

**BRILLIANT ENTERPRISES LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

Brilliant Enterprises Ltd
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

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Brilliant Enterprises Ltd
Balance Sheet
As at 31 March 2022

Registered number: 5946705

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4		7,468		14,431
			7,468		14,431
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	53,676		111,810	
Cash at bank and in hand		899,469		979,246	
		953,145		1,091,056	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(100,059)		(265,342)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			853,086		825,714
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			860,554		840,145
NET ASSETS			860,554		840,145
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	7		120		120
Profit and Loss Account			860,434		840,025
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			860,554		840,145

Brilliant Enterprises Ltd
Balance Sheet (continued)
As at 31 March 2022

For the year ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mrs Kate Mulcahy

Director

06/04/2022

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Brilliant Enterprises Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Other Intangible

Other intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold	10% on cost
Motor Vehicles	15% on cost
Fixtures & Fittings	20% on cost
Computer Equipment	33% on cost

1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 2 (2021: 2)

Brilliant Enterprises Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

3. Intangible Assets

	Other £
Cost	
As at 1 April 2021	152,000
As at 31 March 2022	152,000
Amortisation	
As at 1 April 2021	152,000
As at 31 March 2022	152,000
Net Book Value	
As at 31 March 2022	-
As at 1 April 2021	-

4. Tangible Assets

	Land & Property Freehold	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
As at 1 April 2021	6,770	34,619	3,575	7,957	52,921
As at 31 March 2022	6,770	34,619	3,575	7,957	52,921
Depreciation					
As at 1 April 2021	1,918	27,696	2,279	6,597	38,490
Provided during the period	677	5,193	330	763	6,963
As at 31 March 2022	2,595	32,889	2,609	7,360	45,453
Net Book Value					
As at 31 March 2022	4,175	1,730	966	597	7,468
As at 1 April 2021	4,852	6,923	1,296	1,360	14,431

5. Debtors

	2022 £	2021 £
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	52,855	110,843
Prepayments and accrued income	821	967
	53,676	111,810

Brilliant Enterprises Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	17,714	36,766
Corporation tax	24,812	38,220
Other taxes and social security	2,774	2,284
VAT	10,451	13,072
Director's loan account	44,308	175,000
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	100,059	265,342
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7. Share Capital

	2022	2021
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	120	120
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8. General Information

Brilliant Enterprises Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 5946705 . The registered office is Springwood Bucklebury Alley, Cold Ash, Thatcham, Berkshire, RG18 9NH.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.