Company Registration No. 05854111 (England and Wales)
NOW GYMS LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR
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COMPANY INFORMATION

Director Ms Z M Morris

Company number 05854111

Registered office Lynwood House

373-375 Station Road Harrow, Middlesex

HA1 2AW

Accountants RDP Newmans LLP

Lynwood House 373-375 Station Road Harrow, Middlesex

HA1 2AW

Business address 206-208 Kensington Park Road

Notting Hill London W11 1NR

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

		201	8	2017	,
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Goodwill	3		-		1,732
Tangible assets	4		91,454		59,605
			91,454		61,337
Current assets					
Stocks		3,054		1,344	
Debtors	5	376,368		346,717	
Cash at bank and in hand		34		53	
		379,456		348,114	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	6			(0.40.000)	
year		(278,841)		(248,662)	
Net current assets			100,615		99,452
Total assets less current liabilities			192,069		160,789
Creditors: amounts falling due after more	7				
than one year			(36,689)		(47,951)
Provisions for liabilities			(15,353)		(9,707)
Net assets			140,027		103,131
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		28		28
Share premium account			19,999		19,999
Profit and loss reserves			120,000		83,104
Total equity			140,027		103,131

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 12 December 2018

Ms Z M Morris

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Director		Compa	ny Registration	n No. 05854111	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Now Gyms Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Lynwood House, 373-375 Station Road, Harrow, Middlesex, HA1 2AW.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised in the period in which the service was performed.

1.3 Franchise Fee

Franchise fee is written off in equal instalments over its estimated useful economic life of 10 years.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings Leasehold over the term of the lease of 10 years
Plant and machinery 10% / 25% reducing balance method
Fixtures, fittings & equipment 15% reducing balance method
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance method

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

1.12 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.13 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 8 (2017 - 8).

3 Intangible fixed assets

	Franchise fee £
Cost	
At 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018	13,664
Amortisation and impairment	
At 1 April 2017	11,932
Amortisation charged for the year	1,732
At 31 March 2018	13,664
71. 01 Water 2010	
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2018	-
At 31 March 2017	1,732

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

4	Tangible fixed assets			
		Land and	Plant and	Total
		buildingsna	chinery etc	
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 April 2017	74,370	117,408	191,778
	Additions	-	56,437	56,437
	Disposals	-	(315)	(315)
	At 31 March 2018	74,370	173,530	247,900
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 April 2017	67,409	64,764	132,173
	Depreciation charged in the year	6,961	17,472	24,433
	Eliminated in respect of disposals	-	(160)	(160)
	At 31 March 2018	74,370	82,076	156,446
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 March 2018	-	91,454	91,454
	At 31 March 2017	6,961	52,644	59,605
5	Debtors			
			2018	2017
	Amounts falling due within one year:		£	£
	Trade debtors		7,098	4,920
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		322,370	278,276
	Other debtors		46,900	63,521
			376,368	346,717

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	•	2018	2017
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	19,091	13,182
	Trade creditors	37,278	40,199
	Corporation tax	56	56
	Other taxation and social security	41,524	41,897
	Other creditors	180,892	153,328
		278,841	248,662

Creditors due in less than one year amounting to £48,035 (2017: £25,626) were secured by charges in favour of HSBC Bank PLC, Shawbrook Bank Limited and Lombard finance against the assets of the company.

Creditors due in more than one year amounting to £27,523 (2017: £16,591) were secured by charges in favour of Shawbrook Bank Limited against the assets of the company.

This is an unlimited composite company cross guarantee between Now Gyms Limited and N. Forme Limited to secure each other's liabilities.

7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	•	2018 £	2017 £
	Other creditors	36,689	47,951 ———
8	Called up share capital	2018 £	2017 £
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid	_	_
	280 Ordinary shares of 10p each	28	28
		28	28

9 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2018	2017
£	£
-	19,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

10 Parent company

The entire share capital of the company is held by N. Forme Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales and whose registered office address is Lynwood House, 373/375 Station Road, Harrow, Middlesex, HA1 2AW.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.