(formerly LXB Properties (Coatbridge 2) Limited)

Report and Financial Statements

Period ended

31 March 2011

Company Number 0539456

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# Annual report and financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2011

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### **Directors**

J C McMahon K E Hamilton

### Secretary and registered office

K E Hamilton, 5 Old Bailey, London EC4M 7BA

### Company number

05839456

### **Auditors**

BDO LLP, Emerald House, East Street, Epsom, Surrey, KT17 1HS

# Report of the directors for the period ended 31 March 2011

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2011

### Results

The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows the loss for the period.

### Change of name

On 8 July 2011 LXB Properties (Coatbridge 2) Limited changed its name to URWI Properties (Coatbridge 2) Limited

### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the period is that of land and property investment in the United Kingdom

The company is a member of the group headed by URWI Limited Partnership

During the period the company disposed of its investment properties

### **Directors**

The directors of the company during the period were as follows

T P Walton (resigned 22 June 2011)
N B T Alford (resigned 22 June 2011)
R Margree (resigned 6 June 2011)
B O'Grady (resigned 22 June 2011)

On 22 June 2011, J C McMahon and K E Hamilton were appointed as directors of the company.

Report of the directors for the period ended 31 March 2011 (continued)

### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

in preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **Auditors**

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office

In preparing this Directors' Report advantage has been taken of the small companies' exemption

On behalf of the Board

J C McMahon Director

Date 10 December 2011

### Independent auditors report

### TO THE MEMBERS OF URWI PROPERTIES (COATBRIDGE 2) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of URWI Properties (Coatbridge 2) Limited for the period from 1 January 2010 to 31 March 2011 on pages 5 to 12, which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 8. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statement is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2011 and of its loss for the period then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice,
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent auditors report (continued)

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements and the directors' report in accordance with the small companies' regime

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David Eagle (Senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
Epsom
United Kingdom

Date 22 December 2011

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

# Profit and loss account for the period ended 31 March 2011

	Note	Period ended 31 March 2011 £	Year ended 31 December 2009 £
Turnover	1	1,105,687	1,528,696
Direct property costs		(1,250)	(3,750)
Gross profit		1,104,437	1,524,946
Administrative expenses			(404,562)
Operating profit		1,104,437	1,120,384
Surplus on sales of investment properties	5	1,299,303	~
Net cost of financing	6	(3,687,183)	(1,874,090)
Loss on ordinary activities before and after taxation for the year/period	11	(1,283,443)	(753,706)

All amounts relate to continuing activities

Statement of total recognised gains and losses and note of historical cost profits and losses for the period ended 31 March 2011

	Note	Period ended 31 March 2011 £	Year ended 31 December 2009 £
Statement of total recognised gains and losses			
Loss for the financial period/year		(1,283,443)	(753,706)
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of investment properties	12	-	4,000,000
Total recognised gains and losses for the financial period/year		(1,283,443)	3,246,294
	Note	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Year ended 31 December 2009 £
Note of historical cost profits and losses			
Reported loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(1,283,443)	(753,706)
Valuation deficits of previous years realised on sales of investment properties	11	(3,619,496)	
Historical cost loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(4,902,939)	(753,706)
Retained historical cost loss for the period/year after taxation		(4,902,939)	(753,706)

## Balance sheet at 31 March 2011

Company Number 05839456	Note	31 March 2011 £	31 March 2011 £	31 December 2009 £	31 December 2009 £
Fixed assets Investment properties	8		-		27,500,000
Creditors, amounts falling due within one year	9			33,387,489	
Net current liabilities					(33,387,489)
Total assets less current liabilities					(5,887,489)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Revaluation reserve Profit and loss account	10 11 11		7,171,032 (7,171,032	)	100 (3,619,496) (2,268,093)
Shareholder's deficit	12				(5,887,489)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20 December 2011

JE McMahon

Director

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2011

### 1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investment properties and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The financial statements are in compliance with the Companies Act 2006 except that, as explained below, investment properties are not depreciated.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied

#### Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1, "Cash Flow Statements (Revised 1996)", not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that the company quantifies as a small company as defined under Section 283 of the Companies Act 2006

### Turnover

Turnover arises wholly within the United Kingdom and represents rents receivable from the leasing of investment properties, excluding value added tax

#### Investment properties

In accordance with SSAP19, "Accounting for investment properties", completed long leasehold investment properties are revalued annually to open market value and no depreciation is provided

The directors consider that this accounting policy results in the financial statements giving a true and fair view. The effect of this departure from the Companies Act 2006 has not been quantified because it is impracticable and, in the opinion of the directors, would be misleading.

