WILTON PATISSERIE LIMITED

Filleted Accounts

31 December 2016

WILTON PATISSERIE LIMITED

Registered number: 05953343

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2016

	Notes		2016		2015
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		87,287		123,219
Current assets					
Stocks		82,522		45,515	
Debtors	4	14,744		21,524	
Cash at bank and in hand		537,590		315,773	
		634,856		382,812	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(146,737)		(113,154)	
Net current assets			488,119		269,658
Total assets less current liabilities		-	575,406	-	392,877
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	r 6		(683,732)		(666,493)
Net liabilities		-	(108,326)	-	(273,616)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			(108,426)		(273,716)
Shareholders' funds		-	(108,326)	-	(273,616)

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Director

Approved by the board on 20 September 2017

WILTON PATISSERIE LIMITED

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 December 2016

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Leasehold land and buildings over the lease term

Plant and machinery 25% reducing balance and over the term of the leases

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and

their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

2	Employees		2016	2015
			Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by	y the company	29	25
3	Tangible fixed assets			
			Plant and	
		Land and	machinery	
		buildings	etc	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 January 2016	37,421	647,912	685,333
	Additions		25,924	25,924
	At 31 December 2016	37,421	673,836	711,257
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2016	32,743	529,371	562,114
	Charge for the year	3,742	58,114	61,856
	At 31 December 2016	36,485	587,485	623,970
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2016	936	86,351	87,287
	At 31 December 2015	4,678	118,541	123,219
4	Debtors		2016	2015
			£	£
	Trade debtors		1,164	6,357
	Other debtors		13,580	15,167
			14,744	21,524

5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2016	2015
		£	£
	Trade creditors	4,498	7,633
	Corporation tax	24,275	-
	Other taxes and social security costs	12,485	7,344
	Other creditors	105,479	98,177
		146,737	113,154
_		2242	2015
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2016	2015
		£	£
	Other creditors	683,732	666,493
7	Loans	2016	2015
•	Loans	2010 £	2013 £
	Creditors include:	Z.	τ.
	Amounts payable otherwise than by instalment falling due for		
	payment after more than five years	413,148	390,000
	Instalments falling due for payment after more than five years	67,456	106,147
		480,604	496,147
8	Related party transactions	2016	2015
		£	£
	Mr C Neocleous		
	The following interest-free balances are due to the director Mr C N	leocleous:	
	Doughlo by instalments falling due:		
	Payable by instalments falling due:	21,000	21,000
	Within one year After more than one year	17,920	39,134
	Alter more man one year	38,920	60,134
	William Openfording and a Lad		
	Wilton Confectioneries Ltd		
	The following balances are due to Wilton Confectioneries Ltd, Cyprus and connected to the director Mr C Neocleous:	a company inco	orporated in
	Payable by instalments falling due:		

42,000

252,664

294,664

42,000

237,359

279,359

Within one year

After more than one year

since 1 November 2013

Balance bearing interest at 3.74% per annum

Interest-free balance payable by instalments

commencing	January	2050

413,148	390,000
707,812	669,359

The company and Wilton Confectioneries Ltd agreed that as from 1 January 2016 the balances due to Wilton Confectioneries Ltd be reinstated to their original currency, the Euro.

9 Controlling party

The company is under joint control by the directors, Mr C Neocleous and Mr A Georgiou.

10 Other information

WILTON PATISSERIE LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

49-53 Chase Side

Southgate

London

N14 5BU

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.