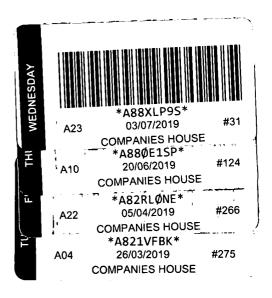
# HEADWAY REC 2 REC LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018



## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

C Chown

M R Sarson

Company number

05915649

Registered office

Porters House 4 Porters Wood St Albans Hertfordshire United Kingdom

AL3 6PQ

Accountants

**HB** Accountants

Amwell House 19 Amwell Street Hoddesdon

Herts EN11 8TS

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

#### Principal activities

The company ceased to trade on 31st December 2017.

#### Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

C Chown

M R Sarson

#### Auditor

The auditor, HB Accountants, are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations. Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

For the financial year ending 31st December 2018, the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies. No members have required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year, in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006. The directors acknowledge their responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and for the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

On behalf of the board

M R Sarson **Director** 

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

|                                      | 2018  |          | 2017     |
|--------------------------------------|-------|----------|----------|
|                                      | Notes | <b>£</b> | £        |
| Turnover                             |       | -        | 15,290   |
| Administrative Expenses              |       | -        | (42,176) |
| (Loss)/profit before taxation        |       | -        | (26,886) |
| Tax on Loss                          |       | -        | -        |
| (Loss)/profit for the financial year |       | -        | (26,886) |

## **BALANCE SHEET**

## AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

|  |       |   | •      |        |          |        |
|--|-------|---|--------|--------|----------|--------|
|  |       |   | 2018   |        | 20       | )17    |
|  | Notes | £ | £      |        | £        | £      |
| _  |       |   |        |        |          |        |
| Current assets                                 |       |   |        |        |          |        |
| Debtors  | 4     | 4 | 8,235  |        | 66,169   |        |
| Cash at bank and in hand                       |       |   | 5      |        | 11,213   |        |
|  |       | 4 | 8,240  | •      | 77,382   |        |
|  |       |   |        |        |          |        |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 5     | ( | 8,622) |        | (37,764) | i      |
|  |       |   |        |        |          |        |
| Net current assets                             |       |   |        | 39,618 |          | 39,618 |
|  |       |   |        |        |          |        |
| Capital and reserves                           |       |   |        |        |          |        |
| Called up share capital                        | 6     |   |        | 286    |          | 286    |
| Profit and loss reserves                       |       |   |        | 39,332 |          | 39,332 |
| Total equity                                   |       |   |        | 39,618 |          | 39,618 |
|  |       |   | _      |        |          |        |

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 March 2019 and are signed on its behalf by:

M R Sarson

muste

Director

Company Registration No. 05915649

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Headway Rec 2 Rec Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Porters House, 4 Porters Wood, St Albans, Hertfordshire, United Kingdom, AL3 6PQ.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for services net of VAT.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Computer equipment

25% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

### 1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.8 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was - (2017 - 1).

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

|  | Plant and mac | hinery etc |
|--|---------------|------------|
|  |               | £          |
| Cost   |               |            |
| At 1 January 2017                                  |               | 3,085      |
| Additions  |               | -          |
| Disposals  |               | (3,085)    |
| At 31 December 2017                                |               | ·          |
| Depreciation and impairment                        |               |            |
| At 1 January 2017                                  |               | 3,085      |
| Depreciation charged in the year                   |               | -          |
| Disposals  |               | (3,085)    |
| At 31 December 2017                                |               |            |
| Carrying amount                                    |               |            |
| At 31 December 2018                                |               |            |
| At 31 December 2017                                | :             | · <u>-</u> |
| 4 Debtors  |               |            |
| •  | 2018          | 2017       |
| Amounts falling due within one year:               | £             | £          |
| Amounts owed by group undertakings                 | 48,235        | 65,842     |
| Other debtors                                      |               | 327        |
|  | 48,235        | 66,169     |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year     |               |            |
| Creators, amounts raining due within one year      | 2018          | 2017       |
|  | £             | £          |
| Trade creditors                                    | _             | 17,607     |
| Amounts due to group undertakings                  | 5,060         | 15,425     |
|  | 3,262         | 3,262      |
|  |               |            |
| Corporation tax Other taxation and social security | 300           | 1,470      |

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

| 6 Called up share capital |             |      |
|---------------------------|-------------|------|
|                           | 2018        | 2017 |
|                           | £           | £    |
| Ordinary share capital    |             |      |
| Issued and fully paid     |             |      |
| 286 Ordinary of £1 each   | 286         | 286  |
|                           | <del></del> |      |
|                           | 286         | 286  |