Registered number: 05925028

# **ROCKET PR LIMITED**

(COMPANIES HOUSE FILING VERSION)

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

H S Virdee K S Purewal J Lonsdale

Registered number

05925028

Registered office

Eighth Floor

6 New Street Square New Fetter Lane

London EC4A 3AQ

**Accountants** 

Rawlinson & Hunter

**Chartered Accountants** 

Eighth Floor

6 New Street Square New Fetter Lane

London EC4A 3AQ

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# ROCKET PR LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 05925028

# UNAUDITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
FIXED ASSETS	Note	<b>.</b>	<del>د</del> .
Tangible assets	4	-	4,329
	-	<del></del> -	4,329
CURRENT ASSETS			•
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	305,157	284,441
Cash at bank and in hand		-	30,671
	-	305,157	315,112
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(24,025)	(51,292)
NET CURRENT ASSETS	•	281,132	263,820
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	•	281,132	268,149
NET ASSETS		281,132	268,149
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	-		
Called up share capital	8	1	1
Profit and loss account		281,131	268,148
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	-	281,132	268,149

The directors consider that the company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act") and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 477 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has opted not to file the profit and loss account in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

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#### **ROCKET PR LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 05925028**

## **UNAUDITED BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)** AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

**ଏ** Lonsdale

Director

Date: 0 6 JUL 2017
The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Rocket PR Limited ("the company") is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales with registration number 05925028 that provides PR consultancy services. On 1 January 2016 the company transferred its operations to Octopus Communications Consultancy Limited, the immediate parent company. The registered office of the company is Eighth Floor, 6 New Street Square, New Fetter Lane, London, EC4A 3AQ.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

This is the first year the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - small entities, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102"). The date of transition is 1 January 2015.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated. Details of the transition to FRS 102 are disclosed in Note 12.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### 2.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

#### 2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

At each reporting date the company assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.3 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment

- 3 years straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Unaudited Profit and Loss Account.

In the current financial year, following a review of the depreciation method used by the company, the depreciation policy has been changed for office equipment from depreciating these assets on a 20% reducing balance basis to depreciating them over 3 years on a straight line basis. As all office equipment was disposed of at the start of the financial year this change in policy has had no impact on the profit and loss of the company for 2016 nor the assets net book value at the balance sheet date.

#### 2.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

# 2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.6 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.6 Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Unaudited Profit and Loss Account.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Unaudited Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.8 Foreign currency translation

#### **Functional and presentation currency**

The company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Unaudited Profit and Loss Account.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.9 Pensions

#### Defined contribution pension plan

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Unaudited Profit and Loss Account when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Unaudited Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

#### 2.10 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES

The company has no employees other than the directors (2015 - 20), who did not receive any remuneration (2015 - £6,333).

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
			Plant and machinery £
	Cost		
	At 1 January 2016		11,492
	Disposals		(11,492)
•	At 31 December 2016	_	-
	At 1 January 2016		7,163
	Disposals		(7,163)
	At 31 December 2016	_	
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 December 2016	<del>-</del>	•
	At 31 December 2015	=	4,329 
5.	DEBTORS		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Trade debtors	-	11,557
	Amounts owed by group undertakings (Note 10)	305,157	268,524
	Other debtors	-	4,360
		305,157	284,441

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

6.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	-	30,671
	Less: bank overdrafts	-	(3)
		<u> </u>	30,668
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
•		2016	2015
		2016 £	2015 £
	Bank overdrafts	-	3
	Payments received on account	-	16,765
	Trade creditors	-	5,246
	Corporation tax	24,025	24,030
	Other creditors	-	4,724
	Accruals and deferred income	-	524
		24,025	51,292
8.	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Shares classified as equity	L	2
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	1 Ordinary share of £1	1	1

## 9. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £Nil (2015 - £19,254) of which £Nil (2015 - £Nil) was payable at the year end.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Included within amounts owed from group undertakings (Note 5) is a balance of £305,157 (2015 - £268,524) due from Octopus Commications Consultancy Limited, the immediate parent company of the company. This amount is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

#### 11. CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate parent company is Octopus Communications Consultancy Limited.

The ultimate parent company and the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements is Theoctopus Group Limited. Copies of Theoctopus Group Limited consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary at Eighth Floor, 6 New Street Square, New Fetter Lane, London, EC4A 3AQ.

The directors consider that there is no ultimate controlling party.

#### 12. FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF FRS 102

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.

# CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ROCKET PR LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The following reproduces the text of the Chartered Accountants' Report in respect of the company's full unaudited financial statements, from which this Companies House Filing Version of the financial statements, which satisfy the requirements of section 444 of the Companies Act 2006 (as modified by SI2015/980), have been prepared.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Rocket PR Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 December 2016 which comprise the Unaudited Profit and Loss Account, the Unaudited Balance Sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of the company, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 17 May 2016. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of the company and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of the company, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release TECH07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that the company has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company. You consider that the company is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or review of the financial statements of the company. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Rawlinson & Hunter

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6 July 2017

**Chartered Accountants** 

Eighth Floor 6 New Street Square New Fetter Lane London EC4A 3AQ

Date: