UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

FOR

PURENET SOLUTIONS LIMITED

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2016

	Page
Company Information	1
Statement of Financial Position	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

PURENET SOLUTIONS LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

for the year ended 31 December 2016

DIRECTORS: Dr P M Gibson

I R Lawton J S Morgan D Warren P M Doherty

SECRETARY: Dr P M Gibson

REGISTERED OFFICE: Great North Way

York Business Park

York YO26 6RB

REGISTERED NUMBER: 06013169 (England and Wales)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 December 2016

		2016		2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		319,537		251,919
Property, plant and equipment	5		61,471		45,565
Investments	6		104		104
			381,112		297,588
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	7	461,577		407,220	
Cash at bank		103,179_		61,154	
		564,756		468,374	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	8	629,032		555,765	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(64,276)		(87,391)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			316,836		210,197
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(239,948)		(126,007)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(69,430)		(55,335)
NET ASSETS			7,458		28,855
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			2,011		2,011
Share premium			891		891
Retained earnings			4,556		25,953
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			7,458		28,855

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2016.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each
- (b) financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - continued 31 December 2016

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 14 September 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

Dr P M Gibson - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2016

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

PureNet Solutions Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about PureNet Solutions Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company has taken the option under Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated financial statements.

Significant judgements and estimates

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions which affect reported income, expenses, assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Use of available information and application of judgement are inherent in the formation of estimates, together with past experience and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results in the future could differ from such estimates.

Critical judgements in applying the company's policies

The management consider that no significant judgements have had to made in preparing these financial statements.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

1. Amortisation of intangible assets

The annual amortisation charge for intangible assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and future revenues generated relating to development costs capitalised. The assumptions used regarding useful economic lives are assessed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates based on market conditions. Forecasted future revenues are reviewed annually to ensure they are in excess of development costs together with related production, selling and administrative costs.

2. Provisions

The management have assessed the necessary level of provisions required against bad debts and intercompany loans made based on previous experience and all available knowledge and information.

The directors do not consider that any other estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of these financial statements have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Turnover

Turnover represents goods and services supplied, excluding value added tax. Revenue is recognised to the extent that the company has obtained the right to consideration through its performance and is measured at the fair value of the right to consideration.

Goodwill and other intangible fixed assets

Acquired goodwill and other intangible fixed assets excluding development costs are written off in equal annual instalments over an estimated useful economic life of 10 years.

Development costs

Development costs relate to clearly defined software products and are capitalised where it is reasonably expected that future related revenues will exceed development costs together with related production, selling and administrative costs. Completed development costs are amortised over the period expected to benefit from future revenues, which is critically reviewed at each accounting date. For the purposes of section 844 of the Companies Act 2006 the amount of development costs capitalised are not treated as a realised loss for the purposes of making distributions.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life. Fixtures and fittings - 25% on reducing balance and 10% on cost

Page 4 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Investments in subsidiaries

Investment in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost less impairment

Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities such as trade, other accounts receivable and payable and loans to related parties.

Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

Debt instruments such as loans and other accounts receivable and payable are initially measured at present value of the future payments and subsequently at amortised costs using the effective interest method.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Operating leases

Operating lease rentals are charged against profits of the period to which they relate.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution pension schemes are charged as an expense in the period to which they relate.

Going concern

The company has a net asset position and the directors are satisfied that sufficient resources will be available to continue operating for the foreseeable future despite the net current liabilities shown in these accounts. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 56.

Page 5 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2016

4.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
			Other intangible assets £	Totals £
	COST At 1 January 2016 Additions At 31 December 2016	12,265	267,611 96,404 364,015	279,876 96,404 376,280
	AMORTISATION At 1 January 2016 Charge for year At 31 December 2016	5,345 893 6,238	22,612 27,893 50,505	27,957 28,786 56,743
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2016 At 31 December 2015	6,027 6,920	313,510 244,999	319,537 251,919
5.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			Fixtures and fittings £
	COST At 1 January 2016 Additions At 31 December 2016 DEPRECIATION			108,436 29,509 137,945
	At 1 January 2016 Charge for year At 31 December 2016 NET BOOK VALUE			62,871 13,603 76,474
	At 31 December 2016 At 31 December 2015			61,471 45,565
6.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS			Shares in group undertakings £
	COST At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016 NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2016 At 31 December 2015			104 104 104

Page 6 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2016

7.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Trade debtors	337,934	333,230
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	122.642	1 73,989
	Other debtors	<u>123,642</u> 461,577	407,220
		401,377	407,220
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Trade creditors	1,736	8,264
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	29,381	8,228
	Taxation and social security	121,452	168,513
	Other creditors	476,463	370,760
		629,032	<u>555,765</u>
9.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
9.	CREDITORS; AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE TEAR	2016	2015
		£	£
	Other creditors	239,948	126,007
10.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows:		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Within one year	42,066	20,803
	Between one and five years	41,228	838
	In more than five years	92,763	
		<u>176,057</u>	21,641
11.	SECURED DEBTS		
11.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
		2016	2015
		2016 £	2013 £
	Other loans	350,302	192,009
	outer round	220,202	172,007

The loans are secured by means of a directors joint and several personal guarantee of £284,980 and a fixed and floating charge over all property or undertaking of the company.

12. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Directors and their close family received dividends of £250,960 (2015 -£280,840) during the period. Turnover includes £438,044 (2015 - £222,974) of management charges to related companies which are either subsidiaries or otherwise owned and controlled by director and shareholders of this company. Balances due from these companies at the year end included in debtors are £210.970 (2015 - £5,910).

Page 7 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2016

13. FIRST YEAR ADOPTION

Transitional relief

On transition to FRS 102, the company has taken advantage of the following transitional relief:

to measure investment in subsidiaries at cost determined in accordance with Section 9 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.