Registered number: 05946350

FIRST REGIONAL ESTATES LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

FRIDAY

LD8

13/12/2019 COMPANIES HOUSE

#34

CONTENTS

	Page .
Balance sheet	1 - 2
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 6

FIRST REGIONAL ESTATES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:05946350

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

	Note		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets					
Investment property	4		5,000,000		5,000,000
		,	5,000,000	•	5,000,000
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within	_			7.040	
one year	5	235		7,810	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	86,024		96,944	
		86,259		104,754	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(4,745,599)		(2,841,313)	
Net current liabilities			(4,659,340)		(2,736,559)
Total assets less current liabilities			340,660		2,263,441
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		-		(2,018,350)
Net assets			340,660		245,091
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		1,000		1,000
Revaluation reserve			(360,999)		(360,999)
Profit and loss account			700,659		605,090
			340,660		245,091

FIRST REGIONAL ESTATES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:05946350

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

The directors consider that the company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has opted not to file the profit and loss account in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

D C Goldberg

Date: 10 December 2019

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. General information

First Regional Estates Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales, registration number 05946350. The registered office address is Elsley Court, 20-22 Great Titchfield Street, London, W1W 8BE. The address of its principal business is 167 Broadhurst Gardens, London, NW6 3AU.

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of provision of property management services.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The functional and presentational currency of the company is pound sterling.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of rent and service charge receivable during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

2.3 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the profit and loss account using the effective interest method.

2.4 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the profit and loss account in the year in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Profit and loss account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current corporation tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they
 will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable
 profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.6 Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value determined annually by directors and derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided. Changes in fair value are recognised in the Profit and loss account.

2.7 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

2.9 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.10 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from other third parties and loans to related parties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 5 (2018 - 5).

4. Investment property

Freehold investment property £

Valuation

At 1 April 2018

5,000,000

At 31 March 2019

5,000,000

The 2019 valuations were made by the directors, on an open market value for existing use basis.

5. Debtors

		2019 £	2018 £
	Prepayments and accrued income	235	7,810
6.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2019 £	· 2018 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	86,024 =======	96,944

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Bank loans	2,018,350	101,400
	Corporation tax	23,543	34,317
	Other taxation and social security	11,165	18,240
	Other creditors	2,629,751	2,629,750
	Accruals and deferred income	62,790	57 <u>,</u> 606
		4,745,599	2,841,313
8.	guarantee by the directors limited to £50,000 and a piece of land held the directors. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2019 £	2018 £
•	Bank loans		2,018,350
9.	Loans		
	Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Amounts falling due within one year		
	Bank loans	2,018,350	101,400
	Amounts falling due 1-2 years		
	Bank loans	-	2,018,350
		2,018,350	
		2,018,350	2,018,350
10.		2,018,350	
10.	Bank loans .	2,018,350 2019 £	
10.	Bank loans .	2019	2,119,750