Registered number: 05824887

ANATOLIA FOODS LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

C&M Accountants Ltd

ACMA, CGMA, ICPA

52 Chestnut Drive Sale Cheshire M33 4HH

Anatolia Foods Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2019

Contents

	Page
Balance Sheet	1-2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3-5

Anatolia Foods Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2019

Registered number: 05824887

		201	9	201	.8
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		6,592		8,838
		_		_	
			6,592		8,838
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	4	155,000		105,500	
Debtors	5	158,346		104,776	
			_	_	
		313,346		210,276	
Creditore: Amounte Falling Due Mithin One					
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(177,426)		(113,989)	
			-		
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			135,920		96,287
		_		-	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			142,512		105,125
		_		_	_
NET ASSETS			142,512		105,125
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		=		•	
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			142,412		105,025
		-		-	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			142,512		105,125
		=	· .	=	

Anatolia Foods Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 March 2019

For the year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board		

Mr Yasin Sezer

05/11/2019

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Anatolia Foods Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2019

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery 25% reducing balance Motor Vehicles 25% reducing balance Computer Equipment 25% reducing balance

1.4. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

Anatolia Foods Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 March 2019

1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 8

3. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 April 2018	18,490	12,676	570	31,736
As at 31 March 2019	18,490	12,676	570	31,736
Depreciation				
As at 1 April 2018	11,610	11,145	143	22,898
Provided during the period	1,720	383	143	2,246
As at 31 March 2019	13,330	11,528	286	25,144
Net Book Value				
As at 31 March 2019	5,160	1,148	284	6,592
As at 1 April 2018	6,880	1,531	427	8,838

Anatolia Foods Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 March 2019

4. Stocks		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Stock - finished goods	155,000	105,500
	155,000	105,500
5. Debtors		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	153,700	101,258
Vat recoverable asset	4,646	3,518
	158,346	104,776
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	139,746	94,252
Bank loans and overdrafts	27,252	15,803
Corporation tax	9,297	343
Other taxes and social security	1,131	3,591
	177,426	113,989
7. Share Capital		
	2019	2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

8. General Information

Anatolia Foods Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 05824887. The registered office is Unit 6 Britannia Road, Sale, Cheshire, M33 2AA.

lectronic form, authenticat	ion and manner of c	lelivery under sect	tion 1072 of the C	ompanies Act 2006.	