinary
P&O Ferrymasters Limited	Northern Ireland	International	100%	Ordinary
		unit loads		•
Norbay (UK) Limited	Great Britain	Leasing	100%	Ordinary
Port of Cairnryan Limited	Great Britain	Harbour operator	100%	Ordinary

^{*} directly owned

14	Stocks			2010	2009 £000
				£000	£000
	Raw materials and consumables			4,915	4,649
	Finished goods and goods for resale			6,828	6,999
			_	11,743	11,648
			_		
15	Debtors	2010	2010	2009	2009
13	Deniors	£000	£000	£000	£000
		Group	Company	Group	Company
		Огоар	Company	Group	Company
	Trade debtors	107,368	-	112,286	-
	Amounts owed by subsidiaries	-	303,665	-	305,067
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	749	-	-	-
	Amounts owed by parent company	422	-	20,000	-
	Other debtors	5,570	-	5,358	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	26,967_	<u></u>	23,409	<u>-</u>
		141,076	<u>303,665</u>	161,053	305,067
				·	
16	Creditors amounts falling due within one year				
	Trouters amounts laining due triaini one year	2010	2010	2009	2009
		£000	£000	£000	£000
		Group	Company	Group	Company
		•		- -	,
	Bank loans	12,684	•	1,446	-
	Obligations under finance lease and hire				
	purchase contracts	4,760	-	4,609	-
	Trade creditors	90,724	-	89,581	-
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	2,502	-
	Amounts owed to subsidiaries	4.000	3,023	-	697
	Corporation tax payable Other taxes and social security costs	4,632	608	6,201	608
	Other creditors	13,278 7,497	-	13,168 6,472	-
	Accruals and deferred income	47,830	-	46,600	-
	, and all adjoined moonie	181,405	3,631	170,579	1,305
	:		3,031	170,379	1,303
	Bank loans of £186 4m (2009 £114 8m) , included other assets	ın Notes 16 and 17	, are secured on c	ertain of the Grou	ip's ships and
17	Creditors amounts falling due after one year				
		2010	2010	2009	2009
		£000	£000	£000	£000
		Group	Company	Group	Company
	Bank loans	173,680	-	113,338	-
	Obligations under finance lease and hire	E7 P40		00 504	
	purchase contracts Other creditors	57,549 7.250	•	63,524	-
	Cities distilluis	7,359	_ _	11,322	
		238,588	 -	188,184	

Bank loans and finance leases for which there are amounts repayable in more than five years are detailed in notes 18 and 19 respectively

18 Bank loans

The Group has three loans which finally mature after five years

Repayment basis of loans over five years	2010 £000	2010 £000	2009 £000	2009 £000
	Due in less	Due in more	Due in less	Due in more
	than 1 year	than one year	than 1 year	than one year
Amounts payable				
Quarterly until 2015	1,531	15,022	1,446	16,554
Quarterly for 12 years *	8,155	89,710	-	74,345
Half yearly for 12 years *	2,998	68,948		22,440
	12,684	173,680	1,446	113,339

^{*} There is a total facility for the ships in construction of Euros 284m of which £170m has been drawn. Both loans will increase as various stages of construction are reached, and repayments only begin after the ship is launched, which is expected to be within 12 months of the balance sheet date for both ships. The first ship, Spirit of Britain, was delivered in early 2011.

Bank loans include £186 4m of loans that will not be fully repaid within 5 years. These loans are subject to interest rates ranging from 1.36 - 5.89% as at 31 December 2010.

The Group had in place multi-currency credit facilities with various banks of £30 million which are available until May 2012, and overdraft facilities of £14 5m. As at 31 December 2010 none of the multi-currency credit facility was being utilised

Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase 2010 2010 2009 2009 contracts £000 £000 £000 £000 Group Company Group Company Amounts payable 4,760 4,609 Within one year 20,861 Within two to five years 21,483 After five years 36,066 42,663 62,309 68,133

Finance leases include £36 1m (2009 £42 7m) of leases that will not be fully repaid within 5 years. These leases are subject to interest rates ranging from 0.7% to 4.7% as at 31 December 2010.

