Company registration number: 05913557

**Farrelly Building Services Limited Unaudited financial statements** 31 March 2017





COMPANIES HOUSE

# Contents

	Page
Directors and other information	2
Accountants report	3
Statement of financial position	4 - 5
Statement of changes in equity	6
Notes to the financial statements	7 - 12

### **Directors and other information**

**Directors** G.J. Farrelly

J.J. Farrelly P.J. Farrelly

Company number 05913557

Registered office 388 Boldmere Road

Sutton Coldfield West Midlands B73 5EZ

Business address 388 Boldmere Road

Sutton Coldfield West Midlands B73 5EZ

Accountants Barnett Ravenscroft Limited

13 Portland Road

Edgbaston B16 9HN

Bankers HSBC Bank Plc

# Chartered accountants report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Farrelly Building Services Limited Year ended 31 March 2017

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Farrelly Building Services Limited for the year ended 31 March 2017 which comprise the statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-quidance/.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Farrelly Building Services Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Farrelly Building Services Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Farrelly Building Services Limited as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Farrelly Building Services Limited and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Farrelly Building Services Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Farrelly Building Services Limited. You consider that Farrelly Building Services Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Farrelly Building Services Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Barnett Ravenscroft Limited Chartered Accountants

13 Portland Road Edgbaston B16 9HN

4 December 2017

# Statement of financial position 31 March 2017

		2017		2016	
	Note	3	3	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	255,126		280,427	
Investments	6	-		345,000	
			255,126		625,427
Current assets					
Debtors	7	642,295		299,105	
Cash at bank and in hand		331,678		333,750	
		973,973		632,855	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	8	(633,470)		(414,502)	
Net current assets			340,503		218,353
Total assets less current liabilities			595,629		843,780
Net assets		•	595,629		843,780
			====		
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			104		104
Profit and loss account			595,525		843,676
Shareholders funds			595,629		843,780
			====		

For the year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

### Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of financial position (continued) 31 March 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 4 December 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

G.J. Farrelly Director

Company registration number: 05913557

### Statement of changes in equity Year ended 31 March 2017

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	3
At 1 April 2015	104	752,711	752,815
Profit for the year		90,965	90,965
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	90,965	90,965
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	104	843,676	843,780
Profit for the year		474,249	474,249
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	474,249	474,249
Dividends paid and payable	_	(722,400)	(722,400)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(722,400)	(722,400)
At 31 March 2017	104	595,525	595,629

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2017

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 388 Boldmere Road, Sutton Coldfield, West Midlands, B73 5EZ.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

### 3. Accounting policies

### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

### **Transition to FRS 102**

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 10.

### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### **Fixed asset investments**

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

### **Impairment**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

#### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

### **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

### 4. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2017	2016
	3	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	6,653	35,439
<del></del>		

### Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

5.	Tangible assets		. ~ .		
<b>.</b>	rungibio acces	Freehold property	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	3
	Cost				
	At 1 April 2016	160,000	83,710	122,391	366,101
	Additions Disposals	-	5,858 -	- (11,477)	5,858 (11,477)
	At 31 March 2017	160,000	89,568	110,914	360,482
	Depreciation	<u></u> -		<del></del>	
	At 1 April 2016	-	39,800	45,874	85,674
	Charge for the year	-	8,523	18,130	26,653
	Disposals	<u> </u>		(6,971)	(6,971)
	At 31 March 2017		48,323	57,033	105,356
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 March 2017	160,000	41,245	53,881	255,126
	At 31 March 2016	160,000	43,910	76,517	280,427
6.	Investments			Other investments	Total
			•	other than loans	
				£	£
	Cost		•	0.45.000	0.45.000
	At 1 April 2016			345,000 (345,000)	345,000
	Disposals			(345,000)	(345,000)
	At 31 March 2017			<u>-</u>	-
	Impairment At 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017			· <u>-</u>	
	•				===
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2017			-	-
	At 31 March 2016			345,000	345,000
	ALO I MIGIOTI ZOTO				

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

7.	Debtors		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade debtors	590,250	249,797
	Other debtors	52,045	49,308
		642,295	299,105
		<del></del>	
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	342,484	239,450
	Corporation tax	130,225	28,392
	Social security and other taxes	117,272	128,558
	Other creditors	43,489	18,102
		633,470	414,502

# 9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2017			
		Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Balance o/standing
		£	3	£
G.J. Farrelly		6,391	(6,596)	(205)
J.J. Farrelly		(7,232)	(6,338)	(13,570)
P.J. Farrelly		830	(854)	(24)
		(11)	(13,788)	(13,799)
	2016			
•		Balance	Advances	Balance
		brought	/(credits) to	o/standing
			the directors	
		3	£	£
G.J. Farrelly		4,042	2,349	6,391
J.J. Farrelly		(22,884)	15,652	(7,232)
P.J. Farrelly		1,176	(346)	830
		(17,666)	17,655	(11)

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

# 10. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 April 2015.

# Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

### Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

No transitional adjustments were required.