

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 05877998

ILS ENGLISH LIMITED
FILLETED UNAUDITED ABRIDGED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 March 2018

ILS ENGLISH LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

31 March 2018

		2018	2017
			(restated)
	Note	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	5	14,540	19,355
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		4,718	2,500
Debtors		56,997	33,355
Cash at bank and in hand		113,590	80,900
		-----	-----
		175,305	116,755
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year		145,683	143,370
		-----	-----
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		29,622	(26,615)
		-----	-----
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		44,162	(7,260)
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year		10,292	6,568
PROVISIONS			
Other provisions		50,000	50,000
		-----	-----
NET LIABILITIES		(16,130)	(63,828)
		-----	-----
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		(16,230)	(63,928)
		-----	-----
SHAREHOLDERS DEFICIT		(16,130)	(63,828)
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These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged profit and loss account has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31st March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

ILS ENGLISH LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET *(continued)*

31 March 2018

All of the members have consented to the preparation of the abridged profit and loss account and the balance sheet for the year ending 31st March 2018 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 15 January 2019 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Ms. A.L. Dragun

Director

Company registration number: 05877998

ILS ENGLISH LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 3.3 Clarendon Park, Clumber Avenue, Nottingham, NG5 1AH.

2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	-	25% reducing balance
Office equipment	-	25% reducing balance
Motor vehicles	-	25% reducing balance
Computer equipment	-	33% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the balance sheet and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 17 (2017: 17).

5. Tangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1st April 2017 as restated	135,084
Additions	6,246

At 31st March 2018	141,330

Depreciation	
At 1st April 2017	115,729
Charge for the year	11,061

At 31st March 2018	126,790

Carrying amount	
At 31st March 2018	14,540

At 31st March 2017	19,355

6. Prior period errors

A Prior Year Adjustment has been necessary to correct for £34,280 of deferred income that was previously under-reflected in the accruals. The implications of this error were that assets were overstated by £34,280 and the net loss for the year was understated by £34,280.

7. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year Ms A L Dragun, director, made net withdrawals of £12,791 (2017: £3,032). At the year end Ms Dragun owed the company £6,128. In the previous year the company had owed Ms Dragun £6,663.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.