Directors' Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2012

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Pages	Description
1	Company Information
2-3	Directors' Report
4	Report of the Independent Auditor
5	Profit and Loss Account
6	Balance Sheet
7	Cashflow Statement
8-14	Notes to the Financial Statements

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

A G Bremner P Townsend G B Fairbank P J Whiscombe

K Hill

PRP George Secretary

5826309 **Company Number**

Tempsford Hall **Registered Office**

Sandy Bedfordshire SG19 2BD

Grant Thornton UK LLP Grant Thornton House **Auditor**

Melton Street

Euston Square London NW1 2EP

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company are the design, construction, financing, supply of certain services and maintenance of a police station with a custodial unit in accordance with the terms of an agreement with Kent Police Authority This agreement together with a loan facilities agreement, a construction contract, a facilities management contract and other related contracts were signed on 21 July 2006 The concession period runs for a period of 30 years from this date

Business review and future developments 2

The Company's results are measured by the directors by comparison to the financial model, updated in March 2011 This model is an update of the operational model that is developed by using the financial close model from 2006 with the appropriate adjustments to reflect actual cash expenditure The Company completed construction of the facility in 2008 and has provided continuous operations throughout the current financial year. All debt repayments have been made in full and in the correct periods. The Company has made a profit in the period based upon the operating profit exceeding the net cost of financing debt

Principal risks and uncertainties 3

The principal risk at 31 March 2012 is interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is present due to the company having senior debt at a variable interest rate. This risk is addressed by having a floating to fixed rate interest rate swap. This was entered into on 21 July 2006 and covers the life of the loan. Interest receivable risk continues to exist on the cash available to place on deposits

Results and dividends

The profit for the period after taxation dealt with in the financial statements is £72,000 (2011 £34,000)

The directors recommend the payment of a dividend of £100,000 in total. This was paid to Justice Support (North Kent) Holdings Limited, which in turn paid the funds out to its shareholders, on the 30 March 2012, in proportion to their share ownership

The directors of the Company who served during the period and to the date of this report were as follows

D R S MacDonald (resigned 14th May 2012)

P Townsend

I Wong (resigned 5th October 2011)

P 1 Whiscombe

K Hill (appointed 3rd November 2011)

G B Fairbank (appointed 14th May 2012)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

6 Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable laws) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors confirm that

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

7 Going Concern

The Directors have reviewed the company's projected cashflows which have been prepared on the basis of a detailed analysis of the company's finances and likely future demand trends After consideration of these projections the directors consider the company will be able to settle its liabilities as they fall due and accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis

8 Disclosure of information to auditor

In so far as each of the directors is aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of that information

9 Auditor

A resolution to reappoint Grant Thornton LLP as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting in accordance with section 489 of the Companies Act 2006

n behalf of the Board

P J Whiscombe

Director

Date 26 July 2012

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR TO THE MEMBER OF JUSTICE SUPPORT SERVICES (NORTH KENT) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Justice Support Services (North Kent) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2012 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the notes to the financial statements. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Richard Hagley
Senior Statutory Auditor
For and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP
Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants

London

Frant Thriston UK W

Date 26 July 2012

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 March 2012

	Note	2012 £000	2011 £000
Turnover	1	2,137	2,260
Operating charges		(1,934)	(2,048)
Operating profit	2	203	212
Net interest payable	3	(108)	(169)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		95	43
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	5	(23)	(9)
Profit for the financial year		72	34
		-	

A reconciliation of movement in equity shareholders' funds is shown in note 11 in the financial statements

There is no difference between the historical cost result and the result stated above. The result reported above relates to continuing activities

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the result for the period

The notes on pages 8 to 14 form part of these Financial Statements

BALANCE SHEET As at 31 March 2012

P.	lote	2012 £000	2011 £000
Current assets			
Debtors amounts falling due within one year Debtors amounts falling due after one year	6 7	1,114 34,138	1,539 34,758
Total Debtors		35,252	36,297
Cash at bank and in hand		3,608	3,058
		38,860	39,355
Current liabilities			
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	8	(1,990)	(1,999)
Total assets less current liabilities		36,870	37,356
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(36,848)	(37,306)
Net assets		22	50
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	10 12	10 12	10 40
Equity shareholders' funds	11	22	50

The financial statements were approved by the board on 26 July 2012 and were signed on its behalf

Director

The notes on pages 8 to 14 form part of these Financial Statements

Registered Number 5826309

CASHFLOW STATEMENT Period ended 31 March 2012

	Note	2012 £000	2011 £000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	16	1,684	1,386
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid and bank charges		2,294 (2,388)	2,289 (2,444)
		(94)	(155)
Taxation (Paid)/Received		(9)	6
Dividends paid		(100)	-
Financing Repayment of term loan Repayment of subordinated loan		(892) (38)	(910) (11)
		(930)	(921)
Increase in cash		550 ———	316
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in ne Increase in cash in the period	et debt	550	316
Cash outflow from changes in debt financing		930	921
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows		1,480	1,237
Change in net debt	17	1,480	1,237
Net debt bought forward	17	(34,059)	(35,296)
Net debt carried forward	17	(32,579)	(34,059)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATMENTS

1 Principal accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted are disclosed below

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The principal accounting policies have remained unchanged from the previous year.

