# **Barchester HoldCo Limited**

Directors' report and consolidated financial statements Registered number 05843985 31 December 2009

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Barchester HoldCo Limited Directors report and consolidated financial statements 31 December 2009

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# **Company Information**

**Directors** 

David Duncan Michael Parsons

Secretary

Jon Hather

Registered office

Suite 201 The Chambers Chelsca Harbour

London SW10 0XI

Auditors

KPMG LLP Plym House 3 Longbridge Road Marsh Mills Plymouth PL6 8L1

Solicitors

Borwin Leighton Paisnoi

Adelaide House London Bridge London EC 4R 9HA

Bankers

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc London Corporate Services 2½ Devonshire Square

London EC 2M 4XJ

Registered number

05843985

## Directors' report

The directors present their directors' report and consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

#### Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company is that of a holding company. The company also holds the debt drawn down as a result of the refinancing in 2006.

#### **Business review**

The directors are satisfied with the result for the year. Details of the result for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 7.

Barchester HoldCo Limited has one subsidiary, Bluehood Limited which owns a large proportion of properties of the Barchester Group

Bluehood Limited rents the properties, through an internal lease arrangement to Barchester Healthcare Homes Limited (operating company), who then operates the trade from the properties

Given all of the debt is hedged the main risk that the Bluehood group faces is that BHHL could not pay its rent

Set out below are the risks that BHHL faces

The operating company operates under the Barchester brand. Barchester's primary activity is the provision of residential nursing care for the elderly. The group also provides nursing care services to individuals with specialist higher acuity care needs. Specialist care services include elderly mentally infirm and young physically disabled and there is a strategy of seeking to establish further specialist care provision.

Barchester commands a leading position in the UK long term care sector and is in the UK's top four largest providers. The Group provides in excess of 11,000 registered beds spread across its portfolio of 175 high quality homes with a national footprint across the UK. The largest proportion located within London and the South Last and the remainder evenly spread throughout the UK. The Group has a significant number of private pay residents.

The key performance measures that the Board use to monitor the group's progress against its objectives are

- · Occupancy rates,
- Fee levels
- · EBHDA and EBHDA per bed,
- Margin
- Staff and agency cost and
- Ratings by the Care Quality Commission (formerly known as Commission for Social Care and Inspection)

The Group's strategy is one of continued growth through extension of existing facilities, and also through appropriate acquisitions of nursing homes of a suitable quality. Barchester is especially focused on the private pay market and also on residents with specialist care needs.

Following an external professional valuation carried out during the year, an impairment of £22 281 000 has been recognised in the profit and loss account in relation to 57 homes. This impairment charge relates to a reduction in market value below not book value of tangible fixed assets as a result of current economic climate and perceived trading potential. On the remaining portfolio, the valuation resulted in an uplift of £6 575 000 and impairments of £14,182,000, the not effect of £7,607,000 impairment which has been reflected in the revaluation reserve.

# Key risks and uncertainties

The Board of Directors has a well established process for identifying business risks, evaluating controls and establishing and executing action plans

The Board considers that the key risk and uncertainty facing the Company and hence Group is fluctuations in interest rates and breaches in loan covenants given its level of gearing. However, the Company has 93% of its borrowings hedged which mitigates the risk of any increase in interest rates. This, together with the strong UK demographics supporting ongoing trading should insulate the Company from the current difficult banking conditions. There have been no instances of breaches during the current year and none are forecast in the future.

#### Financial instruments

Treasury policy is that deposits will only be made and other financial instruments entered into with bank counterparties, which have been approved by the Board

#### Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2008 Lnd)

#### Future prospects

The directors expect the Company to maintain its current performance

#### Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows

David Duncan Michael Parsons

#### Political and charitable donations

The Company made no political or charitable donations during the year (2008 Lnil)

#### Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors according that so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

## Auditors

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006 the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG will therefore continue in office

By order of the board

Secretary

Suite 201 The Chambers Chelsea Harbour London SW10 0X1

30 June 2010

# Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and company and of the profit or loss of the group and company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the group and company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



# KPMG LLP

Plym House 3 Longbridge Road Plymouth PL6 8LT United Kingdom

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Barchester Holdco Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Barchester Holdco Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 set out on pages 7 to 22. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's). Fitneal Standards for Auditors.

## Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at <a href="https://www.fre.org.uk-apb.scope/UKNP">www.fre.org.uk-apb.scope/UKNP</a>.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group s and the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of the group s loss for the year then ended,
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

# Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Barchester Holdco Limited (continued)

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Ian J Brokenshire (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of KPMG, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 3 Longbridge Road Plymouth

PL68LI

0 June 2010

# Consolidated profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2009

for the year ended 31 December 2009			
	Note	2009	2008
		£000	£000
Group turnover	1	69,695	68 098
Cost of sales	2	(35,222)	(14,169)
Group gross profit and operating profit		34,473	53 929
Profit on sale of fixed assets		4	-
Interest receivable and similar income	1	9	72
Interest payable and similar charges	1	(62,270)	(62 798)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	2	(27,784)	(8,797)
Lax on loss on ordinary activities	5	(1,341)	(1,435)
Loss for the financial year	11	(29,125)	(10 232)
• **		<u>-</u>	-=-

All items related to continuing operations

# Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses

for the year ended 31 December 2009

	Group	Group
	2009	2008
	£000	£000
Loss for the financial year	(29 125)	(10 232)
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of properties	6,575	35 456
Impairment of previously revalued properties	(14,182)	-
Lotal recognised gains and losses relating to the financial year	(36,732)	25 224

# Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' tunds

for the year ended 31 December 2009

	Group	Group	Сотрапу	Company
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	£000	0003	£000	£000
Loss for the financial year	(29,125)	(10 232)	(28)	(30)
Revaluation of properties	6,575	35 456	_	-
Impairment of properties	(14,182)	-	_	-
Equity shareholder's funds at start of year	18,744	(6 480)	(76)	(16)
				***
Equity shareholder's (deficit)/funds at end of				
vear	(17,988)	18 744	(104)	(76)
	=			

# Note of Historical Cost Profits and Losses

for the year ended 31 December 2009

	2009 £000	2008 £000
Reported loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Difference between a historical cost depreciation charge and the actual depreciation	(27,783)	(8 797)
charge calculated on the revalued amount	300	-
Historical cost loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(27,483)	(8 797)
Historical cost loss for the year retained after taxation and dividends	(28,825)	(10 232)
	<del>-</del> <del></del>	

# **Consolidated Balance sheet**

ut 31 December 2009					
	Note	20	09	200	18
		£000	£000	£000	1.00

		£000	±000	£000	1.000
Lived assets Langible assets	6		1,090,465		1 133,206
			,		,
Current assets Dubtors	S	33,222		35 019	
Cash	.,	166		420	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	9	33,388 (172,460)		35 469 (170 531)	
Net current liabilities			(139,072)		(135,062)
Lotal assets less current habilities			951,393		998 144
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(969,381)		(979,400)
Net (Irabilities)/assets			(17,988)		18 744
			=		<del></del>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		-		-
Revaluation reserve	11		27,549		35 456
Profit and loss account	11		(45,537)		(16,712)
Equity shareholder's (deficit)/funds			(17,988)		18 744

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 30 June 2010 and were signed on its behalf by

David Duncan

Director

Company Number 05843985

Drunn

# **Company Balance sheet**

at	21	Dec	ember	2000
ш.	"	1724	emne	2000

at 51 December 2007	Note		2009	2008	
		£000	1000	£000	£000
Fixed assets	7				
Investments	7				
					-
Current assets		0.47.70.4		051 (30	
Debtors	8	945,584		951 620	
Creditors amounts falling duc within one year	9	(13,357)		(11-146)	
N			022.225		040.474
Net current assets			932,227		910 474
Lotal assets less current habilities			932 227		940 474
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(932,331)		(940 550)
Net liabilities			(104)		(76)
C. Alexania					
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	12				
Profit and loss account	11		(104)		(76)
					(7()
Equity shareholder's deficit			(104)		(76)
					<del></del>

