CHAMONIX GROUP LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

O Saleh

N Howell

Secretary

Fairfield Company Secretaries Limited

Company number

05856372

Registered office

Queensway House 11 Queensway New Milton Hampshire United Kingdom BH25 5NR

Bankers

NatWest Group 156 High Street Southampton Hampshire S014 2NP

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Principal activities

The principal activity of Chamonix Group Limited (the "Company") is that of a holding company. The Company forms part of the FirstPort division of Drive Topco Limited (the "Group").

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

O Saleh

N Howell

Results and dividends

The results for the period are set out on page 3 in the profit and loss account.

Dividends of £nil were paid during the year (2020: £40k).

Directors' insurance

The Group maintains insurance policies on behalf of all the directors against liability arising from negligence, breach of duty and breach of trust in relation to the Group. This is a qualifying third party indemnity provisions made for the benefit of its directors during the year. These provisions remain in force at both the reporting date and the date of signing these financial statements.

Disabled Persons

The Group's policy is to enable and support recruitment of disabled workers. Assistance with initial training is given and we adapt the workplace as appropriate. Should an existing employee's circumstance change, it is the Group's policy, wherever practicable, to provide continuing employment under normal terms and conditions and to provide training, support, career development and promotion wherever possible.

Employees

The Group's policy is to consult and discuss with colleagues, both individually and collectively, about any matters likely to impact their interests. Open communication is valued, with important information and updates shared with employees through regular news bulletins, as well as monthly CEO and executive updates, to ensure all our colleagues are aware of changes affecting the business.

Going Concern

Further information on going concern is included in note 1.4.

Strategic Report

The Company is entitled to an exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report under section 414B of the Companies' Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013.

Future developments

On 25 March 2022, the Board agreed the sale of the Group to Emeria, subject to approval by the Financial Conduct Authority. We are extremely excited to be joining Emeria who are the European leader in residential real estates services. Following completion, the Group will remain operationally independent, with no impact to the Group's customers, clients, employees or suppliers.

During 2022, the Company will continue to support the Group's operating business.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Financial Risk Management

The Group's operations expose us to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of credit, liquidity, cashflow and interest rate risk. There are robust controls in place to limit any adverse impact on our Group's performance by monitoring potential financial risks. Given the business' size, the Directors have not delegated the responsibility of monitoring financial risk management to a sub-committee of the Board.

Our Group's exposure to interest rate risk was assessed by management and considered low. We have a large base of UK residential and commercial customers, which reduces the concentration of credit risk. Where we transact with corporate customers, our credit control teams follow strict processes for managing and mitigating the risk of non-payment of charges.

The Group has cash management and forecasting processes in place to manage cashflow and liquidity within our existing financing.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law).

Under company law, directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the Board

O Saleh
Director

31 May 2022

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT AND STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT			
		2021	2020
	Notes	£	£

Operating profit		-	-
Interest receivable and similar income	5	-	155,000
Interest payable and similar expenses		-	969
Profit before taxation			155,969
Tax on profit	6	1,139	(1,414)
Profit for the financial year		1,139	154,555

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	2021 £	2020 £
Profit for the year	1,139	154,555
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,139 ————	154,555

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	202 £	1 £	2029 £	0 £
Fixed assets Investments	7		101		101
Current assets Debtors	8	116,874		116,777	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(380)		(1,422)	
Net current assets			116,494		115,355
Total assets less current liabilities			116,595		115,456
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss reserves	10		100 116,495		100 115,356
Total equity			116,595		115,456

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The notes on pages 7 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 4 to 16 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31 May 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

O Saleh

Director

Company Registration No. 05856372

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total
	Notes	£	£	£
Balance at 1 January 2020		100	801	901
Year ended 31 December 2020:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	154,555	154,555
Dividends		-	(40,000)	(40,000)
Balance at 31 December 2020		100	115,356	115,456
Year ended 31 December 2021:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	1,139	1,139
D. 1.04 D. 1.0004		400	440.405	440 505
Balance at 31 December 2021		100	116,495	116,595

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Chamonix Group Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Queensway House, 11 Queensway, New Milton, Hampshire, United Kingdom, BH25 5NR.

The Company is a holding company.

1.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

1.3 Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis and under the historical cost convention. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.4 Going concern

The operations of the Company are managed as part of the Drive Topco Limited Group ("Group"). The Company is funded via the Group's bank facilities and therefore manages its day-to-day working capital requirements in line with the Group's facilities. The ability of the Group to service its debt obligations is critical to the ongoing trading of the business and the Directors have considered the key factors that could have an impact on trading and whether an adverse change in these factors could affect our ability to meet our liabilities. The Group has a considerable number of on-going management contracts and accordingly the forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the Group should be able to operate within the level of its current facilities for a period of at least 12 months from the signing date of these accounts.

