## NEW FORESTS COMPANY MOZAMBIQUE UK LIMITED (Registration No. 05838645)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2012

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# NEW FORESTS COMPANY MOZAMBIQUE UK LIMITED (Registration No. 05838645)

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 JUNE 2012

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## COMPANY INFORMATION 30 JUNE 2012

## 1. Directors

RHF Devereux JMM Ozanne JR Aisbilt

## 2. Company number

05838645

## 3. Secretary

**QV** Scorgie

## 4. Registered office

C/O Morrison & Foerster (UK) LLP City Point 1 Ropemaker Street London EC2Y 9AW

## 5. Auditor

Deloitte LLP 2 New Street Square London EC4A 3BZ

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012**

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report together with the audited annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012.

#### Principle activity

The principle activity of the company during the previous period was that of investment holding. In the current year the company has been dormant except for a foreign exchange loss.

#### Review of the business

The company changed its year end to 30 June during the previous financial year to be consistent with the other group companies

During the previous period, the company sold its assets and liabilities, including the investment in the subsidiary company, to a related company Details of this transaction can be found in note 8. Since that date the company has been collecting its remaining debts and settling liabilities. It is not anticipated that the company will trade for the foreseeable future, and will become dormant.

#### Key risks and uncertaintles

As the Company is no longer trading the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with those of the Group and are not managed separately

Further information on the financial risk management objectives and policies of the group as a whole, and by default the Company, can be found on page 7 of the 2012 New Forests Holdings Limited Annual Financial Statements

#### Financial instruments

Details of the Company's financial risk management policies and its exposure to price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk are contained in the notes to the financial statements

### Subsequent events

No events of a material nature occurred between the reporting date and the date of this report, which would result in an adjustment to these financial statements

## **Holding Company**

The company's ultimate holding company is the New Forests Company Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom

#### Share capital

At 30 June 2012, the company had authorised and issued share capital of \$ 126,082 (2011: \$ 126,082) of £0.01 shares each. During the year the company had no issues of new shares.

## Going concern

The Directors intend to liquidate this entity in the foreseeable future. As required by International Accounting Standards, the directors have prepared the financial statements on the basis that the company is no longer a going concern. The financial statements do not include any provision for the future cost of terminating the business of the company except to the extent that such were committed at the balance sheet date. No material adjustments arose as a result of ceasing to apply the going concern basis.

### Dividends

No dividends were declared or paid in the current year (2011 nll)

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

NEW FORESTS COMPANY MOZAMBIQUE UK LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012 (continued)

### **Directors**

The directors during the year remained as follows

- R H F Devereux (Chairman)
- J R Aisbitt
- J M M Ozanne

#### Directors' indemnities

The company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the year and remain in force at the date of this report

## Provision of information to the auditor

So far as each of the directors is aware at the time the report is approved

- there is no relevant financial information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

This information is given and should be interpreted in accordance with S418 of the Companies Act 2006

Deloite LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditor and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

This report was approved by the board on 21 November 2012 and signed on its behalf

QV Scengle Secretary

## STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR TO 30 JUNE 2012

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with international Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, International Accounting Standard 1 requires that directors

- · properly select and apply accounting policies,
- present information, including accounting policles, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information,
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs are insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the entity's financial position and financial performance, and
- · make an assessment of the company's ability to continue as a going concern

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions, to disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NEW FORESTS COMPANY MOZAMBIQUE UK LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of New Forests Company Mozambique UK Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012 which comprise the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes 1 to 16 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors,

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of, whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report

## Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2012 and of the company's loss for the year then ended,
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, and
- · have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NEW FORESTS COMPANY MOZAMBIQUE UK LIMITED (continued)

Emphasis of matter - Financial statements prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in note 2 to the financial statements, which explains that the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2008

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Kevin Thompson (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

**Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor** 

London, United Kingdom

21 November 2012

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2012

	Notes	<u>2012</u> \$	<u>2011</u>
ASSETS			
Current assets		7 775	83 795
Sundry receivables	3	7 775	74 009
Bank and cash balances	4		9 786
Total assets		7 775	83 795
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Deficit / equity		(909)	2 212
Share capital	5	126 082	126 082
Share premium		4 809 191	4 809 191
Translation reserve		(187 275)	(187 275)
Accumulated loss		(4 748 907)	(4 745 786)
Current liabilities		8 684	81 <u>5</u> 83
Sundry payables	7	8 684	81 583
Total equity and liabilities		7 775	83 795

The financial statements of New Forests Company Mozmbique UK Limited, registration number 05838645 were approved and authorised by the board of directors and were signed on its behalf on 21 November 2012

, JMM Ozanne

The notes on pages 10 to 19 form part of these financial statements

## STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

Discontinued operations	Notes	2012	18 months ended 2011 \$
Revenue		-	350 000
Gross profit		-	350 000
Exceptional item Loss on sale of assets and liabilities			/0.000.0E0\
Administration expenses	8	(3 121)	(2 002 950) (1 064 273)
Loss from operations	10	(3 121)	(2 717 223)
Finance expenses	9	•	(565 020)
Loss before taxation		(3 121)	(3 282 243)
Taxation	11	-	-
Loss for the year / period		(3 121)	(3 282 243)

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	Share capital	Share premium	Translation reserve	Accumulated loss	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 31 December 2009	112 491	1 822 782	(208 440)	(1 463 543)	263 290
Issue of shares	13 591	2 986 409		-	3 000 000
Total comprehensive loss for the period Exchange differences on translating	-	-		(3 282 243)	(3 282 243)
foreign operations	-	-	21 165	-	21 165
Balance at 30 June 2011	126 082	4 809 191	(187 275)	(4 745 786)	2 212
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	(3 121)	(3 121)
Balance at 30 June 2012	126 082	4 809 191	(187 275)	(4 748 907)	(909)

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	Notes	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u> \$
Net cash used in operating activities Cash used in operating activities Interest paid	12 1	(9 786) (9 786) -	(1 181 143) (1 172 593) (8 550)
Cash flows used in investing activities investment in subsidiary Loan to subsidiary			(3 730 412) (2 488 533) (1 241 879)
Cash flows from financing activities Shares issued Proceeds from long-term borrowings Proceeds from disposal of investments Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(9 786)	4 920 008 3 000 000 1 920 007 1 8 453
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year / period		9 786	1 333
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year / period	12 2		9 786

## NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

### 1. Nature of business and basis of presentation

New Forests Company Mozambique Limited is a company domiciled in England and Wales The company has ceased trading

The parent and ultimate holding company is New Forests Company Holdings Limited - a company registered in the United Kingdom

These financial statements are presented in USD since that is the currency in which the majority of the company's transactions are denominated

## 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation and accounting policies

Standards and Interpretations affecting amounts reported in the current period

All the new and revised standards and interpretations with effective dates for annual periods beginning on or before 1 July 2011 have been adopted in the current period but have had no effect on the amounts reported

Standards and Interpretations in issue not yet adopted

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, other than the standards and interpretations adopted above, the following new and revised standards and interpretations applicable to the company were in issue but not yet effective

- IFRS 7 Financial Instruments Disclosures 2 4
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments 4
- IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement 2
- IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements 1,2
- IAS 12 Income taxes 2
- IAS 32 Financial Instruments Presentation 2 3
- <sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012
- <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013
- <sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014
- <sup>4</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015

The directors anticipate that all the above standards and interpretations will be adopted in the financial statements in the financial periods when they become effective. The adoption of these standards and interpretations will have no material impact on the financial statements of the company in the period of initial application.

### Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and in the manner required by the Companies Act of the United Kingdom

## Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The principal accounting policies are set out below and are consistent in all material respects with those applied in the previous year.

## NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

## 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

## Going concern

The Directors intend to liquidate this entity in the foreseeable future. As required by International Accounting Standards, the directors have prepared the financial statements on the basis that the company is no longer a going concern. The financial statements do not include any provision for the future cost of terminating the business of the company except to the extent that such were committed at the balance sheet date. No material adjustments arose as a result of ceasing to apply the going concern basis.

## Foreign currency

Transactions in currencies other than the company's functional currency (United States Dollars) are initially recorded at the rates of exchange ruling on the dates of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in such currencies are retranslated at the rates ruling on the statement of financial position date. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting an enterprise's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded are recognised as income or expense in the year in which they arise

Exchange rate differences arising from the translation of monetary assets or liabilities are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in the year in which they occur

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the group has become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial regognition. Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

#### Trade receivables

Trade receivables are stated at their nominal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts

## Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity if the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay if the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss

## NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings and trade payables, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Taxation

The company recognise the net future tax benefit related to deferred income tax assets to the extent that it is probable that the deductible temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future. Assessing the recoverability of deferred income tax assets requires the company to make significant estimates related to expectations of future taxable income. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecast cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the company to realise the net deferred tax assets recorded at the reporting date could be impacted. Additionally, future changes in tax laws in the jurisdictions in which the company operates could limit the ability of the company to obtain tax deductions in future periods.

## Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred

## Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flow, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposits held on call with banks net of bank overdraft, all of which are available for use by the company unless otherwise stated

## Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of Value Added Taxation. Revenue from the providing of services is recognised when services are rendered.

## NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

		2012	2011
3.	Sundry receivables	\$	\$
٠.	Amounts receivable from group undertakings Other receivables	7 775	7 933 66 076
	Total sundry receivables	7 775	74 009
	The directors consider that the carrying amount of sundry receivables approximates their fair value		
	Amounts receivable from group undertakings are denominated in USD, bears no interest and have no repayment terms		
4.	Bank and cash balances		
	Total bank balances and cash		9 786
	The directors consider that the carrying amount of bank balances and cash approximates their fair value		
5	Issued capital		
	Share capital	Number	Number
	Authorised 10,000,000 ordinary shares of British Sterling £0 01 each	10 000 000	10 000 000
	Issued 6,483,468 ordinary shares of British Sterling £0 01 each	6 483 468	6 483 468
	Reconciliation of number of shares Ordinary shares at end of year	6 483 468	6 483 468
	At beginning of year New Issues during the year / period	6 483 468	5 626 325 857 143
		\$	\$
	Issued share capital	126 082	126 082
	All fully paid up shares have a par value of £0 01 and entitle the holder to one vote and equal rights to dividends declared		
	During the previous period, 857,143 ordinary shares with a nominal value of British Sterling £8,571 were issued for a cash consideration of US Dollars $3,000,000$		
6	Deferred tax		
	Tax losses incurred are irrecoverable due to the company ceasing its trading activity. Accordingly no deferred tax has been recognised		
7.	Sundry payables		
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	8 684	81 583
	Amounts owed to group undertakings are denominated in USD, bear no interest and have no repayment terms. The Directors consider that the carrying amount approximates the fair value.	-	

## NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

		2012	2011
8.	Disposal of assets and liabilities	\$	\$
υ.	•		
	Loss on sale of assets and liabilities	-	2 002 950
	During the prior period, the company entered into an agreement to sell its assets and liabilities to a fellow group company, New Forests Company Mozambique Limited The value of the assets and liabilities sold are set out below		
	Loan due from New Forests S A		2 129 239
	Investments in New Forests S A.		4 555 336
	Loan due to New Forests Company Holdings Limited		(4 146 319)
	Accruals		(535 305)
			2 002 951
	Proceeds		(1)
	Loss on disposal		2 002 950
9.	Finance expenses Interest expense - Shareholder loan	<u>-</u> _	565 020
10.	Loss from operations		
	Operating loss from the period is stated after the following		
	Audit fees	-	3 551
	Foreign exhange	3 121	-
	Management fees paid	-	1 060 410
	Audit fees in the current year have been borne by the New Forests Company Holdings Limited, the parent company		

## NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012 $\,$

11.	Taxation	2012 \$	<u>2011</u> \$
	Reconciliation of effective tax rate		
	Loss before taxation	(3 121)	(3 282 243)
	Tax calculated at a tax rate of 25 5% (27 67%) Non deductible expenses Deferred taxation asset not recorded	(80) - 80	(908 197) 554 216 353 981
	Tax expense	-	
12.	Notes to the cash flow statement		
12.1	Reconciliation of net loss before taxation to cash flows used in operations		
	Loss before taxation Adjustments for Loss on disposal of sale of assets and liabilities	(3 121)	(3 282 243) 2 002 950
	Finance expenses  Operating loss before working capital changes	(3 121)	(714 273)
	Operating loss before working capital changes	(3 121)	(1 14 213)
	Working capital changes Decrease in trade receivables Decrease in trade and other payables	66 234 (72 899)	843 237 (1 301 557)
	Cash used in operating activities	(9 786)	(1 172 593)
12.2	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash and cash equivalents consisted of cash on hand and balances with banks and investments in money market instruments. Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow statement comprised the following balance sheet amounts.		
	Bank and cash balances		9 786

## NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

		201	2	2011
13.	Related party disclosures	\$	<del></del>	\$
	The parent company and ultimate controlling party Company Holdings Limited, a company registered Kingdom.			
	Transactions with subsidary companies			
	Management received			350 000
	Management fees paid			(1 060 410)
	Interest paid			(565 020)
	Balances with subsidary companies			
	Amount due from fellow subsidiary company	7	775	7 933
	Amount due to parent company	8	684	81 583
	The following material related parties have been identified	ed·		
	Related party	Relationship		
	New Forests Company Holdings Limited	Shareholder		
	New Forests Company Mozambique Limited	Group company		
	New Forests S A	Group company		
	and the second s			

During the prior period, the company sold its assets and liabilities to New Forests Mozambique Limited, Refer to note 8  $\,$ 

## 14. Financial instruments and financial risk management

## Fair value of financial instruments

The table below provides a comparison, by category, of the carrying amounts and the fair values of the company's non-derivative financial assets and liabilities at 30 June 2012

	Carryingamount
2012	\$
US Dollars	
Financial assets	
Loans and receivables	7775
US Dollars	Carrying amount
Financial liabilities	\$
Held at amortised cost	8684

## NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 14. Financial instruments and financial risk management

### Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

	Carrying
	amount
2011	\$
US Dollars	
Financial assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	9 786
Loans and receivables	74 009
	83 795
	Carrying
US Dollars	amount
Financial liabilities	\$
Held at amortised cost	81 583

It is the directors opinion that the carrying value of other assets and other payables approximate their fair value

### Financial risk management strategies

The company was exposed to a variety of financial risks. A risk management programme has been established to protect the company against the potensial adverse effects of these financial risks. The exposure to financial risks was considerabily reduced during the prior period due to the sale of the assets and liabilities as described in note 8.

The company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its sundry receivables. The amounts presented in the statement of financial position are net of allowances for doubtful receivables, estimated by the company's management based on prior experience and their assessment of the current economic environment.

The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk as the principle dealings are held with group company entities

#### Interest rate risk

The company is not exposed to interest rate risk as none of its borrowings attract variable interest

## Foreign currency risk

The company is not exposed to foreign currency risk

### 15 Parent undertaking

The Company's ultimate parent and controlling entity is New Forests Company Holdings Ltd, which is incorporated in Great Britain and is registered in England and Wales New Forests Company Holdings Ltd is the parent of the largest and smallest group which includes the Company and for which consolidated financial statements are prepared Copies of its financial statements are available from Companies House, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ

#### 16. Events after the balance sheet date

There are no major events subsequent to the balance sheet date which have a major impact on the further evolution of the Company