

Registered number  
05995320

Different Strokes Painting & Decorating Limited

Unaudited Filleted Accounts  
For the Year Ended  
31 March 2023

**Different Strokes Painting & Decorating Limited****Registered number:** 05995320**Balance Sheet****as at 31 March 2023**

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	3	202,374	239,979
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks		50,779	79,715
Debtors	4	151,472	174,395
Cash at bank and in hand		143	7,731
		<u>202,394</u>	<u>261,841</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	5	(290,318)	(244,718)
<b>Net current (liabilities)/assets</b>		<u>(87,924)</u>	<u>17,123</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>114,450</u>	<u>257,102</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	6	(100,456)	(141,937)
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>		(15,435)	(16,568)
<b>Net (liabilities)/assets</b>		<u>(1,441)</u>	<u>98,597</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		(1,442)	98,596
<b>Shareholders' funds</b>		<u>(1,441)</u>	<u>98,597</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

R Crawford

Director

Approved by the board on 8 September 2023

# Different Strokes Painting & Decorating Limited

## Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 March 2023

### 1 Accounting policies

#### ***Basis of preparation***

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### ***Turnover***

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### ***Tangible fixed assets***

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings	over 50 years
Leasehold land and buildings	over the lease term
Plant and machinery	10-33.3% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles	25% reducing balance

#### ***Stocks***

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

#### ***Debtors***

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### ***Creditors***

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### ***Taxation***

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and

past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

### **Leased assets**

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

### **Pensions**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

<b>2 Employees</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>Number</b>	<b>Number</b>
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

### **3 Tangible fixed assets**

	<b>Land and buildings</b>	<b>Plant and machinery etc</b>	<b>Motor vehicles</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 April 2022	115,366	58,506	220,205	394,077
Additions	-	5,677	14,046	19,723
Disposals	-	-	(67,554)	(67,554)
At 31 March 2023	<u>115,366</u>	<u>64,183</u>	<u>166,697</u>	<u>346,246</u>

### **Depreciation**

At 1 April 2022	-	38,925	115,173	154,098
Charge for the year	-	2,761	19,945	22,706
On disposals	-	-	(32,932)	(32,932)
At 31 March 2023	-	41,686	102,186	143,872

#### Net book value

At 31 March 2023	115,366	22,497	64,511	202,374
At 31 March 2022	115,366	19,581	105,032	239,979

#### 4 Debtors

	2023	2022
	£	£

Trade debtors	142,319	165,342
Other debtors	9,153	9,053
	151,472	174,395

#### 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023	2022
	£	£

Bank loans and overdrafts	35,092	12,541
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	23,541	33,889
Trade creditors	70,912	46,237
Taxation and social security costs	109,066	107,375
Other creditors	51,707	44,676
	290,318	244,718

#### 6 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year

	2023	2022
	£	£

Bank loans	88,289	100,524
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	12,167	41,413
	100,456	141,937

#### 7 Loans

	2023	2022
	£	£

Creditors include:

Secured bank loans	100,689	113,065
--------------------	---------	---------

#### 8 Other information

Different Strokes Painting & Decorating Limited is a private company limited by shares and

incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Unit 1A

Station Yard

Grange-Over-Sands

Cumbria

LA11 6DW

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.