After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and for at least the period of twelve months following the date of approval of these financial statements. The Company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

On 25 March 2022, the Board executed a sale and purchase agreement for the sale of 100% of the issued share capital of Drive Topco Limited to Emeria UK Res Newco Limited ("Emeria"). Completion of this transaction is subject to approval by the Financial Conduct Authority and is expected to complete within the next 12 months. The Directors have considered the impact of this in assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The Group's forecast to June 2023, including the "severe" scenario described above, shows that the Group will generate cash with a positive cash balance and so isn't reliant on any further funding. The Directors have held numerous discussions with Emeria and reviewed various documents as part of the sale process in regards to Emeria's financing and future plans and intentions of the Group. The Directors are satisfied that Emeria have sufficient financing in place and that post completion, the Group will remain operationally independent as the UK subsidiary of Emeria, with the Group's existing management team remaining in place. Based on the above and on the Directors discussions with Emeria, there is no reason for the Directors to believe that there will be any impact on the Group's ability to continue to operate as a going concern.

1.5 Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemptions, subject to certain conditions, which have been complied with, including notification of, and no objection to, the use of exemptions by the company's shareholders. The company has taken advantage of the following exemptions:

- (i) from preparing a statement of cash flows required under FRS 102 paragraph 3.17(d), on the basis that it is a qualifying entity and a consolidated statement of cash flows is included in the consolidated financial statements of the company's ultimate parent, Drive Topco Limited, which includes any cash flows of the company;
- (ii) from the financial instrument disclosures, required under FRS 102 paragraphs 11.39 to 11.48A and paragraphs 12.26 to 12.29, as the information, to the extent required, is provided in the consolidated financial statement disclosures of Drive Topco Limited;
- (iii) from disclosing the company key management personnel compensation, required by FRS 102 paragraph 33.7, as the information is provided in the consolidated financial statement disclosures of Drive Topco Limited; and
- (iv) from disclosing related party transactions, required under FRS 102 paragraph 33.9, on the basis that Drive Topco Limited has control, joint control or significant influence over both the company and the related entities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.6 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents the amount receivable for goods supplied or services rendered, net of discounts and rebates allowed by the Company and value added taxes.

The Company recognises revenue when (a) the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer; (b) the Company retains no continuing involvement in or control over the goods; (c) the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; (d) it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and (e) when the specific criteria relating to the type of revenue have been met as described below.

(i) Residential property management services

Fees for residential property management services, including maintenance, are recognised as the Company's obligations under the applicable contracts are delivered to the customer which is typically on a straight line basis over the period of the contract.

1.7 Exceptional items

The Company classifies certain non-recurring charges or credits in a financial year that are not part of the underlying trading business, that have a material impact on the Company's financial results as 'exceptional items'. These are disclosed separately to provide a fair view of the financial performance of the Company.

1.8 Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity in which case the related tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Deferred tax is also recognised in relation to assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination where the amount that will be deducted or assessed for tax differs to the fair value at which the asset or liability is recognised on acquisition in the financial statements. The tax base of an asset or liability is determined based on the expected manner of recovery.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an ability and intention to settle the balances at the same time.

1.9 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

At each balance sheet date non-financial assets not carried at fair value are assessed to determine whether there is an indication that the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) may be impaired. If there is such an indication the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is compared to the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit).

The recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Value in use is defined as the present value of the future cash flows before interest and tax obtainable as a result of the asset's (or asset's cash generating unit) continued use. These cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that represents the current market risk-free rate and the risks inherent in the asset.

If the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is estimated to be lower than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the revised carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

1.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and bank overdrafts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.12 Financial instruments

The Company has elected to adopt Section 11 and Section 12 of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

(i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables, cash and bank balances are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled; or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party.

(ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and bank overdrafts, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(iii) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(iv) Client monies held

The property management services performed by the Company include services provided to residential management companies and which involve arranging and holding cash from levies and charges paid by residents to the residential management companies. The cash held at any point in time is held under Statutory Trust as set out in the Landlord & Tenant Act 1987. Accordingly, the Company does not include these cash balances in its balance sheet.

1.13 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.14 Related parties

The Company discloses transactions with related parties not wholly owned by Drive Topco Limited. It does not disclose transactions with other group companies wholly owned by Drive Topco Limited.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements

There are no areas within the financial statements where management has been required to apply a critical judgement.

3 Employees

There were no employees during the year (2020: none) with the exception of the directors.

4 Directors' remuneration

The directors are remunerated by Drive Bidco Limited as their services to the Company are merely incidental to their employment in other divisional companies. Details of the directors' remuneration can be found in the financial statements of Drive Bidco Limited.

