Inter Bay Financial I Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2022 Company Number: 05878146

COMPANIES HOUSE

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Inter Bay Financial I Limited Company Information

DIRECTORS Jon Hall

Clive Kornitzer

Richard Wilson

COMPANY SECRETARY Melanie Mann

REGISTERED OFFICE Reliance House

Sun Pier Chatham ME4 4ET

REGISTERED NUMBER 05878146 (England and Wales)

AUDITOR Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor 4 Brindley Place Birmingham B1 2HZ

Inter Bay Financial I Limited Directors' Report

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

The Directors present their Annual Report, including the Directors' Report and Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, together with the audited financial statements and Auditor's Report for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Inter Bay Financial I Limited (the Company) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of OSB GROUP PLC (OSBG). The Group comprises of OSBG and its subsidiaries.

Incorporation and principal activity

The Company was incorporated on 17 July 2006. The principal activity of the Company is as a holding company.

Business review and results

Net interest expense for the year increased by £93k to £270k (2021: £177k) driven by the higher cost of funding from OneSavings Bank plc (OSB). The loss after taxation for the year was £219k (2021: £143k), which decreased total equity shareholders' funds at 31 December 2022 to a net deficit of £18,164k (2021: £17,945k).

Future developments

The Directors propose and intend to liquidate the Company. Although the Board are yet to approve the proposal it is likely the Company will be liquidated within the next 12 months from the date of these accounts. Consequently these financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties that the Company is exposed to, as an intermediate holding company for its subsidiaries, are the risks that its subsidiaries and the Group are exposed to. These risks and uncertainties are managed at Group level, through the Group's risk governance framework reporting to the Group Risk Committee. For further information see the OSBG Annual Report and Accounts 2022 (which do not form part of these accounts), principal risks and uncertainties section.

Going concern

The Directors believe, as the Company is likely to be liquidated within the next 12 months from the date of these accounts, that it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a basis other than going concern. No material adjustments arose as a result of ceasing to apply the going concern basis, with Investments being classified as current assets.

Directors and their interests

The Directors who served during the year and to the date of this Directors' Report, unless otherwise stated, were as follows:

Jon Hall (appointed on 29 July 2022) Clive Kornitzer Neil Richardson (resigned on 27 July 2022) Richard Wilson

No Director had any beneficial interest either in the share capital of the Company, or in any material contract or arrangement with the Company at any time during the year under review.

Nickesha Graham-Burrell was the Company Secretary during the year and until 2 June 2023. The Company Secretary from 2 June 2023 to the date of this report is Melanie Mann.

Inter Bay Financial I Limited Directors' Report (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Directors' indemnities

The Articles provide, subject to the provisions of UK legislation, an indemnity for Directors and Officers of the Company in respect of liabilities they may incur in the discharge of their duties or in the exercise of their powers, including any liabilities relating to the defence of any proceedings brought against them, which relate to anything done or omitted, or alleged to have been done or omitted, by them as Officers or employees of the Company. Directors' and Officers' liability insurance cover is in place in respect of all Directors within the Group.

Dividends

The Directors do not recommend a dividend for 2022 (2021: nil).

Events after the reporting date

On 10 May 2023, the Company's immediate parent, Interbay Holdings Limited, sold the Company to OSB as part of a legal entity simplification across the Group. The Company became a direct subsidiary of OSB from this date.

The Directors propose and intend to liquidate the Company. Although the Board are yet to approve the proposal it is likely the Company will be liquidated within the next 12 months from the date of these accounts.

Audit disclosure

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirms that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's Auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's Auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

The Company has applied the Small Companies exemption of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Auditor

The Auditor, Deloitte LLP, has expressed its willingness to continue in office. Pursuant to section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the Auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and Deloitte LLP will therefore continue in office.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:

Melanie Mann

Company Secretary

8 June 2023

Inter Bay Financial I Limited Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland". Under company law, the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:

Melanie Mann Company Secretary

8 June 2023

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Inter Bay Financial I Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Inter Bay Financial I Limited (the Company):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- · the Statement of Comprehensive Income;
- the Statement of Financial Position;
- the Statement of Changes in Equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 12.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the FRC's) Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter – Financial statements prepared other than on a going concern basis

We draw attention to note 1c in the financial statements, which indicates that the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Inter Bay Financial I Limited (continued)

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the Company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the Company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management and the directors about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including those that are specific to the company's business sector.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the Company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included UK Companies Act and Tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the Company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

We discussed among the audit engagement team including relevant internal specialists such as tax specialists regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Inter Bay Financial I Limited (continued)

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management and external legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance, reviewing internal audit reports, reviewing correspondence with HMRC and other regulators.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

— DocuSigned by:

Neil Reed, FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor Birmingham, United Kingdom 8 June 2023

Inter Bay Financial I Limited Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Interest receivable and similar income	2	22	16
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	. 2	(292)	(193)
Net interest expense		(270)	(177)
Loss before taxation	4	(270)	(177)
Tax on loss	6	51	34
Loss for the financial year		(219)	(143)

The above results are derived wholly from discontinued operations.

