Report of the Directors and

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2016

for

St. Modwen Developments (Eccles) Limited

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St. Modwen Developments (Eccles) Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 30 November 2016

DIRECTORS: R J Hudson

S P Knowles

REGISTERED OFFICE: Park Point

17 High Street Longbridge Birmingham B31 2UQ

REGISTERED NUMBER: 05867740 (England and Wales)

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 30 November 2016

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 November 2016.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company is that of property investment.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 December 2015 to the date of this report.

R J Hudson S P Knowles

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

W A Oliver - resigned 30 November 2016 S F Prosser - resigned 30 November 2016

None of the directors had any interest in the shares of the company.

GOING CONCERN

The company is reliant on the support of its parent company, St. Modwen Properties PLC, to be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due. However, the directors consider that the company is an integral part of St. Modwen Properties PLC's structure and strategy and this is evidenced by a letter of support from St. Modwen Properties PLC, which states its intent to provide the necessary financial support to ensure that the company is a going concern for at least twelve months from the date of signing of these financial statements. After making enquiries and taking account of the factors noted above, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will have access to adequate resources to continue in existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements. In doing so, the directors have considered the latest guidelines from the Financial Reporting Council regarding the preparation of Financial Statements on a going concern basis.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

R J Hudson - Director

Date: 25 May 2017

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 November 2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
TURNOVER	2	249,000	642,226
Cost of sales		(10,914)	13,416
GROSS PROFIT		238,086	655,642
Gain on revaluation of investment proper	ty	498,148	1,702,471
OPERATING PROFIT and PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIE BEFORE TAXATION	ES 4	736,234	2,358,113
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(45,150)	(467,344)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	AR .	691,084	1,890,769
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOM	E	-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOM FOR THE YEAR	E	691,084	1,890,769

Balance Sheet 30 November 2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
FIXED ASSETS	1401\$3	*	*
Investment property	6	4,086,579	3,550,000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	7	2,619,001	2,404,808
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	8	(225,441)	(165,753)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		2,393,560	2,239,055
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		6,480,139	5,789,055
CARRELY AND DESCRIPTION			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	•		•
Called up share capital	9	1	l
Fair value reserve	10	660,754	158,975
Retained earnings	10	5,819,384	5,630,079
		6,480,139	5,789,055

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies for the year ended 30 November 2016.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2016 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

R J Hudson - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 November 2016

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Fair value reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 December 2014	1	4,433,065	(534,780)	3,898,286
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income Balance at 30 November 2015		1,197,014	693,755	1,890,769
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		189,305	501,779	691,084
Balance at 30 November 2016	1	5,819,384	660,754	6,480,139

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The company is incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006. The company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' as issued by the Financial Reporting Council incorporating the Amendments to FRS 101 issued in July 2015 other than those relating to legal changes.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the revaluation of investment properties.

The company meets the definition of qualifying entity under FRS 100 'Application of Financial Reporting Requirements' as issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Accordingly, in the year ended 30 November 2016, the company has undergone a transition from reporting under old UK GAAP to FRS 101.

The company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions included within paragraph 8 of FRS 101. The main impact of these disclosure exemptions is that these financial statements do not include a cash flow statement and financial instruments and related party disclosures. Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the consolidated financial statements of St. Modwen Properties PLC.

Turnover

Turnover represents sales from rental income receivable on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Investment property

Investment properties are carried at fair value following initial recognition at the present value of the consideration payable. To establish fair value, investment properties are independently valued on the basis of market value. Any surplus or deficit arising is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year. Investment properties are not depreciated.

Financial instruments

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised and carried at the lower of their original invoiced value or recoverable amount. Provision is made when there is evidence that the company will not be able to recover balances in full. Balances are written off when the probability of recovery is assessed as being remote.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash balances and short-term deposits with banks with initial maturity less than three months.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are recorded at amortised cost. Where payment is on deferred terms the liability is initially recorded by discounting the nominal amount payable to net present value. The discount to nominal value is amortised over the period of the deferred arrangement and charged to finance costs.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 November 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from, or paid to, the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Full payment is made for transfer pricing adjustments and group relief surrendered between group undertakings

Deferred income tax is recognised on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, using the rates of tax expected to apply based on legislation enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, carried forward tax credits or tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply when the related asset is realised or liability is settled, based on tax rates and laws substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

2. TURNOVER

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived wholly in the UK. The turnover is derived from the principal activity of the company.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The company had no employees (2015: nil) and is managed by its ultimate parent company, St. Modwen Properties PLC.

	2016	2015
	£	£
Directors' remuneration	-	-

4. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

The company has no losses other than those recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the current year and previous year.

