Company registration number: 05906192

5763 Associates Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

30 June 2023

5763 ASSOCIATES LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

30 JUNE 2023

		2023		2022	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	283,617		-	
			283,617		-
Current assets					
Debtors	6	750		4,135	
Cash at bank and in hand		10,783		95,339	
		11,533		99,474	
Creditors: amounts falling due	7	(100 046)		(4 000)	
within one year	7	(199,846)		(4,222)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(188,313)		95,252
Total assets less current liabilities			95,304		95,252
Net assets			95,304		95,252
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			10		10
Profit and loss account	8		95,294		95,242
Shareholders funds			95,304		95,252

For the year ending 30 June 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question

in accordance with section 476;

- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to

accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 11 December 2023, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr R A Dick

Director

Company registration number: 05906192

5763 ASSOCIATES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is 5763 Associates Limited , Summer Meadow, Old Minster Lovell, Witney, Oxfordshire, OX29 0RN.

Principal activity

The principal activities of the company are that of lease negotiation services and wood working business.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 33 % straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Investment property

Investment property is measured initially at cost, which includes purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure. Investment property is revalued to its fair value at each reporting date and any changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. In the statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are shown within borrowing or current liabilities.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at theend of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2022: 1).

5. Tangible assets

	Freehold property	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 July 2022	-	1,177	1,177
Additions	283,243	558	283,801
At 30 June 2023	283,243	1,735	284,978
Depreciation			
At 1 July 2022	-	1,177	1,177
Charge for the year	-	184	184
At 30 June 2023		1,361	1,361
Carrying amount			
At 30 June 2023	283,243	374	283,617
At 30 Julie 2023	203,243	374	200,017
At 30 June 2022	-	-	-
Investment property			
Included within the above is investment property measured at fair value as	s follows:		
			£
Additions			283,243
6. Debtors			
		2023	2022
		£	£
Trade debtors		750	4,135
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2023	2022
		£	£
Trade creditors		722	677
Accruals and deferred income		7,096	940
Social security and other taxes		31	140
Other creditors		191,997	2,465
		199,846	4,222

8. Reserves

Profit and loss account: This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2023

1010			
	Balance brought forward	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£
The Director	(2,465)	(189,532)	(191,997)
2022			
	Balance	Amounts	Balance
	brought	repaid	o/standing
	forward		
	£	£	£
The Director	(1,945)	(520)	(2,465)

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.