The company's loss for the year was £28,000 (2008 £30 000). The company had no other gains or losses

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on its behalf by  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

2010 and were signed on

David Dungan

David Duncan

Director

Company Number 05843985

# Consolidated cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 December 2009	Note	2009 £000	2008 £000
Cash flow statement			
Net cash inflow from operating activities	14	68,189	68 229
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	15	(59,537)	(71 436)
Capital expenditure	15	(80)	2
Cash inflow/(outflow) before financing		8,752	(3 205)
Financing	16	(8,826)	(7 248)
Decrease in eash in the year		(254)	(10 453)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt			
movement in het debt		£000	£000
Occides in cash in the year Cash outflow from financing		(254) 8,826	(10 453) 7 248
Change in debt resulting from eash flows Other non eash movements		8,572 (990)	(3,205) (990)
Movement in net debt in the year Net debt at beginning of year		7,582 (986,096)	(4 195) (981 901)
Net debt at end of year	17	(978,514)	(986 096)

#### Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

#### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements except as noted below

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings made up to 31 December 2009. The acquisition method of accounting has been adopted. Under this method, the results of subsidiary undertakings acquired or disposed of in the year are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal.

Under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, Barchester HoldCo I imited is exempt from the requirement to present its own profit and loss account

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Barchester HoldCo (Jersey) Limited the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group. The consolidated financial statements of Barchester HoldCo (Jersey) Limited within which the company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 18.

#### Going Concern

The Group has net liabilities of £17 988 000 (2008 net assets of £18 744 000) and net current liabilities of £139 072 000 at 31 December 2009 (2008 £135 062 000)

The directors consider that the company has access to sufficient funding to meet its needs for the reasons set out below. Accordingly, the directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Grove Limited has indicated that for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements at will continue to make available such funds as are needed by the company. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so

The directors consider the combination of the group facilities and expected funding requirements of the Grove Limited Group and its subsidiaries provides sufficient access to funding to ensure that the company is able to meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the directors have prepared the financial statements as a going concern.

Further information regarding the company's business activities together with the factors likely to affect its future development performance and position is set out in the Directors Report on page 2

#### Lurnover

Revenue is derived from leasing its properties to a related undertaking under an operating lease and is recognised on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

## Laxation

The charge for taxation is based on the loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting in respect of all timing differences which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by ERS 19

#### Investments

In the Company's financial statements investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less any provision for impairment

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Fixed assets and depreciation

Land and buildings are shown at fair value, based on periodic valuations by external independent valuers less subsequent depreciation and impairment losses. Valuations are performed with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying value does not differ significantly from the fair value at the balance sheet date. Valuations of care homes are calculated on an investment basis.

To ensure that the carrying amount of the properties can be supported the carrying amounts are subject to annual impairment reviews in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 11. Impairment of fixed assets and goodwill

Impairment reviews are undertaken where there are indications that the carrying value may not be recoverable. An impairment loss on assets carried at cost is recognised in the profit and loss account to reduce the carrying value to the recoverable amount. An impairment loss on assets carried at revalued amount is recognised in the revaluation reserve except where an asset is revalued below historical cost, in which case the deficit is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Increases in the carrying amount of land and buildings arising on revaluation are recognised in the revaluation reserve. Decreases in the carrying amount are recognised in the revaluation reserve where they reverse previous increases of the same asset, all other decreases are recognised in the profit and loss account.