5 Interest receivable and similar income

		2021 £	2020 £
	Interest receivable and similar income includes the following:	£	2
	Income from shares in group undertakings	-	155,000 ———
6	Taxation	2021 £	2020 £
	Current tax		
	UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	-	1,414
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(1,139)	-
	Total current tax	(1,139)	1,414

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

6 Taxation (Continued)

The actual (credit)/charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected (credit)/charge for the year based on the profit or loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Profit before taxation	-	155,969
		===
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK		
of 19.00% (2020: 19.00%)	-	29,634
Tax effect of income not taxable in determining taxable profit	-	(29,450)
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(1,139)	-
Group relief	-	(126)
	-	1,356
Taxation (credit)/charge for the year	(1,139)	1,414
- Anna Carlo		

In the Spring Budget 2021, the Government announced that from 1 April 2023 the corporation tax rate will increase to 25%.

7 Fixed asset investments

	2021 £	2020 £
Shares in group undertakings and participating interests	101	101

Movements in fixed asset investments

	Shares in group undertakings £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2021 & 31 December 2021	101
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2021	101
At 31 December 2020	101
	==

The directors believe that the carrying value of investments is not more than their recoverable amounts as supported by their underlying assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

8	Debtors	2021	2020
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	116,874	116,777

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	•	3
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	280	-
	Corporation tax	-	1,414
	Other taxation and social security	-	5
	Other creditors	100	-
		380	1,422
10	Called up share capital		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		

The Ordinary shares carry one vote per share, the right to receive dividends and the right to a return of capital.

100

100

11 Contingent liabilities

100 shares of £1 each

The Company is party to a Group Debenture secured over all of its assets in favour of Lucid Trustee Services Limited as a Security Agent acting on behalf of NatWest and Pembertons. The Borrower is FirstPort Limited, a subsidiary company. The loan balance, excluding deferred financing cost, and accrued interest payable outstanding at the balance sheet date were £100,700k and £1,285k respectively (2020: £97,700k and £1,205).

12 Related party transactions

There are no transactions with related parties not wholly owned by the group headed by Drive Topco Limited.

The Company is exempt from disclosing other related party transactions as they are with other companies that are wholly owned by the group headed by Drive Topco Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

13 Parent company

The immediate parent undertaking is Chamonix Holdings Limited.

In the opinion of the directors, the ultimate controlling party is funds managed by Equistone Partners Europe Limited. Equistone Partners Europe Limited is registered in England and Wales.

Drive Topco Limited, a company registered in the United Kingdom under registration number 12043031, is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are prepared.

The consolidated financial statements of Drive Topco Limited are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ or from the Company's registered office at Queensway House, 11 Queensway, New Milton, Hampshire, UK, BH25 5NR.

14 Events after the reporting date

On 25th March 2021, the board of directors of the Group executed a sale and purchase agreement for the sale of 100% of the issued share capital of Drive Topco Limited to Emeria Res UK Newco Limited. Completion of this transaction remains subject to approval by the Financial Conduct Authority.

15 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2021 are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

15 Subsidiaries (Continued)

Name of undertaking	Registered office	Nature of business	Class of	% Hel	d
undertaking			shares held	Direct	Indire ct
CE Anthony Nolan (Fairstead) Limited	England & Wales No. 06354199	Dormant	Ordinary shares	-	100
CE Blenheim Grange Watton Limited	England & Wales No. 06067570	Dormant	Ordinary shares	-	100
CE Churchill Gardens Cambourne Limited	England & Wales No. 06453105	Dormant	Ordinary shares	-	100
	s England & Wales No. 06022591	Dormant	Ordinary shares	-	100
CE Lock Mill Blackburn Limited	England & Wales No. 06346923	Dormant	Ordinary shares	-	100
CE Oakfield Gardens Hyde Limited	England & Wales No. 06406964	Dormant	Ordinary shares	-	100
CE Poppy Fields (Benwick) Limited	England & Wales No. 06353915	Dormant	Ordinary shares	-	100
CE The Hawthorns Blackley Limited	England & Wales No. 06443043	Dormant	Ordinary shares	-	100
CE Willow Grange Ely Limited	England & Wales No. 06067392	Dormant	Ordinary shares	-	100
Chamonix Estates Developments Limited	England & Wales No. 10821470	Dormant	Ordinary shares	100	-
Chamonix Estates Limited	England & Wales No. 05851267	Property Management	Ordinary shares	100	-
Fairfield Company Secretaries Limited	England & Wales No. 05988785	Property Management	Ordinary shares	100	-
Ground Rent Services Limited	England & Wales No. 09804654	Dormant	Ordinary shares	100	-
Longhurst Drive Management Company Limited	England & Wales No. 11416290	Dormant	Ordinary shares	100	-

The registered address for all subsidiaries is Queensway House, 11 Queensway, New Milton, Hampshire, UK, BH25 5NR.