Company Registration No. 05904737 (England and Wales)

QUICKREPLY LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 26 APRIL 2020

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

A A Adegoke

APO Dick

Secretary

T J Piper

Company number

05904737

Registered office

Unit A

Brook Park East Shirebrook Mansfield NG20 8RY

Auditor

Cooper Parry Group Limited

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Sky View Argosy Road

East Midlands Airport
Castle Donington

Derby DE74 2SA :

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 26 APRIL 2020

The directors present their directors' report and financial statements for the period ended 26 April 2020.

Principal activities

The principal activity was previously that of retailing of sportswear. The Company has ceased trading and will be dormant for the foreseeable future.

Directors

The directors who held office during the period and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

A A Adegoke A P O Dick

Results and dividends

The loss for the period, after taxation, amounted to £75 (2019; loss of £4,963).

No ordinary dividends were paid. The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

Frasers Group plc (formerly Sports Direct International plc) has granted the directors of the Company with Qualifying Third Party Indemnity provisions within the meaning given to the term by Sections 234 and 235 of the Companies Act 2006. This is in respect of liabilities to which they may become liable in their capacity as director of the Company and of any company within the group. Such indemnities were in force throughout the financial period and will remain in force.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemptions provided by Section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board

Votus ldegoke

A A Adegoke

Director 25 March 2021

Date:

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 26 APRIL 2020

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business; and
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF QUICKREPLY LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Quickreply Limited (the 'Company') for the period ended 26 April 2020 which comprises the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accountancy Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standards applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 26 April 2020 and of its loss for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF QUICKREPLY LIMITED

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF QUICKREPLY LIMITED

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Alison Fovargue (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Cooper Parry Group Limited

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Sky View Argosy Road East Midlands Airport Castle Donington

Derby DE74 2SA

Date: 31 March 2021

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 26 APRIL 2020

		Period ended 26 April	Period ended 28 April
Administrative expenses Loss before taxation	Notes	2020 £ (75) (75)	2019 £ (4,963) (4,963)
Tax on loss	5	-	-
Loss for the financial period		(75)	(4,963) ====

There were no other recognised gains or losses for 2020 other than those included in the profit and loss account (2019: £nil).

The notes on pages 8 - 12 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 26 APRIL 2020

		2020)	2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	6	93,183	_	-	
Cash at bank and in hand		48		73,757	
		93,231		73,757	
Creditors: amounts falling due within		•		•	
one year	7	(47,269)		(27,720)	
Net current assets			45,962 ———		46,037
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		2		2
Profit and loss reserves	9		45,960		46,035
Total equity			45,962		46,037
- ·					

The notes on pages 8 - 12 form part of these financial statements.

25 March 2021

Dotusigned by:

Dotus Llegoke
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A A Adegoke

Director

Company Registration No. 05904737

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 26 APRIL 2020

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Quickreply Limited (the 'Company') is a private company limited by shares incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit A, Brook Park East, Shirebrook, Mansfield, NG20 8RY.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the Company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £. The financial statements are for a period of 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020 (2019: 52 weeks ended 28 April 2019).

This company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements:

- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows': Presentation of a statement of cash flow and related notes and disclosures;
- Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues': Interest income/expense and net gains/losses for each category of financial instrument; basis of determining fair values; details of collateral, loan defaults or breaches, details of hedges, hedging fair value changes recognised in profit or loss and in other comprehensive income;
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures': Compensation for key management personnel.

The financial statements of the Company are consolidated in the financial statements of Frasers Group plc (formerly Sports Direct International plc). The group accounts of Frasers Group (formerly Sports Direct International plc) are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in note 11.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 2.

1.2 Going concern

The directors have reviewed future forecasts and have considered the impact of Coronavirus on the Company; with parent company support they consider that it is appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis.

1.3 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities such as trade and other accounts receivable and payable and loans to or from related parties.

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 26 APRIL 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.4 Taxation

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised.

1.5 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the time value of money is material the provision has been discounted.

Provisions for onerous lease contracts are recognised when the Company believes the unavoidable costs of meeting the lease obligations exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under the lease.

1.6 Leases

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 26 APRIL 2020

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Critical judgements

The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Taxation

Management judgement is required to estimate the availability and allocation of tax losses within the group, based upon the level of taxable profits across the group.

Estimation is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon likely timing and level of future profits.

Provisions

The basis of the estimation and the provisioning for onerous lease contracts is detailed in the provisions accounting policy and note.

The company recognises dilapidation provisions on the leasehold property it occupies where it is probable that the company will be required to serve the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount. The directors assess the level of provision required on a property by property basis based on past experience from the wider Sports Direct group. The provisions are reviewed annually to ensure that they reflect the current best estimate of the provision required.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, external advice and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Leases

The directors determine whether leases entered into are an operating lease or a finance lease. These decisions depend on an assessment of whether the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred from the lessor to the Company on a lease by lease basis based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, and accordingly whether the lease requires an asset and liability to be recognised in the balance sheet.

3 Operating loss

Operating loss for the period is stated after charging:	2020 £	2019 £
Fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's financial statements	3,100	3,035

4 Employees

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2019: £nil). Directors are remunerated by other group companies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 26 APRIL 2020

5 Taxation

The actual charge for the period can be reconciled to the expected credit for the period based on the profit or loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Loss before taxation	(75)	(4,963)
		
Expected tax credit based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK		
of 19.00% (2019: 19.00%)	(14)	(943)
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	14	943
Group relief	(228)	494
UK transfer pricing adjustment for notional interest	228	(494)
Taxation charge for the period	-	

In accordance with the Finance Act 2020 (which was substantively enacted on 22 July 2020), the previous legislation which reduced the main rate of corporation tax from 19% to 17% with effect from 1 April 2020 was repealed, thereby maintaining the current rate of corporation tax at 19%, which has been the rate in force since 1 April 2017.

6 Debtors

	•	2020	2019
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	93,183	_
			======
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Trade creditors	24,000	-
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	20,319	24,769
	Accruals and deferred income	2,950	2,951
		 47,269	27,720

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 26 APRIL 2020

8	Share capital		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

9 Profit and loss reserves

The profit and loss reserve represents accumulated comprehensive income for the current and prior periods.

10 Operating lease commitments

At the reporting end date the Company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Within one year	80,000	80,000
Between two and five years	45,808	125,808
	125,808	205,808

The lease obligation is with Quickreply Limited however the costs are currently borne by other group companies.

11 Ultimate controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is M J W Ashley, by virtue of his 100% ownership of MASH Holdings Limited, the ultimate parent company. MASH Holdings Limited indirectly holds the majority of shares in SDI Sport London Limited, the immediate parent company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Frasers Group plc (Sports Direct International plc).

Frasers Group plc (formerly Sports Direct International plc) is the smallest group and MASH Holdings Limited is the largest group for which consolidated accounts are prepared. Both MASH Holdings Limited and Frasers Group plc (formerly Sports Direct International plc) are companies registered in England and Wales. A copy of the respective group accounts can be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.