

**Registered Number 05892438**

**N ANDERSON METAL RECYCLING LIMITED**

**Abbreviated Accounts**

**31 August 2016**

## Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2016

	Notes	2016	2015
		£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	2	9,915	13,220
		<u>9,915</u>	<u>13,220</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks		12,351	17,497
Debtors		12,500	12,404
Cash at bank and in hand		556,939	558,289
		<u>581,790</u>	<u>588,190</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>		(58,096)	(61,996)
<b>Net current assets (liabilities)</b>		<u>523,694</u>	<u>526,194</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>533,609</u>	<u>539,414</u>
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>		(1,451)	(1,995)
<b>Total net assets (liabilities)</b>		<u>532,158</u>	<u>537,419</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	3	2	2
Profit and loss account		532,156	537,417
<b>Shareholders' funds</b>		<u>532,158</u>	<u>537,419</u>

- For the year ending 31 August 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 9 March 2017

And signed on their behalf by:

**M Anderson, Director**

**Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 31 August 2016****1 Accounting Policies****Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts**

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015)

**Turnover policy**

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding Value Added Tax, of sales made during the year and derives from the provision of goods falling within the company's ordinary activities.

**Tangible assets depreciation policy**

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual; value of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:

Plant and machinery: 25% reducing balance

**Valuation information and policy**

Stock and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

**Other accounting policies****Pensions**

The pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contribution payable by the company during the year.

The regular cost of providing retirement pensions and related benefits is charged to the profit and loss account over the employees' service lives on the basis of a constant percentage of earnings.

**Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying

timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

## 2 Tangible fixed assets

	£
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1 September 2015	54,025
Additions	-
Disposals	-
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 31 August 2016	<u>54,025</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>	
At 1 September 2015	40,805
Charge for the year	3,305
On disposals	-
At 31 August 2016	<u>44,110</u>
<b>Net book values</b>	
At 31 August 2016	<u>9,915</u>
At 31 August 2015	<u>13,220</u>

## 3 Called Up Share Capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2016	2015
	£	£
2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

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