Finance lease liabilities include an amount of €44 4m relating to a finance lease to purchase the European Endeavour A change in the GBP Euro exchange rate has resulted in the liability reducing by £1.3 million (2009 reduction of £3.5 million), which has been credited to the profit and loss account within foreign exchange gains (Note 8)

Repayment basis of finance leases over 5 years	2010	2009
,	£000	000£
Quarterly until 2017	24,183	26,135
Annually until 2021	38,126	41,998
	62,309	68,133

20 Deferred taxation

Group	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Provision/ (asset)		
Other timing differences	2,230	4,177
Pension deficit payments	(1,216)	(1,402 <u>)</u>
	1,014	2,775_
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
At 1 January	2,775	3,333
Deferred tax (credit)/charge in profit and loss account (Refer to Note 10)	(1,947)	166
Deferred tax charge/(credit) in statement of total recognised gains and losses	186	(724)
At 31 December	1,014	2,775
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
	EUUU	£000
Provisions for liabilities	2,230	4,177
Pension liabilities (Refer note 30)	(1,216)	(1,402)
	1,014	2,775_
		

The operational ferry companies elected to enter the UK tonnage tax regime in 2001 & 2002, which eliminated future potential tax liabilities on most of their activities' profits. The Group's Dutch operations also fall within Dutch tonnage tax. The tonnage tax regime includes provision whereby a proportion of capital allowances previously claimed by the company may be subject to tax in the event that a significant number of ships were sold and not replaced. This contingent liability decreases to nil over the first seven years following entry to the regime. The contingent liability at 31 December 2010 was £nil (2009 £nil) assuming such disposal occurred at book value.

Company

The Company has no deferred tax assets/liabilities

21 Provisions for liabilities

	Back-dated rates £000	Ship reinstate- ments £000	Re - organisation £000	Legal costs £000	Total £000
At 1 January 2010	4,617	4,585	4,184	11,452	24,838
Charged during the year	-	· •	5,123	434	5,557
Utilised during the year	(517)	(974)	(7,426)	(143)	(9,060)
Reclassified during the year			602	(602)	
At 31 December 2010	4,100	3,611	2,483	11,141	21,335

Historically rates have been charged and paid to the local councils by the port authorities directly. However, in 2008, rates demands were received for the period from April 2005 to present for the Group to make a payment directly. This is being disputed with the Government, but a provision has been made for the portion that relates to prior years.

The ship reinstatement provision relates to reinstatement of charter ships at the end of their contract

The reorganisation provision includes restructuring and redundancy costs and the company's obligations to pay costs under contracts for properties returned to lessor. The expectation is that most of these costs will be paid in 2011.

The legal provision relates to disputed vehicle transit costs, contractual employee rights and potential duty fines

22	Share capital	2010 No	2009 No	2010 £000	2009 £000
	Authorised				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	750,000,000	750,000,000	750,000	750,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid Ordinary shares of £1 each	428,542,000	428,542,000	428,542	428,542
23	Share premium Group and Company				2010 £000
	At 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010			-	107,135
24	Profit and loss account			2010	2009
	Group			£000	£000
	At 1 January			(26,656)	21,773
	Profit for the financial year			11,079	1,098
	Actuarial losses recognised in the pension schemes Exchange losses	i		(6,295) (131)	(49,924) (327)
	Deferred tax arising on actuarial losses in the pension	on schemes		(186)	724
	At 31 December			(22,189)	(26,656)
	A -11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11				
	Company At 1 January			(51,796)	5,620
	Profit/(loss) for the financial year			8,802	(57,416)
	At 31 December			(42,994)	(51,796)
25	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' fun	ıds		2010	2009
	Group			£000	£000
	At 1 January			509,021	557,450
	Profit for the financial year			11,079	1 098
	Actuarial losses recognised in the pension schemes	;		(6,295)	(49,924)
	Exchange losses	_		(131)	(327)
	Deferred tax arising on actuarial losses in the pension	on scnemes		(186)	724
	At 31 December			513,488	509,021
	Company				
	At 1 January			483,881	541,297
	Profit/(loss) for the financial year			8,802	(57,416)
	At 31 December			492,683	483,881