Contract receivable

Costs incurred in construction have been accounted for under Financial Reporting Standard 5, "Reporting the Substance of Transactions" Costs comprise direct payments to the contractor, attributable initial project costs and interest costs incurred over the construction period on borrowings to fund construction

The contract receivable is repaid over the life of the concession, and revenue is apportioned between a deemed interest charge and turnover. This deemed interest charge is based upon the value of the financial debt outstanding and is included within interest receivable.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred by the balance sheet date more likely than not that they will be recovered that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Turnover

A margin is applied to operating costs charged to the profit and loss account to calculate the turnover credited to the profit and loss account. This margin is calculated as total income receivable over the concession, less all service costs and other operating costs payable over the concession

The Company's sole business activity is that described in the Directors' Report, and accordingly all turnover is derived in the UK

Finance costs

The interest cost of financing the company's obligations under the concession agreement has been included in the value of the contract debtor. All directly attributable finance costs associated with the construction of buildings are included in the contract debtor.

Any loan arrangement fees will be amortised over the term of the loan in accordance with FRS4

Interest rate swaps

Interest rate swaps are used to hedge the company's exposure to movements on interest rates. The fair value of this financial instrument which may be an asset or liability to the company, depending on the market rate, is not recognised in the financial statements as the company is exempt from adopting FRS 26 Financial Instruments. Recognition and Measurement

The interest payable on the debt and associated interest rate swaps is accrued for within the financial statements. Should the company terminate the interest rate swaps earlier than they mature the company may become liable to pay penalties.

Interest payable

Interest payable is applicable in relation to the senior debt and is addressed through effective interest rates swaps as detailed above and outlined further in Note 9 to the accounts. Interest payable on subordinated debt is made based on the current balance and a fixed interest rate of 12 03%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Interest receivable

Interest receivable is earned on cash balances placed on deposit throughout the year and interest received is calculated based on the variable rates provided at the point in time the deposits are placed

Interest receivable is also due on the Contract debtor balance after amortisation. The interest receivable on the contract debtor each year is set as 6 412%, which is in line with the Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC)

2.	Operating profit	2012 £000	2011 £000
	Operating profit is arrived at after charging		
	Auditor's remuneration		
	Audit of the financial statements	10	10
	Other fees and taxation advice	4	3
		14	13
			
3	Net interest payable	2012 £000	2011 £000
	Interest payable on term loans Interest payable on subordinated loans Interest receivable on bank deposits Interest receivable on finance debtor Bank charges Amortisation of issue costs	1,914 470 (46) (2,248) 4 14	1,967 473 (34) (2,255) 4 14
	Net interest payable	108	169

4 Directors and employees

The directors were not directly remunerated for their services The shareholders (as detailed in note 15) were paid £62,000 (2011 £55,000) in respect of directors' services provided during the year in relation to the completion of services to the business, in line with the contracts in place.

The company has no employees (2011 nil)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Taxation	2012 £000	2011 £000
a) Analysis of charge for the period		
Current tax UK corporation tax	23	9
Total current tax charge		9
b) Reconciliation of current tax charge		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	95	43
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at Marginal Corporation Tax rate of 24 5%	23	9
Current tax charge for the period	23	9

c) Factors that may affect the future tax charges

5

The annual budget announced in March 2012 outlined that the corporation tax rate change as at 1 April 2013 would reduce the main rate to 24% The budget also detailed that rates would step down as previously outlined and therefore rates would be 22% by 2015

6	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	2012 £000	2011 £000
	Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income Contract receivable	494 620 ———————————————————————————————————	488 472 579 ———— 1,539
7	Debtors: amounts failing due after more than one year	2012 £000	2011 £000
	Contract receivable	34,138	34,758

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2012 £000	2011 £000
	Term loan Equity bridge loan Trade creditors Accruals VAT Retention Corporation Tax	909 29 40 490 247 250 23	892 38 13 706 91 250 9
		1,990	1,999
9	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2012 £000	2011 £000
	Borrowings term loan drawn down less unamortised issue costs subordinated loan Contract debtor control account	31,388 (311) 3,861 1,901	32,297 (324) 3,890 1,443
		36,848	37,306
	Borrowing consists of		