The directors consider it appropriate for land and buildings to be revalued rather than being accounted for under the historic cost method

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets in equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows

Freehold buildings - 50 years
Plant and equipment - 4 to 10 years
Motor vehicles - 4 years

No depreciation is charged on freehold land or assets in the course of construction

The estimated residual value of the Group's freehold buildings reflects the high quality nature of these assets and the Group's practice to maintain these assets in a continual state of sound repair and to make improvements thereto from time to time

#### Leases

Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and the outstanding finance lease obligations are shown in creditors. Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Cash and liquid resources

Cash comprises eash in hand and on overnight deposit accounts and, for the purpose of the eash flow statement only overdrafts

Liquid resources comprise short term deposits which have maturity dates of up to one year

#### Financial instruments

The Group has derivative financial instruments that have not been recognised at fair value. This is because the group and company is not required to apply FRS 26. Financial Instruments, recognition and measurement.

# 2 Loss on ordinary activities after taxation

Loss on ordinary activities after taxation is stated after charging	2009 £000	2008 £000
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Owned	12,937	14,169
1 xceptional items		
Impairment of land and buildings (note 6)	22,281	•
Audit of the financial statements	6	6

Amounts paid to the Company's auditor in respect of services to the Company, other than the audit of the Company's financial statements have not been disclosed as the information is required instead to be disclosed on a consolidated basis

#### 3 Staff numbers and costs

There were no persons employed by the Group during the period. The directors received £nil emoluments for services to the Group during the year (2008 Lnil). The directors received remuneration for services to Grove Limited of which Barchester HoldCo Limited is a subsidiary undertaking however, the proportion attributable to their services to Barchester HoldCo Limited is not separately identifiable.

# 4 Net interest payable and similar charges

	2009	2008
	£000	£000
On bank loans and overdrafts	(61,253)	(61 971)
Amortised loan issue costs	(989)	(797)
Other interest and similar charges	(28)	(30)
Interest payable	(62,270)	(62 798)
Interest receivable on bank deposits	9	72
	(62,261)	(62 726)
	— <del>-</del>	_

The loans are held within Barchester HoldCo Limited, however interest is paid by Bluehood Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Barchester HoldCo Limited

5 Taxation		
	2009	2008
	£000	£000
UK corporation tax		
Current tax on income for the year	-	-
Total current tax	-	-
		<del></del>
Deferred tax		
Origination/reversal of timing differences	827	1 0 14
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	514	391
	<del></del>	
	1,341	1 435
	***************************************	<del></del>

# 5 Taxation (continued)

hactors affecting the tax credit for the current year

The current tax credit for the period is lower than (2008 lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 285%). The differences are explained below

	2009 £000	2008 £000
Current tax reconciliation		
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(27,784)	(8 797)
Current tax at 28% (2008 28 5%)	(7,779)	(2 507)
Lactors affecting credit for the year		
Income not allowable for tax purposes	(1,035)	(563)
Losses utilised	(252)	338
Capital allowances for the year in excess of depreciation	(577)	(1.062)
Non qualifying depreciation	9,076	3 240
Transfer pricing	567	554
Total current tax credit (see above)	-	-

# 6 Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold land and buildings £000	Fixtures and fittings £000	Motor vehicles £000	1 ota1 ±000
Cost or valuation				
At I January 2009	1 111,766	41,091	127	1,152,984
Additions	84	-	-	84
Disposals	-	(1,129)	(23)	(† 152)
Revaluations	3 926	-	-	3 926
A4 21 12	 I 115 776	20.062	101	1 155,842
At 31 December 2009	1117/10	39,962		1 100,044
Depreciation				
At I January 2009	-	19,669	109	19 778
Charge for year	7 228	5,692	17	12 937
On disposals	-	(1,129)	(23)	(1 152)
Impairment *	36 463	-	-	36 463
Revaluations	(2 649)	-	•	(2 649)
	·			
At 31 December 2009	41 042	24 232	103	65 377
	-=+	<del></del>		<del></del>
Net book value				
At 31 December 2009	1 074,734	15,730	1	1,090,465
At 31 December 2008	- 1 131 766	21,422	 18	1 133 206
At 31 December 2006	1111700	£1,7£	117	1 155 200
	-			