Additions to investment properties include only costs of a capital nature

The aggregate surplus or deficit arising on revaluation is transferred to the revaluation reserve except where a deficit is deemed to represent a permanent diminution in value, in which case it is charged to the profit and loss account

When an investment property is bought or sold, the transaction is recognised in the financial statements on unconditional exchange of contract

### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that

- deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on revalued properties unless the company
  has entered into a binding sale agreement at the balance sheet date, and
- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences

Deferred tax balances are not discounted

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2011 (continued)

### 2 Auditors' remuneration

Fees for the audit of the company were £2,000 (2009 - £5,000) which have been borne by URWI Limited Partnership

### 3 Employees

The company employed no staff in the current period or prior year

### 4 Directors' remuneration

No director received any emoluments from the company during the current period or prior year

5	Surplus on sales of investment properties	Period ended 31 March 2011 £	Year ended 31 December 2009 £
	Gross proceeds on sales Historical cost of properties sold	28,910,000 (31,119,497)	- -
	Historical cost loss	(2,209,497)	-
	Valuation deficits of previous years realised	3,619,496	
	Surplus over carrying value Selling expenses	1,409,999 (110,696)	-
	Surplus on sales of investment properties	1,299,303 <del></del>	
6	Net cost of financing		
		Period ended 31 March 2011 £	Year ended 31 December 2009 £
	Interest payable on loans from group companies Bank and other interest receivable	3,687,184 (1)	1,874,090
	Net cost of financing	3,687,183	1,874,090

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2011 (continued)

#### 7 Taxation

The tax assessed for the period/year varies from the standard rate of corporation tax in the United Kingdom A reconciliation is provided below

	Period ended 31 March 2011 £	Year ended 31 December 2009 £
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(1,283,443)	(753,706)
Loss on ordinary activities at the standard average rate of corporation tax in the UK for the period/year of 28% (2009 28%)	(359,364)	(211,038)
Effects of  Net movement in losses available to carry forward (see below)  Chargeable gains less than accounting profit on disposal	723,169 (363,805)	211,038 -
	<del></del>	<del></del>
Current tax credit for the period/year	-	-

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Deferred tax arises on the difference between the carrying value of investment properties and their tax base cost. The total unprovided deferred tax asset at 31 March 2011 is £nil (2009 - £1,013,458) calculated at 26% (2009 - 28%)

The company has capital related losses available to carry forward of £2,287,574 (2009 - £nil)

The company has estimated revenue related losses available to carry forward of £3,744,042 (2009 £1,161,294)

#### 8 Investment properties

	Completed long leasehold properties at valuation £
At 1 January 2010 Disposals	27,500,000 (27,500,000)
At 31 March 2011	- -

On 22 September 2010 the company sold its investment property for £28,910,000

At 31 December 2009 the company's investment properties were valued at £27,500,000 on an open market value basis by Carl Barrand MRICS, a Chartered Surveyor and a member of LXB³ Partners LLP, the parent entity of the corporate General Partner of URWI Limited Partnership

The historical cost of the properties is £Nil (2009 - £31,119,497)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2011 (continued)

9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	31 March 2011 £	31 December 2009 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings Accruals and deferred income	-	33,147,715 239,774
			33,387,489
10	Share capital		
	•	Allotted, called up and fully paid 31 March 2011 £	Allotted, called up and fully paid 31 December 2009
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	7,171,032	100
	On 22 February 2011 7,170,932 ordinary shares were allotted for a nominal v	value of £1 per	share
11	Reserves	Revaluation reserve £	account
	At 1 January 2010 Loss for the financial period Transfers	(3,619,496 3,619,496	(1,283,443)
	At 31 March 2011		(7,171,032)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2011 (continued)

12	Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's deficit	2011 £	2009 £
	Loss for the period/year	(1,283,443)	(753,706)
	Other net recognised gains and losses relating to the period/year - Unrealised surplus on revaluation of investment properties Issue of share capital	7,170,932	4,000,000
	Net movement in shareholder's deficit	5,887,489	3,246,294
	Opening shareholder's deficit	(5,887,489)	(9,133,783)
	Closing shareholder's deficit	-	(5,887,489)

### 13 Related party transactions and balances

During the period the company paid interest and associated finance costs of £3,687,184 (2009 - £1,874,090) to URWI Newco Borrower Limited, a fellow group company

At 31 March 2011, the company owed £nil (2009 - £22,206,735) to URWI Newco Borrower Limited At 31 March 2011, the company owed £nil (2009 - £10,069,497) to URWI Newco Borrower Holdings Limited At 31 March 2011, the company owed £nil (2009 - £871,483) to URWI Limited Partnership

In the opinion of the directors there are no other related party transactions to be disclosed

### 14 Controlling party information

At 31 March 2011, URWI Limited Partnership is the parent of the largest group of which the company is a member for which its General Partner is LXB English General Partner Limited

At 31 March 2011, the company's ultimate controlling entity (and parent of the General Partner) is LXB<sup>3</sup> Partners LLP which is not controlled by any one individual or entity

On 25 May 2011, Regenco General Partner Limited became the company's ultimate controlling entity replacing LXB English General Partner Limited as General partner of URWI Limited Partnership Regenco General Partner Limited is not controlled by any one individual or entity

The immediate controlling entity of the company is URWI Newco Borrower Holdings Limited