Registered number: 05881177

A & A BUILDING MAINTENANCE (UK) LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

A & A BUILDING MAINTENANCE (UK) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 05881177

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 AUGUST 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		13,292		17,726
			13,292	_	17,726
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	101,922		91,947	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	115,564		81,306	
	-	217,486	_	173,253	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(157,298)		(144,171)	
Net current assets	-		60,188		29,082
Total assets less current liabilities		_	73,480	_	46,808
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(32,686)		(46,638)
Net assets		-	40,794	- =	170
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		2		2
Profit and loss account			40,792		168
		_	40,794	_	170

A & A BUILDING MAINTENANCE (UK) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 05881177

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 AUGUST 2022

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 14 December 2022.

A Viney

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

1. General information

A & A Building Maintenance (UK) Limited is a company domiciled in England and Wales, registration number 05881177. The registered office is Unit 7, North Estate, Old Oxford Road, Piddington, High Wycombe, Bucks. HP14 3BL.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.5 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.6 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

2.7 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.8 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2.9 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, as follows.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance
Office equipment - 25% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.11 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.13 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.14 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

2.15 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 4 (2021 - 4).

4. Intangible assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
At 1 September 2021	100,000
At 31 August 2022	100,000
Amortisation	
At 1 September 2021	100,000
At 31 August 2022	100,000
Net book value	
At 31 August 2022	<u>-</u>
At 31 August 2021	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

5.	Tangible fixed assets			
		Motor vehicles	Office equipment	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost or valuation			
	At 1 September 2021	76,190	1,181	77,371
	At 31 August 2022	76,190	1,181	77,371
	Depreciation 2004	50 500	4 000	ED 040
	At 1 September 2021 Charge for the year on owned assets	58,560 1,294	1,086 24	59,646 1,318
	Charge for the year on owned assets Charge for the year on financed assets	1,294 3,115	-	3,115
				<u> </u>
	At 31 August 2022	62,969 ————	1,110 	64,079
	Net book value			
	At 31 August 2022	<u>13,221</u>	<u>71</u>	13,292
	At 31 August 2021	<u>17,631</u>	95	17,726
6.	Debtors			
			2022	2021
			£	£
	Trade debtors		32,829	51,428
	Other debtors		68,173	39,626
	Prepayments and accrued income		920	893
			101,922	91,947
7.	Cash and cash equivalents			
	·			
			2022 £	2021 £
	Cash at bank and in hand		115,564	81,306
			115,564	81,306

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Bank loans	10,000	10,000
	Trade creditors	31,095	21,067
	Other taxation and social security	98,147	82,368
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	5,281	5,281
	Other creditors	10,975	23,655
	Accruals and deferred income	1,800	1,800
		157,298	144,171
9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Bank loans	28,909	38,333
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	3,777	8,305
			46,638

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

10.	Loans		
	Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2022 €	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year	£	£
	Bank loans	10,000	10,000
		10,000	10,000
	Amounts falling due 1-2 years		
	Bank loans	10,000	10,000
		10,000	10,000
	Amounts falling due 2-5 years		
	Bank loans	18,909	28,333
		18,909 	28,333
			48,333
			40,000
11.	Share capital		
		2022	2021
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	£	£
	2 (2021 - 2) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	2	2

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.