26	Gross cash flows	2010	2009
		£000	£000
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance		
	Interest received	1,013	2,082
	Interest paid	(5,766)	(9,037)
	Interest element of finance lease rental payments	(2,146)	(2,876)
		(6,899)	(9,831)
	Capital expenditure and financial investments		
	Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	(103,710)	(70,362)
	Payments to acquire investments	• • • • • •	(1,064)
	Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets	2,627	5,701
	Cash acquired with subsidiaries	•	167
		(101,083)	(65,558)
	Financing		
	New loans raised	73,027	51,391
	Loan repayments	(1,447)	(27,363)
	Capital element of finance lease rental payments	(4,555)	(4,459)
		67,025	19,569
	Management of liquid resources		
	Amount received from/(deposited) with the Group's intermediate parent	20,000	(20,000)
	The state of the s	20,000	(20,000)
			(20,000)

Liquid resources represents a deposit made in the previous year with Ports and Free Zone World via an interest bearing credit facility which is repayable on demand. The deposit was repaid in the current year.

27 Analysis of changes in net debt

,	At 1 Jan 2010	Cash flows	Non-cash changes	At 31 Dec 2010
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cash at bank and in hand Overdrafts	68,435	16,711	-	85,146
Overdrans	68,435	16,711		85,146
Debt due within 1 year	(1,446)	1,447	(12,685)	(12,684)
Debt due after 1 year	(113,338)	(73,027)	12,685	(173,680)
Finance leases	(68,133)	4,555	1,269	(62,309)
	(182,917)	(67,025)	1,269	(248,673)
Net debt	(114,482)	(50,314)	1,269	(163,527)

28 Capital commitments

Capital commitments at the end of the financial year, for which no provision has been made, are as follows

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Contracted		
Ships	92,442	189,064
Other	71	_ 7 77
	92,513	189,841

29 Other financial commitments

At the year end the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

	Land and		Land and	
	buildings	Other	buildings	Other
	2010	2010	2009	2009
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Operating leases which expire				
within one year	512	6,156	299	14,194
within two to five years	2,226	23,991	2,226	20,776
in over five years	4,174	7,928	4,140	8,300
	6,912	38,075	6,665	43,270

As at the end of the financial year, the Group had commitments to purchase fuel and to purchase currency as follows

Fuel - Purchase 27% of the expected usage in 2011 for \$39.6 million, USD - Purchase \$51.2 million in 2011 and \$2.8 million in 2012 for £33.5 million

EUR - Purchase €79 2million in 2011 for £67 3 million

Comparative figures as at 31 December 2009 were as follows

Fuel - Purchase 46% of the expected usage in 2010 for \$50 4 million,

USD - Purchase \$38 4 million in 2010 and \$7 0 million in 2011 to 2012 for £26 1 million

EUR - Sell €40 2 million in 2010 and €7 2 million in 2011, for £42 5 million

30 Pension schemes

The Group participates in three company sponsored funded defined benefit pension scheme. The principal scheme, The P&O Ferries Division 2008 Pension Scheme (the "P&O Ferries UK Scheme") is closed to new members. The assets of the scheme are managed on behalf of the trustee by independent fund managers. The two smaller schemes are the P&O Irish Pension Scheme, also closed to new members, and the P&O North Sea Ferries (Netherlands) Scheme, which remains open

The Group also participates in the Merchant Navy Officers' Pension Fund (the" MNOPF Scheme"), and the Merchant Navy Ratings' Pension Fund (the "MNRPF Scheme") industry wide schemes

The Group has, until the current year, accounted for its remaining (non-UK) participation in the MNRPF Scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme as the Group could not identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities on a consistent and reasonable basis. The Group has now been able to identify its share of these assets and liabilities, and is therefore now accounting for the MNRPF Scheme as a defined benefit scheme. In accordance with FRS 17, this change has been recorded as a current year actuarial movement through the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses.

The Group's UK companies are no longer current employers of members of the MNRPF and, having settled their statutory debt obligation a number of years ago, were not considered to have any legal obligation with respect to the ongoing deficit in the fund. This position has, however, been challenged by Stena Line Limited in the High Court. Judgment was handed down in this case on 27 July 2010, with the judgment going against the Company. Leave to appeal was granted and the appeal was heard on 28 March 2011. Judgment is not expected to be handed down before June 2011. After consideration of legal advice, the directors consider that it continues to be appropriate not to recognise a share of the ongoing scheme deficit and consequently no provision has been made. The value of any potential future scheme contributions to be paid by the Group, should the litigation ultimately be unsuccessful, is not able to be quantified at this stage.