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2016

5. TAXATION

Analysis of tax expense

	2016 £	2015 £
Current tax: Tax	48,781	133,220
Deferred tax	(3,631)	334,124
Total tax expense in statement of comprehensive income	45,150	467,344

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 November 2016

TAXATION - continued 5.

Factors affecting the tax expense

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit on ordinary activities before income tax	2016 £ 736,234	2015 £ 2,358,113
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20.330%)	147,247	479,404
Effects of: Impact of current year revaluations and indexation Adjustments in respect of prior years	(103,261) 1,164	(11,968) (92)
Tax expense	45,150	467,344

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES

Legislation substantively enacted at 30 November 2016 included provisions which reduced the main rate of corporation tax from 20% to 19% from 1 April 2017 and 17% from 1 April 2020. Current tax has therefore been provided at 20% and deferred tax at rates from 17% to 20%.

INVESTMENT PROPERTY 6.

	Total £
FAIR VALUE At 1 December 2015	3,550,000
Additions Revaluations	38,431 498,148
At 30 November 2016	4,086,579
NET BOOK VALUE At 30 November 2016	4,086,579
At 30 November 2015	3,550,000

7. **DEBTORS**

	2016 £	2015 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,615,369	2,404,808
Deferred tax asset - Property revaluations	3,631	-
Other debtors	1	-
	2,619,001	2,404,808

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 November 2016

8. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

0.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE	ILAK	2016	2015
			£	£
	Trade creditors		2,379	2,262
	Amounts owed to parent undertaking		134,316	_,
	Corporation tax		47,617	133,312
	Other tax and social security		13,157	13,008
	Accruals and deferred income		27,972	17,171
			225,441	165,753
9.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL			
			2016	2015
			£	£
	Allotted, called up and nil paid equity			
	1 Ordinary share of £1 each		1	1
10.	RESERVES			
			Fair	
		Retained	value	
		earnings -	reserve	Totals
		£	£	£
	At 1 December 2015	5,630,079	158,975	5,789,054
	Profit for the year	691,084	-	691,084
	Tax on realised revaluation	(3,631)	3,631	-
	Revaluation of property	(498,148)	498,148	
	At 30 November 2016	5,819,384	660,754	6,480,138
				

11. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The immediate and ultimate parent company is St. Modwen Properties PLC, a company registered in England and Wales. Copies of the Group report and financial statements of St. Modwen Properties PLC are available from the Registered Office at Park Point, 17 High Street, Longbridge, Birmingham, B31 2UQ. This is the smallest and largest group into which this company is consolidated.

12. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 8(k) of FRS 101 not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 November 2016

13. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING THE COMPANY'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In the application of the company's accounting policies outlined above, the directors are required to make judgements relating to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis for the reasons set out in the paragraph headed "Going concern" in the report of the directors.

Valuation of investment properties

The company adopts the valuation performed by its independent valuers as the fair value of its investment properties, following review by management. The valuation is performed according to RICS rules, using appropriate levels of professional judgement for the prevailing market conditions. Professional judgement is applied in determining such things as an appropriate yield for a given property, estimated rental values and the appropriateness of remediation expenditure and costs to complete.

14. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the company's accounting policies outlined above, the directors are required to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Taxation

As a property company, tax and its treatment is often an integral part of transactions. The outcome of tax treatments are recognised by the company to the extent the outcome is reasonably certain. The tax currently payable is based on the taxable result for the year. The taxable result may differ from the result as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that will not be taxable or deductible. In particular, as a property company, the effective tax rate for the year may reflect the benefit of certain investment gains not being taxable because of indexation, capital allowances, land remediation and other reliefs on certain property expenditure or the utilisation of capital tax losses brought forward.

15. TRANSITION TO FRS 101 NOTE

Under UK GAAP, the revaluation of investment properties was taken to the revaluation reserve and deferred tax on property revaluations was not recognised. Under FRS 101, such revaluations are debited or credited to the profit and loss account and included within retained earnings together with their associated deferred tax, therefore the impact of these current year and cumulative revaluations is transferred from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account and retained earnings respectively.

Under FRS 101, any cumulative retained earnings that have been derived from revaluations of investment properties (including associated deferred tax) are considered to represent unrealised reserves. As a result, these have been transferred from retained earnings to a separate fair value reserve to better distinguish those retained earnings that are realised.