The term loan facility granted by Bank of Scotland is secured on the assets of the company The loan facility is for a total value of £39,871,000 of which £32,297,000 was outstanding at 31 March 2012 (£33,189,000 at 31 March 2011)

The loan facility is repayable from September 2008 to January 2035

Interest is charged on amounts drawn under the term loan facility based on floating LIBOR plus a margin of 0 9%, which is agreed for the term of the project. The Company has entered into a LIBOR to fixed rate swap whose effect is to convert variable interest into fixed interest. The fixed rate of this swap is 4 8%

	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Term Loan		
Amounts repayable are due as follows		
Within one year	90 9	892
In more than one year but not more than two years	1,038	909
In more than two years but not more than five years	3,111	3,102
In more than 5 years	27,239	28,286)
		
	32,297	33,189

The subordinated loan facility is repayable in 6 monthly instalments, from September 2008 to September 2036 and bears an interest rate of 12 03%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year (continued)

	Subordinated Loan Amounts repayable are due as follows		
	Within one year	29	38
	In more than one year but not more than two years	33	29
	In more than two years but not more than five years	125	112
	In more than 5 years	3,703	3,749
		3,890	3,928
10	Share capital	2012 £000	2011 £000
	Authorised; aliotted, called up and fully paid		
	10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
11	Reconciliation of movements in equity shareholders' funds		£000
	Shareholders' funds at 31 March 2011		50
	Profit for the period Dividends paid		72 (100)
	Shareholders' funds at 31 March 2012		22
12	Reserves	2012 £000	2011 £000
	Profit and loss account bought forward	40	6
	Profit for the period Dividends paid	72 (100)	34
	Profit and loss account carried forward	12	40

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

13 Related party disclosures

During the period the company entered into transactions, in the ordinary course of business, with Kier Project Investment Limited and Kier Regional Limited both 100% subsidiaries of Kier Group plc There were also transactions with Reliance Secure Task Management Limited (whose ultimate parent company is Reliance Trust Limited) and Bank of Scotland (part of Lloyds Banking Group) The relationship with these companies is described in Note 15 Transactions entered into during the year and trading balances outstanding at 31 March 2012, are as follows

	Purc	hases	Amounts ou At 31 M	
	2012 £000	2011 £000	2012 £000	2011 £000
Kier South East (Kier Regional Limited) Kier Project Investment Limited	96	24 42	250	250 -
Reliance Secure Task Management Limited	1,493	1,461	-	8
Bank of Scotland	63	42	-	-
Bank of Scotland - loan outstanding	-	-	32,297	33,189
	1,652	1,569	32,547	33,447

Other than those transactions noted above, the company has taken the disclosure exemptions available under Financial Reporting Standard 8 'Related Party Disclosures' which exempts the disclosure of transactions between members of the same group which comprise wholly owned subsidiaries

14 Commitments

Under the terms of a contract with Reliance Secure Task Management Limited dated 21 July 2006, the company is committed to annual payments totalling £1,293,000 (plus indexation) in respect of services to be provided during the concession period

15 Parent Undertakings

As at 31 March 2012 the company was a wholly owned subsidiary of Justice Support Services (North Kent) Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. The share capital of Justice Support Services (North Kent) Holdings Limited was held 42.5% by Kier Project Investment Limited (the ultimate holding company being Kier Group plc) and 42.5% by Bank of Scotland Infrastructure (No.3) Limited (the ultimate holding company being Lloyds Banking Group plc) and the remaining 15% by Reliance North Kent PFI Limited, (the ultimate holding company being Reliance Trust Limited), and thus it is the directors' opinion that there is no ultimate controlling party.

Justice Support Services (North Kent) Holdings Limited, Kier Project Investment Limited, Reliance North Kent PFI Limited and Bank of Scotland Infrastructure (No 3) Limited are incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales

2011

16 Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities

	£000	£000
Operating profit Change in debtors Movement in contract receivable Change in creditors	203 466 1,046 (31)	212 154 851 169
	1.694	1,386
Net cash inflow from operating activities	1,684 ———	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

17 Reconciliation of Net Cashflow to Movement in Net Debt

				£000
	Increase in Cash Cashflow from debt & lease financing Cashflow from liquid resources			550 930 -
	Change in net debt arising from cashflows			<u>1.480</u>
	Net debt acquired in subsidiary Inception of leases Currency differences			= =
	Movement in net debt in the year			1,480
	Net Debt start of Period			(34,059)
	Net Debt at end of period			(32,579)
18	Analysis of changes in net debt	2011 £000	Cash Flow £000	2012 £000
	Cash at bank and in hand Term Loan Subordinated loan	3,058 (33,189) (3,928)	550 892 38	3,608 (32,297) (3,890)
	Net Debt	(34,059)	1,480	(32,579)