On 8 July 2010, the UK Government announced its intention to after the basis for calculating statutory pension increases in future from the Retail Price index (RPI) to the Consumer Price Index (CPI). This change does not automatically affect all UK pension schemes and affects only those schemes which require pensions to be increased in line with statutory provisions, and not those whose rules that refer explicitly to RPI. In respect of the Group's pensions schemes, the impact of change from RPI to CPI is a reduction of £4.7m and £1.4m in the benefit obligations of MNOPF and MNRPF respectively, giving a total reduction of around £6.1m accounted for as actuarial gains through reserves. The impact on P&O Ferries scheme is deemed to be negligible as the scheme is predominantly active members with very little benefits linked to CPI. As the P&O Ferries North Sea and P&O Ferries Irish Sea pensions schemes are non-UK schemes, they are unaffected by this change.

The Group also makes contributions to various company defined contribution schemes and various industry defined contribution schemes which have assets in separate administered funds. The charge in the Group accounts for these schemes in 2010 was £2.7m (2009 £3.8m)

The Group expects to contribute approximately £15 9m to its defined benefit plans in the next financial year

The Company did not participate in any pension scheme during the current or prior years

All schemes

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Present value of funded defined benefit obligations	(567,247)	(487,598)
Fair value of plan assets	479,391	394,262
Surplus not recognised	(5,050)	(1,612)
Deferred tax asset	1,216	1,402
Deficit	(91,690)	(93,546)

30 Pension schemes (continued)

Movements in present value of defined benefit obligation

Movements in present value of defined	benefit obligati P&O	on			
	Ferries UK	MNOPF	MNRPF	Other	
	Scheme	Scheme	Scheme *	schemes	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 January 2009	76,210	292.844	-	35.989	405,043
Current service cost	2,478	1,098	=	617	4,193
Interest cost	4,740	17,700	_	1,983	24,423
Experience losses/(gains)	260	-	-	(1,635)	(1,375)
Changes in assumptions	24.860	47,801	-	2,106	74,767
Contributions by members	980	600	_	141	1,721
Benefits paid	(2,230)	(15,800)	-	(447)	(18,477)
Exchange adjustments	`	-	•	(2,697)	(2,697)
At 31 December 2009	107,298	344,243		36,057	487,598
Current service cost	3,358	1,500	-	557	5,415
Interest cost	6,030	18,800	2,100	1,953	28,883
Experience losses/(gains)	490	20,701	(800)	(1,871)	18,520
Changes in assumptions	(3,040)	16,599	38,400	(1,504)	50,455
Contributions by members	920	600	-	155	1,675
Benefits paid	(3,470)	(18,400)	(1,600)	(714)	(24,184)
Exchange adjustments	-	-	-	(1,115)	(1,115)
At 31 December 2010	111,586	384,043	38,100	33,518	567,247
Movements in fair value of plan assets					
	P&O				
	Fernes UK	MNOPF	MNRPF	Other	
	Scheme	Scheme	Scheme *	schemes	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 January 2009	71,019	247,087	-	35,637	353,743
Expected return on plan assets	4,870	15,199	-	1,766	21,835
Actuanal gains	11,070	10,701	-	1,068	22,839
Contributions by employer	3,840	10,301	-	1,263	15,404
Contributions by members	980	600	-	141	1,721
Benefits paid	(2,230)	(15,800)	-	(447)	(18,477)
Management expense	-	-	-	(125)	(125)
Exchange adjustments	-	•	-	(2,678)	(2,678)
At 31 December 2009	89,549	268,088	-	36,625	394,262
Expected return on plan assets	5,870	17,300	1,800	1,907	26,877
Actuarial gains	4,870	29,499	31,200	549	66,118
Contributions by employer	4,390	10,299	700	507	15,896
Contributions by members	920	600	-	155	1,675
Benefits paid	(3,470)	(18,400)	(1,600)	(714)	(24,184)
Management expense	-	-	-	(123)	(123)
Exchange adjustments	-	-	-	(1,130)	(1,130)
At 31 December 2010	102,129	307,386	32,100	37,776	479,391

^{*} The Group's share in the MNRPF Scheme has been treated as a defined benefit pension scheme from 1 January 2010

