FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 DECEMBER 2009

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L18 29/09/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE Company No. 05882540

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2009

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2009

Principal activities

The company was incorporated on 1 November 2006. It has not traded during the year

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

BT Delaney M Johnson

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any
 relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

N Orme Secretary

29 September 2009



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LEAGAS DELANEY CZECH REPUBLIC LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Leagas Delaney Czech Republic Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 which comprise the principal accounting policies, balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/UKNP

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its result for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the report of the directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LEAGAS DELANEY CZECH REPUBLIC LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements and the report of the directors in accordance with the small companies regime

MARK HENSHAW (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of

GRANT THORNTON UK LLP

STATUTORY AUDITOR

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

29 September 2010

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

The principal accounting policies of the company remains unchanged from the prior year and is set out below

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Consolidation

In the opinion of the directors, the company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemption provided by Section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 not to prepare group accounts. The financial statements therefore present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is small

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2009

Company registration number 05882540

agaret Johnson

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
Fixed assets Investments	2	4,952	4,952
Current assets Debtors	3	1,000	1,000
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(4,952)	(4,952)
Net current liabilities		(3,952)	(3,952)
Total assets less current liabilities		1,000	1,000
Capital and reserves Called-up equity share capital	8	1,000	1,000
Shareholders' funds		1,000	1,000

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 September 2010

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 DECEMBER 2009

1 Profit and loss account

The company did not trade during the year and has made neither a profit nor a loss. No Profit and Loss Account has therefore been prepared

The costs of the company's administration, including statutory audit fees, are borne by fellow group undertakings

2 Investments

3

4

		Shares in group companies £
Cost At 1 January 2009 and 31 December 2009		4,952
Net book value At 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008		4,952
Debtors	2009 £	2008 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,000	1,000
Creditors. amounts falling due within one year	2009 £	2008 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	4,952	4,952

5 Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at 31 December 2009 or 31 December 2008

6 Capital Commitments

There were no capital commitments at 31 December 2009 or 31 December 2008

7 Related party transactions

At the balance sheet date the company owed £4,952 (2008 £4,952) to Leagas Delany London Limited, a subsidiary company

At the balance sheet date the company was owed £600 (2008 £600) by Leagas Delany Limited, its parent company

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 DECEMBER 2009

8	Share	capital
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Authorised share capital			2009 £	2008 £
1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			1,000	1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid	2009 No	£	2008 No	£
1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000

10 Ultimate parent company

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking is Leagas Delaney Limited, which is the parent undertaking is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. The directors of Leagas Delaney Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales, are considered to be the ultimate controlling party.