COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 05896479

Anglia Air Testing Limited Unaudited financial statements 31 March 2020



Statement of financial position

31 March 2020

Fixed assets Fixed assets £ <th></th> <th></th> <th colspan="2">2020</th> <th colspan="2">2019</th>			2020		2019	
Current assets 5 8,083 13,020 Current assets 6 144,875 (207,292) 58,847 (207,292) 58,847 (207,292) 58,847 (207,292) 58,007 (207,292) 58,847 (207,292) 62,417 (207,292) 95,307 (207,292) 154,154		Note		£		£
Current assets 6 144,875 58,847 Cash at bank and in hand 62,417 95,307 207,292 154,154 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year 7 (17,862) (11,324) Net current assets 189,430 142,830 Total assets less current liabilities 197,513 155,850 Provisions (1,536) (2,213) Net assets 195,977 153,637 Capital and reserves 100 100 Called up share capital 100 153,537 Profit and loss account 195,877 153,537		_		0.000		40.000
Debtors 6 144,875 58,847 Cash at bank and in hand 62,417 95,307 207,292 154,154 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year 7 (17,862) (11,324) Net current assets 189,430 142,830 Total assets less current liabilities 197,513 155,850 Provisions Taxation including deferred tax (1,536) (2,213) Net assets 195,977 153,637 Capital and reserves 100 100 Called up share capital 100 100 Profit and loss account 195,877 153,537	rangible assets	5		8,083		13,020
Cash at bank and in hand 62,417 207,292 95,307 154,154 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year 7 (17,862) (11,324) Net current assets 189,430 197,513 142,830 155,850 Provisions Taxation including deferred tax (1,536) (2,213) (2,213) Net assets 195,977 153,637 153,637 Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account 100 100 153,537						
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year 7 (17,862)		6			•	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year 7 (17,862) (11,324) Net current assets 189,430 142,830 Total assets less current liabilities 197,513 155,850 Provisions Taxation including deferred tax (1,536) (2,213) Net assets 195,977 153,637 Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account 100 100 Profit and loss account 195,877 153,537	Cash at bank and in hand		62,417		<u>95,307</u>	
one year 7 (17,862) (11,324) Net current assets 189,430 142,830 Total assets less current liabilities 197,513 155,850 Provisions (1,536) (2,213) Net assets 195,977 153,637 Capital and reserves (2,213) 100 100 Called up share capital 100 100 153,537 Profit and loss account 195,877 153,537 153,537			207,292		154,154	
Net current assets 189,430 142,830 Total assets less current liabilities 197,513 155,850 Provisions (1,536) (2,213) Net assets 195,977 153,637 Capital and reserves (2,213) 100 100 Called up share capital 100 100 153,537 Profit and loss account 195,877 153,537	Creditors: Amounts falling due within					
Provisions(1,536)(2,213)Taxation including deferred tax(1,536)(2,213)Net assets195,977153,637Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account100100Profit and loss account195,877153,537	one year	7	(17,862) ————		<u>(11,324)</u>	
Provisions (1,536) (2,213) Net assets 195,977 153,637 Capital and reserves 2014 100 100 Called up share capital 100 100 153,537 Profit and loss account 195,877 153,537	Net current assets			189,430		142,830
Taxation including deferred tax (1,536) (2,213) Net assets 195,977 153,637 Capital and reserves 2 100 100 Called up share capital 100 100 100 Profit and loss account 195,877 153,537	Total assets less current liabilities			197,513		155,850
Net assets 195,977 153,637 Capital and reserves 200 100 Called up share capital 100 100 Profit and loss account 195,877 153,537	Provisions					
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account 100 100 153,537	Taxation including deferred tax			(1,536)		(2,213)
Called up share capital 100 100 Profit and loss account 195,877 153,537	Net assets			195,977		153,637
Profit and loss account 195,877 153,537	Capital and reserves					
						
Shareholders funds 195,977 153,637	Profit and loss account			<u>195,877</u>		153,537
	Shareholders funds			195,977		153,637

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on behalf of the board by:

Mr C R Tilley Director

Company registration number: 05896479

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 March 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Bankside 300, Peachman Way, Broadland Business Park, Norwich, NR7 0LB. The trading address is The Glass House, Lynford Gardens, Lynford Road, Mundford, Thetford, Norfolk, IP26 5HW.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Deferred tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2020

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible assets (continued)

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 25% straight line
Motor vehicles - 25% straight line
Office equipment - 10% straight line

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of employees during the year was 3 (2019: 3).

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2020

5.	Tangible assets				
		Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
	Cost At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020	13,211	17,295	3,927	34,433
	Depreciation At 1 April 2019 Charge for the year	10,533 1,405	8,540 3,323	2,340 209	21,413 4,937
	At 31 March 2020	11,938	11,863	2,549	26,350
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2020	1,273	5,432	1,378	8,083
	At 31 March 2019	2,678	8,755	1,587	13,020
6.	Debtors				
	Trade debtors Other debtors			2020 £ 11,277 133,598	2019 £ 12,933 45,914
				144,875	58,847
7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within o	one year			
				2020 £	2019 £
	Trade creditors Social security and other taxes			3,008 13,023	1,248 8,564
	Other creditors			1,831	1,512
				17,862	11,324