30 Pension schemes (continued)

Expense recognised in the profit and loss account	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Current service cost	(5,415)	(4,193)
Interest on defined benefit plan obligation	(28,883)	(24,423)
Expected return on defined benefit pension plan assets	26,877	21,835
Management expense	(123)	(125)
Total	(7,544)	(6,906)
The expense is recognised in the following line items in the profit and loss account		
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Cost of sales	(3,218)	(3,346)
Administrative expenses	(2,320)	(972)
Pension finance charge	(2,006)	(2,588)
Total	(7,544)	(6,906)
	(1,047)	(0,000)
Actuanal gains and losses for the period are made up as follows		
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Actuanal gains on assets	66,118	22,839
Actuarial (losses)/gains on liabilities	(18,520)	1,375
Actuarial losses on changes in assumptions	(50,455)	(74,767)
Increase in surplus not recognised	(3,438)	(610)
Deficit contributions in excess of valuation		1,239
Total actuanal losses for the penod	(6,295)	(49,924)

Cumulative actuanal losses reported in the statement of total recognised gains and losses for accounting periods ending on or after June 2002, and subsequently included by prior year adjustment under paragraph 96 of FRS 17, are £85 1m (2009 £78 8m)

30 Pension schemes (continued)

The history of the plans for the current and prior period are as follows

P&O Ferries UK Scheme

Balance sheet	2010 £000	2009 £000	2008 £000	2007 £000
Present value of scheme liabilities	(111,586)	(107,298)	(76,210)	(102,710)
Fair value of scheme assets	102,129	89,549	71,019	99,760
Deficit assets	(9,457)	(17,749)	(5,191)	(2,950)
501101	(3,431)	(17,140)	(3,131)	(2,330)
Expenence adjustments				
Experience (gains)/losses on scheme liabilities	490	260	(5,055)	980
Experience gains/(losses) on scheme assets	4,870	11,070	(23,880)	(7,123)
				
The fair value of the plan assets and the return on those a	ssets were as fol	lows		
			2010	2009
			£000	£000
Equities			53,579	46,439
Bonds			48,280	43,110
Other			270	, <u>-</u>
			102,129	89,549
Actual return on plan assets			10,740	15,940
•				

The overall expected rate of return on plan assets is calculated by weighting the individual rates of return, adjusted for current and anticipated market performance, in accordance with the expected balance in the plan's investment portfolio

Principal actuanal assumptions (expressed as weighted averages) at the year end were as follows

		2010	2009
Discount rate		5 50%	5 60%
Expected rate of return on plan as	sets	6 54%	6 54%
Expected return on plan assets at	beginning of the period	6 54%	6 87%
Future salary increases		4 40%	4 70%
Future pension increases	- deferment	3 10%	3 25%
	- payment	3 10%	3 25%
Inflation		3 40%	3 70%

PA92 medium cohort tables have been used as a basis projected up to 2008, subject to a 1% minimum annual increase in line with long cohort, to reflect improvements in future mortality