<sup>\* £22 281,000 (2008</sup> Eml) of the impairment has been recognised through the profit and loss account as the valuation was below the historical cost

Included within land and buildings is £226,980 000 (2008 £226 980,000) of land which is not depreciated

#### 6 Langible fixed assets (continued)

The bank loans held within the group are secured on the properties

The net book value of land and buildings comprises

Ţ.	2009 £000	2008 £000
I rechold I ong leaschold	1,009,813 64,921	1,044,364 67 402
Tong reasonou	04,721	
	1,074,734	1 111 766

The following information relates to tangible fixed assets carried on the basis of revaluations in accordance with ERS 15 'fangible fixed assets'

, the terminal and an area	2009 £000	2008 £000
Historical cost of revalued assets Aggregate depreciation thereon	1,122,786 (59,870)	1 126 167 (28,416)
Historical cost net book value	1,062,916	1 097 751
	·	<del></del>

The land and buildings held by the Group were professionally valued on 30 October 2009 in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation manual of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors by Colliers CRL external surveyors, in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 15. Fangible fixed assets. The valuation was £1,089,941,000 representing open market value of the properties as investments, having regard to the total annual rental payable by Barchester Healthcare Homes Limited to Bluehood Limited as at the date of valuation.

#### 7 Fixed asset investments

Shares	Lŧ
subsidia	۲ì
undertaki	nş

# Company

Cost and net book value
At beginning and end of the year

The result for the subsidiary listed below is consolidated into those of the Group from the date of acquisition

	Country of	Principal activity	Class and percentage
	incorporation	during the year	of shares held
Bluehood I mited	England and Wales	Ownership and rental of	Ordinary
	-	properties	100%

#### 8 Debtors

	Group 2009 £000	Group 2008 £000	Company 2009 £000	Company 2008 £000
Due within one year				
Deferred tax asset	3,865	5,206	-	-
Amount owed by related and subsidiary undertakings	29,139	29,248	945,584	951 620
Prepayments and accrued income	218	595	-	•
			<del></del>	
	33,222	35 049	945,584	951 620
	=			<del></del>

The amounts owed by related and subsidiary undertakings are unsecured and not subject to any fixed repayment date

The elements of deferred taxation are as follows

	2009	2008
	000£	£000
Difference between accumulated depreciation and amortisation and capital		
allowances	(5,240)	(1659)
Other timing differences	9,105	9 865
		<del></del>
Deferred tax asset	3,865	5 206
	— <del>;</del>	<del></del>

# 9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group 2009	Group 2008	Company 2009	Company 2008
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Bank loans and overdrafts (net of unamortised issue costs of £2 790,000 (2008-£2 790-000))	7,499	5 316	7,499	5 316
Amounts owed to related undertakings	146,658	146 846	5,858	5 830
Other creditors	2,057	2,123	· -	-
Aceruals and deferred income	16,246	16,246	-	-
			<del></del>	
	172 460	170 531	13,357	11 146

## 10 Creditors, amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group 2009	Group 2008	Company 2009	Company 2008
Bank loans and overdrafts (net of unamortised issue costs of £7 324 000 2008 £10 113 000) Other creditors	£000 932,331 37,050	940 550 38 850	£000 932,331 -	£000 940 550
	969,381	979,400	932,331	940,550

The bank loans are secured over certain assets of the group by way of fixed and floating charges

Included within other creditors due less than one year and greater than one year is an inflation swap, transacted such that it had a negative fair value of £45m at inception, which is being released over the life of the inflation swap.

