Company No: 05977103 (England and Wales)

MANOR MILL LIMITED
Unaudited Financial Statements
For the financial year ended 31 March 2020

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MANOR MILL LIMITED COMPANY INFORMATION For the financial year ended 31 March 2020

DIRECTORS Mrs D Baker

Mr A T Baker

SECRETARY Mrs D Baker

REGISTERED OFFICE Aishe Barton

Silverton Exeter

EX5 4HF

United Kingdom

COMPANY NUMBER 05977103(England and Wales)

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Bishop Fleming LLP

Stratus House Emperor Way

Exeter Business Park

Exeter EX1 3QS

ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MANOR MILL LIMITED For the financial year ended 31 March 2020

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Manor Mill Limited for the financial year ended 31 March 2020 which comprises the Statement of Financial Position and the related notes 1 to 7 from the Company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

We are subject to the ethical and other professional requirements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW) which are detailed at _http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/_.

It is your duty to ensure that Manor Mill Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Manor Mill Limited. You consider that Manor Mill Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the financial year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Manor Mill Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Manor Mill Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 23 November 2018. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Manor Mill Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to you in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Manor Mill Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

Bishop Fleming LLP Chartered Accountants

Stratus House Emperor Way Exeter Business Park Exeter EX1 30S

15 October 2020

MANOR MILL LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 March 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	239	320
Investment property	4	732,895	732,895
		733,134	733,215
Current assets			
Debtors	5	6,126	4,565
Cash at bank and in hand		63,566	52,298
		69,692	56,863
Creditors			
Amounts falling due within one year	6	(672,091)	(669,423)
Net current liabilities		(602,399)	(612,560)
Total assets less current liabilities		130,735	120,655
Provisions for liabilities		(7,397)	(6,552)
Net assets		123,338	114,103
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		123,239	114,003
Total shareholders' funds		123,339	114,103

For the financial year ending 31 March 2020 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the financial year in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements; and
- These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and a copy of the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements of Manor Mill Limited (registered number: 05977103) were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 15 October 2020. They were signed on its behalf by:

Mr A T Baker Director Mrs D Baker Director

1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the financial year and to the preceding financial year.

General information and basis of accounting

Manor Mill Limited (the Company) is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006 and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the Company's registered office is Aishe Barton, Silverton, Exeter, EX5 4HF.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value, and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The functional currency of Manor Mill Limited is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

Turnover

Turnover is stated net of VAT and trade discounts and is recognised when the significant risks and rewards are considered to have been transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the supply of services represents the value of services provided under contracts to the extent that there is a right to consideration and is recorded at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Where a contract has only been partially completed at the Balance Sheet date turnover represents the fair value of the service provided to date based on the stage of completion of the contract activity at the Balance Sheet date. Where payments are received from customers in advance of services provided, the amounts are recorded as deferred income and included as part of creditors due within one year.

Taxation

Current tax

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recoverable) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the Company's financial statements. Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more or less tax at a future date, at the average tax rates that are expected to apply when the timing differences reverse, based on current tax rates and laws.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than investment property and freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a reducing balance basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Office Equipment - 25%

Residual value represents the estimated amount which would currently be obtained from disposal of an asset, after deducting estimated costs of disposal, if the asset were already of the age and in the condition expected at the end of its useful life.

Impairment of assets

Assets, other than those measured at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each Balance Sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings as described below.

Investment property

Investment property are measured at fair value at each reporting date with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Deferred taxation is provided on these gains at the rate expected to apply when the property is sold.

The fair value is determined annually by the directors, on an open market value for existing use basis.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial in such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

2. Employees

	2020 Number	2019
		Number
Monthly average number of persons employed by the Company during the year, including directors	2	2

3. Tangible assets

	Office equipment	Total
	£	£
Cost/Valuation		
At 01 April 2019	3,646	3,646
At 31 March 2020	3,646	3,646
Accumulated depreciation		
At 01 April 2019	3,326	3,326
Charge for the financial year	80	80
At 31 March 2020	3,407	3,407
Net book value		
At 31 March 2020	239	239
At 31 March 2019	320	320
4. Investment property		
	2020	2019
	£	£
As at 01 April	732,895	732,895
As at 31 March	732,895	732,895

Valuation

The 2020 valuations were made by the directors, on an open market value for existing use basis.

5. Debtors

2020	2019
£	£
2,126	3,065
4,000	1,500
6,126	4,565
	2,126 4,000

6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Other creditors	668,224	666,734
Corporation tax	2,274	501
Other taxation and social security	1,593	2,188
	672,091	669,423

7. Related party transactions

Transactions with the entity's directors

During the year, the directors of the company, maintained a current account with the company. At the year end, the company owed the directors £648,049 (2019: £646,550). Interest is charged on the loan at 1.5% above the Bank of England base rate. This loan is shown in creditors due within one year.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.