30 Pension schemes (continued)

Balance sheet 2010 £000 £000 £000 £000 2008 £000 £000 2007 £000 Present value of scheme liabilities Fair value of scheme assets (384,043) (344,243) (292,844) (292,844) (292,844) (292,844) (292,844) (319,700) (296,100) Deficit (76,657) (76,155) (76,155) (45,757) (23,600) (45,757) (23,600) Expenence adjustments 20,701 - (5,700) (14,875) (14,875) Experience gains/(losses) on scheme liabilities 29,499 10,701 (64,288) 323 (64,288) 323 The fair value of the plan assets and the return on those assets were as follows 2010 £000 £000 £000 £000 Equities 130,393 117,294 Bonds 121,693 134,094 (55,300 16,700 55,300 16,700 307,386 268,088) 268,088 268,088 Actual return on plan assets 46,799 25,900 25,900	MNOPF Scheme				
Present value of scheme liabilities (384,043) (344,243) (292,844) (319,700) Fair value of scheme assets 307,386 268,088 247,087 296,100 Deficit (76,657) (76,155) (45,757) (23,600) Expenence adjustments 20,701 - (5,700) (14,875) Expenence (gains)/losses) on scheme liabilities 29,499 10,701 (64,288) 323 The fair value of the plan assets and the return on those assets were as follows 2010 2009 £000 £0			2009	2008	2007
Fair value of scheme assets 307,386 268,088 247,087 296,100 Deficit (76,657) (76,155) (45,757) (23,600) Expenence adjustments Expenence (gains)/losses on scheme liabilities 20,701 - (5,700) (14,875) Expenence gains/(losses) on scheme assets 29,499 10,701 (64,288) 323 The fair value of the plan assets and the return on those assets were as follows Equities 2010 2009 £000 £000 £000 £000 £000 £000 £00	Balance sheet	£000	£000	£000	£000
Deficit (76,657) (76,155) (45,757) (23,600) Expenence adjustments Expenence (gains)/losses on scheme liabilities 20,701 - (5,700) (14,875) Experience gains/(losses) on scheme assets 29,499 10,701 (64,288) 323 The fair value of the plan assets and the return on those assets were as follows Equities 2010 2009 Equities 130,393 117,294 Bonds 121,693 134,094 Other 55,300 16,700 307,386 268,088	Present value of scheme liabilities	(384,043)	(344,243)	(292,844)	(319,700)
Expenence adjustments Experience (gains)/losses on scheme liabilities Experience gains/(losses) on scheme assets 29,499 10,701 (64,288) 323 The fair value of the plan assets and the return on those assets were as follows Equities Bonds Other 2010 2009 £000 £000 £000 £101,693 130,393 117,294 Bonds Other 55,300 16,700 307,386 268,088	Fair value of scheme assets	307,386	268,088	247,087	296,100
Experience (gains)/losses on scheme liabilities 20,701 - (5,700) (14,875) Experience gains/(losses) on scheme assets 29,499 10,701 (64,288) 323 The fair value of the plan assets and the return on those assets were as follows Equities 130,393 117,294 Bonds 121,693 134,094 Other 55,300 16,700 307,386 268,088	Deficit	(76,657)	(76,155)	(45,757)	(23,600)
Experience (gains)/losses on scheme liabilities 20,701 - (5,700) (14,875) Experience gains/(losses) on scheme assets 29,499 10,701 (64,288) 323 The fair value of the plan assets and the return on those assets were as follows Equities 130,393 117,294 Bonds 121,693 134,094 Other 55,300 16,700 307,386 268,088	Expenence adjustments				
Experience gains/(losses) on scheme assets	•				
The fair value of the plan assets and the return on those assets were as follows 2010 2009 £000 £000 Equities 130,393 117,294 Bonds 121,693 134,094 Other 55,300 16,700 307,386 268,088	Expenence (gains)/losses on scheme liabilities	20,701		(5,700)	(14,875)
Equities 130,393 117,294 Bonds 121,693 134,094 Other 55,300 16,700 307,386 268,088	Experience gains/(losses) on scheme assets	29,499	10,701	(64,288)	323
Equities £000 £000 Bonds 130,393 117,294 Bonds 121,693 134,094 Other 55,300 16,700 307,386 268,088	The fair value of the plan assets and the return on those	assets were as fol	lows		
Equities 130,393 117,294 Bonds 121,693 134,094 Other 55,300 16,700 307,386 268,088				2010	2009
Bonds 121,693 134,094 Other 55,300 16,700 307,386 268,088				£000	£000
Other 55,300 16,700 307,386 268,088	·			130,393	117,294
<u>307,386</u> <u>268,088</u>	* * * *			121,693	134,094
	Other				16,700
Actual return on plan assets				307,386	268,088
	Actual return on plan assets			46,799	25,900

The overall expected rate of return on plan assets is calculated by weighting the individual rates of return, adjusted for current and anticipated market performance, in accordance with the expected balance in the plan's investment portfolio

Principal actuarial assumptions (expressed as weighted averages) at the year end were as follows

20	0 2009
Discount rate 5 40	% 5 60%
Expected rate of return on plan assets 6 6	% 6 53%
Expected return on plan assets at beginning of the period 6 5:	% 6 18%
Future salary increases 4 66	% 5 20%
Future pension increases - deferment 2 96	% 3 70%
- payment 3 40	% 3 50%
Inflation 3 66	% 3 70%

The assumptions relating to longevity underlying the pension liabilities at the balance sheet date are based on standard actual mortality tables and include an allowance for future improvements in longevity

The MNOPF Scheme is a defined benefit multi-employer scheme in which officers employed by Group companies have participated