# 10 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year (continued)

Analysis of total borrowings and swap (excluding interest bearing inter-company borrowings)

	Group 2009 £000	Group 2008 £000	Company 2009 £000	Company 2008 £000
N 11 1 1 60 10				
Bank loans and other loans falling due				
In one year or less	9,299	7,116	7,499	5 316
Between one and two years	11,848	9,299	10,048	7 199
Between two and five years	927,683	25 102	922,283	19 702
In five years or more	29,850	944,999	-	913 349
	978,680	986,516	939,830	945 866
	<del></del>			<del></del>

Amount outstanding at 2009 year end ±000

Group

Bank loans (gross of unamortised finance costs)

949,944

The above bank loans bear an average interest rate of a margin over LIBOR of 1.5%

Bank loans and other loans are secured over all land and buildings of the Group by way of fixed and floating charges

# 11 Reserves

	Group			Company		
	Revaluation Reserve ±000	Profit and loss account £000	Lotal £000	Profit and loss account £000	l otal	
At beginning of year	35 456	(16 712)	18 744	(76)	(76)	
Loss for the financial year	-	(29,125)	(29 125)	(28)	(28)	
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of properties	6 575	-	6 575	-	-	
Impairment of previously revalued properties	(14 182)	-	(14 182)	-	=	
Transfer between revaluation reserve and profit and loss account	(300)	300	-	•	-	
At end of year	27,549	(45,537)	(17,988)	(104)	(104)	

(84)

(80)

# Notes (continued)

# 12 Share capital

	2009 £	2008 L
Allotted, called up and fully paid 2 Ordinary shares of El cach	2	2

# 13 Related party disclosures

Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by FRS 8 and does not disclose transactions with its subsidiary undertakings and related undertakings

# 14 Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities

	2009	2008
	£000	£000
Operating profit	34,474	53 929
Depreciation and impairment charges	35,218	14 169
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	486	(590)
(Increase)/decrease in creditors	(1,989)	721
	68,189	68 229
15 Analysis of cash flows		
To Mary 50 W Clair World	2009	2008
	£000	£000
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	LUUV	
Interest paid	(59,546)	(71 508)
Interest received	9	72
	(59,537)	(71 436)
Capital expenditure		
Receipts from sale of tangible fixed assets	4	-

2

2

16	Financing				
				2009 £000	2008 £000
Repay	ment of loans			(8,826)	(7 248)
					<del></del>
17	Analysis of net debt				
		At beginning of year	Cash flow	Other movements	At end of year
		£000	£000	£000	£000
Cash at bank and in hand		420	(254)	•	166
		420	(254)	-	166
	due within one year	(7 116)	8 826	(11 009)	(9,299)
DCDU	due after one year	(979 400)		10 019	(969,381)
Nct d	Lbi	(986 096)	8 572	(990)	(978,514)

#### 18 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group of which the Company is a Member

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Barchester HoldCo (Jersey) Limited a company incorporated and registered in Jersey

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking is Grove Limited, a company incorporated and registered in Jersey

The smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Barchester HoldCo (Jersey) Limited

The largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Grove Limited. The consolidated accounts of Grove Limited are available to the public and may be obtained from

22 Grenville Street

St Helier

Jersey

JL4 8PX

Channel Islands

#### 19 Fair value of assets and liabilities

The Group has derivative financial instruments that have not been recognised at fair value. This is because the group is not required to apply LRS 26. Linancial instrument. Recognition and Measurement. The financial instruments are as follows.

			Lan value	
Derivative	Maturity Date	Notional value	2009 £000	2008
				£000
Interest rate swap	28 September 2029	556 102	(48,280)	(91 601)
Interest rate swap	28 September 2029	84 450	(7,350)	(14.406)
Interest rate swap	28 September 2029	191 967	(16,904)	(33 203)
Interest rate swap	28 September 2029	118 742	(10,462)	(20 553)
Limited price inflation swap	30 June 2031	38 920	(93,679)	(61 753)
Limited price inflation swap	30 June 2031	27 080	(65,182)	(45 056)

The financial instruments are held within Bluchood Limited, Barchester Holdco Limited's subsidiary undertaking