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UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

FOR

PURENET SOLUTIONS LIMITED

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for the year ended 31 December 2019

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PURENET SOLUTIONS LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

for the year ended 31 December 2019

DIRECTORS: Dr P M Gibson

IR Lawton J S Morgan D Warren P M Doherty

SECRETARY: Dr P M Gibson

Unit 8, 10 Great North Way York Business Park **REGISTERED OFFICE:**

Nether Poppleton

York YO26 6RB

REGISTERED NUMBER: 06013169 (England and Wales)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 December 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		280,504		296,836
Property, plant and equipment	5		37,836		42,717
Investments	6		105		105
			318,445		339,658
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	7	231,002		237,089	
Cash at bank		16		-	
		231,018		237,089	
CREDITORS				,	
Amounts falling due within one year	8	699,329		859,426	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	Ü		(468,311)		(622,337)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			(100,511)		(022,557)
LIABILITIES			(149,866)		(282,679)
LIABILITIES			(142,000)		(202,079)
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(59,671)		(120,874)
3			(,,		(1,11)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(50,694)		(40,226)
NET LIABILITIES			(260,231)		(443,779)
			(200,221)		
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			2,000		2,011
Sharc premium			891		891
Retained earnings			(263,122)		(446,681)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(260,231)		(443,779)
SHAREHOEDERS FUNDS			(200,231)		(¬¬¬,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each
- (b) financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - continued 31 December 2019

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 March 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

D Warren - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

PureNet Solutions Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Significant judgements and estimates

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions which affect reported income, expenses, assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Use of available information and application of judgement are inherent in the formation of estimates, together with past experience and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results in the future could differ from such estimates.

Critical judgements in applying the company's policies

The management consider that no significant judgements have had to made in preparing these financial statements.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

1. Amortisation of intangible assets

The annual amortisation charge for intangible assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and future revenues generated relating to development costs capitalised. The assumptions used regarding useful economic lives are assessed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates based on market conditions. Forecasted future revenues are reviewed annually to ensure they are in excess of development costs together with related production, selling and administrative costs.

2. Provisions

The management have assessed the necessary level of provisions required against bad debts and intercompany and other loans made based on previous experience and all available knowledge and information.

The directors do not consider that any other estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of these financial statements have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Turnover

Turnover represents goods and services supplied, excluding value added tax. Revenue is recognised to the extent that the company has obtained the right to consideration through its performance and is measured at the fair value of the right to consideration.

Goodwill and other intangible fixed assets

Acquired goodwill and other intangible fixed assets excluding development costs are written off in equal annual instalments over an estimated useful economic life of 10 years.

Development costs

Development costs relate to clearly defined software products and are capitalised where it is reasonably expected that future related revenues will exceed development costs together with related production, selling and administrative costs. Completed development costs are amortised over the period expected to benefit from future revenues, which is critically reviewed at each accounting date. For the purposes of section 844 of the Companies Act 2006 the amount of development costs capitalised are not treated as a realised loss for the purposes of making distributions.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life. Fixtures and fittings - 25% on reducing balance and 10% on cost

Investments in subsidiaries

Investment in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost less impairment

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities such as trade, other accounts receivable and payable and loans to related parties.

Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

Debt instruments such as loans and other accounts receivable and payable are initially measured at present value of the future payments and subsequently at amortised costs using the effective interest method.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Operating leases

Operating lease rentals are charged against profits of the period to which they relate.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution pension schemes are charged as an expense in the period to which they relate.

Going concern

The company has a net liability position however the directors are satisfied that sufficient resources will be available to continue operating for the foreseeable future despite the net current liabilities shown in these accounts. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 26 (2018 - 45).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2019

4.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
			Other	
		Goodwill	intangible assets	Totals
		£	£	f Otals £
	COST	~	~	~
	At 1 January 2019			
	and 31 December 2019	12,265	390,450	402,715
	AMORTISATION	·	·	
	At 1 January 2019	7,744	98,135	105,879
	Charge for year	<u>753</u>	15,579	16,332
	At 31 December 2019	8,497	113,714	122,211
	NET BOOK VALUE	. = .0		
	At 31 December 2019	3,768	276,736	280,504
	At 31 December 2018	4,521	<u>292,315</u>	296,836
5.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
				Fixtures
				and
				fittings £
	COST			
	At 1 January 2019			143,237
	Additions			4,458
	At 31 December 2019			147,695
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 January 2019			100,520
	Charge for year			9,339
	At 31 December 2019			109,859
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2019			37,836
	At 31 December 2018			42,717
6.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS			
				Shares in
				group
				undertakings
	COST			£
	At 1 January 2019			
	and 31 December 2019			105
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2019			105
	At 31 December 2018			105

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2019

7.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
,-	DEDICATION TO THE BING DOE WITHIN ONE TENN	2019	2018
		£	£
	Trade debtors	116,650	154,542
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	8,539	23,910
	Other debtors	105,813	58,637
		231,002	237,089
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	31,967	123,379
	Trade creditors	181,846	142,378
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	9,188	34,811
	Taxation and social security	55,812	53,993
	Other creditors	420,516	504,865
		699,329	859,426
9.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Other creditors	<u>59,671</u>	120,874
10.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank overdrafts	31,967	123,379
	Other loans	120,901	206,418
		<u>152,868</u>	329,797

The loans are secured by means of a directors' joint and several personal guarantee of £284,980 and a fixed and floating charge over all property or undertaking of the company. The bank overdraft is secured by means of debenture creating a fixed and floating charge over the undertaking and all property and assets present and future.

11. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

Total financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies which are not included in the balance sheet amount to £54,535 (2018 - £96,563).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2019

12. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The directors operate loan accounts with the company which are repayable on demand. The following advances and credits subsisted during the years ended 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2018.

	2019	2018
	£	£
Balances outstanding at start of year	-	-
Amounts advanced	-	90,253
Amounts repaid	-	(90,253)
Amounts written off	-	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balances outstanding at end of year	<u>-</u>	

Advances to the directors bear interest at a rate of 4%

13. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Management charges are included in turnover £451,387 (2018 - £495,569), cost of sales £86,261 (2018 - £81,000) and administrative expenses £49,859 (2018 - £271,403) to/from related companies, which are either subsidiaries or otherwise controlled by directors and shareholders of this company.

The above management charge includes the effective cost of directors' remuneration which is received from a related company under normal market conditions.

Balances due from/to these related companies at the year end included in debtors are £26,677 (2018 - £23,910) and in creditors £193,058 (2018 - £175,690). These include loan accounts which are interest free and repayable on demand.

During the previous year, the amount written off a loan balance due from a related company was £289,624. No write offs of related party loans have been made in 2019.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.