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the loss for the year and accordingly no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Inter Bay Financial I Limited Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Fixed assets	·	1	
Investments	7		-
Current assets		ì	
Investments	. 7)	-
Debtors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	1,812	1,774
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	9	(19,976)	(19,719)
Net current liabilities		(18,164)	(17,945)
Total assets less current liabilities		(18,164)	(17,945)
Net liabilities		(18,164)	(17,945)
		1	
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10		-
Profit and loss account		(18,164)	(17,945)
Shareholders' funds		(18,164)	(17,945)

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 8 June 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

Clive Kornitzer

Director

Company registered number: 05878146

Inter Bay Financial I Limited Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

·	Called up share capital' £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total shareholders' funds £'000
At 1 January 2021	-	(17,802)	(17,802)
Loss for the financial year		(143)	(143)
At 31 December 2021	-	(17,945)	(17,945)
Loss for the financial year	•	(219)	(219)
At 31 December 2022	-	(18,164)	(18,164)

^{1.} The Company's called up share capital of £0.01 is further disclosed in note 10.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

1. Accounting policies

a) Company information

Inter Bay Financial I Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom (UK) under the Companies Act 2006 and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the Company's registered office is shown on page 1.

The principal activities of the Company are set out in the Directors' Report on page 2.

b) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards, including FRS 102, and with the Companies Act 2006. The Company has elected to apply the recognition and measurement requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS 9) as permitted by FRS 102 section 11. The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis. Amendments to FRS 102 applicable for the first time this year had no material impact on the Company's accounts. The presentation currency of these financial statements is Pounds Sterling. These financial statements are the Company's separate financial statements. All amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand (£'000).

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking, OSBG, includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements. The Company is an intermediate holding company and exempt from preparing group accounts within these financial statements and accordingly, these financial statements relate to the Company only. The consolidated financial statements of OSBG are prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the UK and interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRS IC). These are available to the public and may be obtained from OSBG's registered office: OSB House, Quayside, Chatham Maritime, Chatham, ME4 4QZ.

In these financial statements, the Company is considered to be a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102 and has applied the exemptions available under FRS 102 in respect of the following disclosures:

- The requirements within Section 3 Financial Statements.
- The requirements within Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows.

As the consolidated financial statements of OSBG include the disclosures equivalent to those required by FRS 102, the Company has also taken the exemptions available in respect of the following disclosures:

The requirements within Section 33 Related Party Disclosures.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all years presented in these financial statements.

There were no significant judgements made by the Directors, in the application of these accounting policies that have a significant effect on the financial statements and there were no estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the current or subsequent year.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

1. Accounting policies (continued)

c) Going concern

The Directors believe, as the Company is likely to be liquidated within the next 12 months from the date of these accounts, that it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a basis other than going concern. No material adjustments arose as a result of ceasing to apply the going concern basis, with Investments being classified as current assets.

d) Interest income and expense

Interest receivable and similar income and interest expense and similar charges represent interest on intercompany balances with Group undertakings. Interest is calculated in line with the Group transfer pricing policy and is accounted for on an accruals basis.

All interest receivable and similar income are earned from the operations in United Kingdom.

e) Tax on loss

Tax is recognised in profit and loss account consistently with the recognition of items it relates to.

The current tax charge is the expected tax or credit on the taxable profit or loss for the year and any adjustments in respect of previous years.

f) Investments

The Company holds investment in subsidiaries at cost less impairment. The Company performs an annual impairment assessment of its investment in subsidiary undertakings, assessing the cost of investment against the subsidiaries' net asset values at the reporting date for indication of impairment. Where there is indication of impairment, the Company estimates the subsidiaries value in use by estimating future profitability and the impact on the net assets of the subsidiary. The Company recognises an impairment directly in profit and loss account when the value in use is less than the cost of investment. Impairments are subsequently reversed if future annual impairment assessments show the value in use of the subsidiary has increased.

g) Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities such as amounts owed by and to Group undertakings.

h) Amounts owed by and to Group undertakings

Amounts owed by and to Group undertakings are payable on demand. Interest is receivable and payable in accordance with the policy on interest income and expense, see d) above.