Reconciliation of Equity 1 December 2014 (Date of Transition to FRS 101)

PIXED ASSETS 9,860,000 (9,860,000 9,860,000 1,000	Notes	UK GAAP £	Effect of transition to FRS 101 £	FRS 101
Nestment property	FIXED ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS		9,860,000		9,860,000
Debtors		9,860,000	-	9,860,000
Debtors	CURRENT ASSETS			
CREDITORS (6,060,220) - (6,060,220) NET CURRENT LIABILITIES (6,060,060) 334,125 (5,725,935) TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 3,799,940 334,125 4,134,065 CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year (218,608) - (218,608) ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME (17,172) - (17,172) NET ASSETS 3,564,160 334,125 3,898,285 CAPITAL AND RESERVES (218,608) 334,125 (534,780) Retained earnings 4,433,064 - 4,433,064	Debtors	- 160	334,125	
Amounts falling due within one year (6,060,220) - (6,060,220) NET CURRENT LIABILITIES (6,060,060) 334,125 (5,725,935) TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 3,799,940 334,125 4,134,065 CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year (218,608) - (218,608) ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME (17,172) - (17,172) NET ASSETS 3,564,160 334,125 3,898,285 CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital 1 - 1 Fair value reserve (868,905) 334,125 (534,780) Retained earnings 4,433,064 - 4,433,064		160	334,125	334,285
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES (6,060,060) 334,125 (5,725,935) TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 3,799,940 334,125 4,134,065 CREDITORS	CREDITORS			
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 3,799,940 334,125 4,134,065 CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year (218,608) - (218,608) ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME (17,172) NET ASSETS 3,564,160 334,125 3,898,285 CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Fair value reserve (868,905) Retained earnings 4,433,064 - 4,433,064	Amounts falling due within one year	(6,060,220)	-	(6,060,220)
LIABILITIES 3,799,940 334,125 4,134,065 CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year (218,608) - (218,608) ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME (17,172) - (17,172) NET ASSETS 3,564,160 334,125 3,898,285 CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital 1 - 1 Fair value reserve (868,905) 334,125 (534,780) Retained earnings 4,433,064 - 4,433,064	NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	(6,060,060)	334,125	(5,725,935)
Amounts falling due after more than one year (218,608) - (218,608) ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME (17,172) - (17,172) NET ASSETS 3,564,160 334,125 3,898,285 CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital 1 - 1 Fair value reserve (868,905) 334,125 (534,780) Retained earnings 4,433,064 - 4,433,064		3,799,940	334,125	4,134,065
year (218,608) - (218,608) ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME (17,172) - (17,172) NET ASSETS 3,564,160 334,125 3,898,285 CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital 1 - 1 1 Fair value reserve (868,905) 334,125 (534,780) Retained earnings 4,433,064 - 4,433,064	CREDITORS			
NET ASSETS 3,564,160 334,125 3,898,285 CAPITAL AND RESERVES 2 1 1 1 1 1 Fair value reserve (868,905) 334,125 (534,780) (534,780) Retained earnings 4,433,064 - 4,433,064 - 4,433,064	-	(218,608)	-	(218,608)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES 1 - 1 Called up share capital 1 - 1 Fair value reserve (868,905) 334,125 (534,780) Retained earnings 4,433,064 - 4,433,064	ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME	(17,172)	-	(17,172)
Called up share capital 1 - 1 Fair value reserve (868,905) 334,125 (534,780) Retained earnings 4,433,064 - 4,433,064	NET ASSETS	3,564,160	334,125	3,898,285
3,564,160 334,125 3,898,285	Called up share capital Fair value reserve	(868,905)	334,125	
		3,564,160	334,125	3,898,285

Reconciliation of Equity - continued 30 November 2015

		UK GAAP	Effect of transition to FRS 101	FRS 101
EIVED A GODMO	Notes	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS				
Tangible assets		3,550,000	(3,550,000)	2 550 000
Investment property		<u> </u>	3,550,000	3,550,000
		3,550,000	-	3,550,000
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors		2,404,808	-	2,404,808
CREDITORS				
Amounts falling due within one year		(165,753)		(165.752)
Amounts faming due within one year		(103,733)	<u>-</u>	(165,753)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		2,239,055	-	2,239,055
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT				
LIABILITIES		5,789,055	_	5,789,055
				
NET ASSETS		5,789,055		5,789,055
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital		1	_	1
Fair value reserve		833,567	(674,592)	158,975
Retained earnings		4,955,487	674,592	5,630,079
		5,789,055	_	5,789,055

Reconciliation of Profit for the Year Ended 30 November 2015

TURNOVER	UK GAAP £ 642,226	Effect of transition to FRS 101 £	FRS 101 £ 642,226
Cost of sales	13,416	-	13,416
GROSS PROFIT Gain on revaluation of investment property	655,642	1,702,471	655,642 1,702,471
OPERATING PROFIT and PROFIT ON OPPINARY ACTIVITIES	655,642	1,702,471	2,358,113
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Tax on profit on ordinary activities	655,642 (133,221)	1,702,471 (334,123)	2,358,113 (467,344)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	522,421	1,368,348	1,890,769