The Scheme is divided into two sections, the Old Section and the New Section both of which are closed to new members

30 Pension schemes (continued)

MNRPF Scheme	0040	2000	2000	2007
Balance sheet	2010 £000	2009 £000	2008 £000	£000
Present value of scheme liabilities Fair value of scheme assets	(38,100) 32,100	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	n/a n/a
Deficit	(6,000)	n/a	n/a	n/a
Expenence adjustments				
Expenence losses on scheme liabilities	(800)	n/a	n/a	n/a
Experience gains on scheme assets	31,200	n/a	n/a	n/a
The fair value of the plan assets and the return on those as	ssets were as fo	llows		
			2010	2009
E-vit			£000	£000 n/a
Equities			7,100 23,300	n/a
Bonds Other			1,700	n/a
Other			32,100	n/a
Actual return on plan assets			33,000	n/a

The overall expected rate of return on plan assets is calculated by weighting the individual rates of return, adjusted for current and anticipated market performance, in accordance with the expected balance in the plan's investment portfolio

Principal actuarial assumptions (expressed as weighted averages) at the year end were as follows

		2010	2009
Discount rate		5 40%	n/a
Expected rate of return on plan as	sets	5 65%	n/a
Expected return on plan assets at	beginning of the period	n/a	n/a
Future salary increases		4 60%	n/a
Future pension increases	- deferment	2 90%	n/a
·	- payment	3 40%	n/a
Inflation		3 60%	n/a

The assumptions relating to longevity underlying the pension liabilities at the balance sheet date are based on standard actual mortality tables and include an allowance for future improvements in longevity

The MNRPF Scheme is a defined benefit multi-employer scheme in which officers employed by Group companies have participated

30 Pension schemes (continued)

Other schemes

Other schemes are made up of the P&O Insh Pension Scheme and the P&O North Sea Ferries (Netherlands) Pension Scheme, both funded defined benefit schemes

Balance sheet	2010 £000	2009 £000	2008 £000	2007 £000
Present value of scheme liabilities Fair value of scheme assets	(33,518) 37,776	(36,057) 36,625	(35,989) 35,637	(28,424) 30,819
(Deficit)/surplus	4,258	568	(352)	2,395
Surplus not recognised	(5,050)	(1,612)	(1,002)	(1,499)
(Deficit)/surplus in financial statements	(792)	(1,044)	(1,354)	896
Experience adjustments				
Expenence (gains)/losses on scheme liabilities	(1,871)	(1,635)	(508)	1,586
Expenence gains/(losses) on scheme assets	549	1,068	(6,118)	(1,486)
The fair value of the plan assets and the return on those ass	sets were as fol	lows		
Equities Bonds Other			2010 £000 13,124 24,454 198 37,776	2009 £000 9,399 26,994
Actual return on plan assets			2,456	2,834

The overall expected rate of return on plan assets is calculated by weighting the individual rates of return, adjusted for current and anticipated market performance, in accordance with the expected balance in the plan's investment portfolio

Principal actuanal assumptions (expressed as weighted averages) at the year end were as follows

		2010	2009
Discount rate		5 41%	5 55%
Expected rate of return on plan assets		3 59%	5 43%
Expected return on plan assets at beginning of the period		5 43%	5 23%
Future salary increases		3 59%	3 61%
Future pension increases	- deferment	1 21%	2 00%
·	- payment	1 21%	2 00%
Inflation	· ·	1 98%	2 00%

The assumptions relating to longevity underlying the pension liabilities at the balance sheet date are based on standard actual mortality tables and include an allowance for future improvements in longevity

31 Contingent liabilities

The Company acts as guarantor for all group borrowings as detailed in Notes 18 and 19

32 Related party disclosures

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related Party Disclosure" as it is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Dubai World Corporation. Therefore the Company has not disclosed transactions or balances with wholly owned entities that form part of the Group headed by Dubai World Corporation.

The directors confirm that there are no other related party transactions which require disclosure

33 Ultimate parent company

The largest group of companies for which consolidated financial statements are prepared and in which the company is consolidated is the Port and Free Zone World FZE, a company incorporated in Dubai. These financial statements are not publicly filed.

The immediate parent company is Dubai Fernes Holdings FZE, a company incorporated in Dubai

The ultimate parent undertaking is Dubai World Corporation