Amounts owed by Group undertakings are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method, less any expected credit losses (ECL). They are assessed for ECL based on an assessment of the probability of default (PD).

Amounts owed to Group undertakings are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

2. Interest receivable and similar income

·	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
On loans to Group undertakings	22	16

3. Interest payable and similar charges

	2022	2021
	£'000	£,000
On loans from Group undertakings	292	193

4. Loss before taxation

The audit fee for the year of £5,500 (2021: £5,000) payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's financial statements was borne and paid by its subsidiary, InterBay Asset Finance Limited.

5. Information regarding Directors and employees

The Company has no employees. OSB provides the Company with employee services.

None of the Directors of the Company are Directors of OSBG and are not remunerated in respect of their qualifying services as Directors of the Company.

6. Tax on loss

		2022] .	2021
		£'000	,	£'000
	:		1	
Corporation tax - current year		(51)	1	(34)
		(51)		(34)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The effective tax rate for the year ended 31 December 2022, excluding the impact of adjustments in respect of earlier years was 19% (2021: 19%). The tax reconciliation is presented below:

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Loss before tax	(270)	(177)
Loss multiplied by the weighted average rate of corporation tax in the UK	(51)	(34)
- Composition tax in the one	(51)	(34)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

6. Tax on loss (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

On 24 May 2021, the Government substantively enacted legislation to increase the corporation tax rate from 19% to 25% from 1 April 2023.

In September 2022, the Government announced that the above changes would be cancelled, but then in October 2022 announced that the changes would go ahead as enacted.

As at 31 December 2022, the Company had £3.4m (2021: £3.4m) of losses for which a deferred tax asset has not been recognised as the Company does not expect sufficient future profits to be available to utilise the losses.

7. Investments

The Company's cost and net book value of investments in subsidiary undertakings as at 31 December 2022 was £4 (2021: £4). No impairment on cost of investment in subsidiaries was recognised during the year (2021: nil). In preparing the accounts on a basis other than going concern, the Company has classified Investments as current assets (prior year: fixed assets).

The Company had the following investments in subsidiary undertakings as at 31 December 2022:

Name	Class of shares	. Holding	Principal activity	Aggregate of share capital and reserves	Profit / (loss) £'000
5D Finance Limited	Ordinary	100%	Origination, acquisition and servicing of mortgage loans	2,885	477
InterBay Asset Finance Limited	Ordinary	100%	Secured lending	230	· 3,241
				3,115	3,718

The registered office of the above subsidiaries is Reliance House, Sun Pier, Chatham, ME4 4ET.

8. Debtors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2022		2021
		£'000	£'000
Due within one year			
Amounts owed by Group undertakings		1,761	1,740
Corporation tax receivable		51	34
	•	1,812	1,774

The Company assesses amounts owed by Group undertakings for impairment. No impairment has been recognised during 2022 (2021: nil).

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

		2022	
	•	£'000	£'000
	· i,		
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	· ·	19,976	19,719
		19,976	19,719

10. Called up share capital

		}	2022	2021
·	•	. }	£	£
Allotted, called-up and fully paid		The section		
1 ordinary share of £0.01 each		<u> </u>	0.01	0.01

11. Ultimate parent undertaking

OSBG is the ultimate parent and controlling party preparing consolidated financial statements as the largest group of which the Company is a member. Copies of OSBG's financial statements may be obtained from the Company Secretary at the registered office: OSB House, Quayside, Chatham Maritime, Chatham, ME4 4QZ.

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of OSB. OSB is the parent company of the smallest group preparing consolidated financial statements of which the Company is a member. Copies of OSB's financial statements may be obtained from the Company Secretary at the registered office: Reliance House, Sun Pier, Chatham, Kent, ME4 4ET.

12. Events after the reporting date

On 10 May 2023, the Company's immediate parent, Interbay Holdings Limited, sold the Company to OSB as part of a legal entity simplification across the Group. The Company became a direct subsidiary of OSB from this date.

The Directors propose and intend to liquidate the Company. Although the Board are yet to approve the proposal it is likely the Company will be liquidated within the next 12 months from the date of these accounts.