REGISTERED NUMBER: 05806900 (England and Wales)

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD 1 OCTOBER 2019 TO 31 MARCH 2021

FOR

LAMINATING SERVICE & SUPPLIES (KENT)
LIMITED

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 OCTOBER 2019 TO 31 MARCH 2021

	Page
Company Information	1
Statement of Financial Position	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD 1 OCTOBER 2019 TO 31 MARCH 2021

DIRECTOR: Ms W Holmes **Bank Chambers REGISTERED OFFICE:** 1 Central Avenue Sittingbourne Kent ME10 4AE **BUSINESS ADDRESS:** 6 Maylam Gardens SITTINGBOURNE Kent ME10 1GB REGISTERED NUMBER: 05806900 (England and Wales) **ACCOUNTANTS:** McCabe Ford Williams **Chartered Accountants** Bank Chambers 1 Central Avenue Sittingbourne Kent

ME10 4AE

LAMINATING SERVICE & SUPPLIES (KENT) LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05806900)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 MARCH 2021

	A 1. <i>c</i>	31.3.21	•	30.9.19	٥
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	£	£	£	£
Tangible assets	5		-		1,384
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks	c	- 215		1,316	
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	6	215 <u>414</u> 629		5,559 <u>6,300</u> 13,175	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	7	<u>3,751</u>	(3,122)	<u>13,476</u>	(301)
LIABILITIES			(3,122)		1,083
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Retained earnings SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	8		100 (3,222) (3,122)		100 983 1,083

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the period ended 31 March 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Page 2 continued...

LAMINATING SERVICE & SUPPLIES (KENT) LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05806900)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - continued 31 MARCH 2021

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 21 July 2021 and were signed by:

Ms W Holmes - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 OCTOBER 2019 TO 31 MARCH 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Laminating Service & Supplies (Kent) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the company ceased to trade on 31 March 2021 and that the director plans to wind the company up after the period end.

Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period to which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are the depreciation charges that are calculated with reference to the useful economic life of fixed assets.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 25% on reducing balance

Government grants

During the year the company received the following revenue based grants.

Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (CJRS) to cover a portion of the employees wages who were furloughed due to the coronavirus pandemic. The amount received totalled £2,117 and has been included in other income.

A local government grant to support businesses with their business costs during the coronavirus pandemic. The amount received totalled £10,000 and has been included in other income.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Page 4 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 1 OCTOBER 2019 TO 31 MARCH 2021

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company enters into basic financial instruments that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

a) Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand.

c) Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the best estimate, which is an approximation, of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

d) Trade and other creditors

Debt instruments like loans and other accounts payable are initially measured at present value of the future payments and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable within one year, typically trade payables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an outright short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset is measured, initially and subsequently, at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Page 5 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 1 OCTOBER 2019 TO 31 MARCH 2021

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the period was 2 (2019 - 2).

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and machinery £
COST	
At 1 October 2019	2,420
Disposals	_(2,420)
At 31 March 2021	-
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 October 2019	1,036
Eliminated on disposal	_ (1,036)
At 31 March 2021	
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2021	-
At 30 September 2019	1,384

Page 6 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 1 OCTOBER 2019 TO 31 MARCH 2021

6.	DEBTORS: AMO	OUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
				31.3.21	30.9.19
	To all deleters			£	£
	Trade debtors Other debtors			-	4,509 1,050
	VAT			215	1,050
	*/**			<u>215</u>	5,559
7.	CREDITORS: AI	MOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
				31.3.21	30.9.19
				£	£
	Trade creditors			-	2,971
	VAT			-	665
	Other creditors	1.4		- 0.754	650
	Directors' Curren	IT ACCOUNTS		<u>3,751</u>	9,190
				<u>3,751</u>	<u>13,476</u>
8.	CALLED UP SH	ARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued a	and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	31.3.21	30.9.19
			value:	£	£
	100	Ordinary	£1	<u> 100</u>	100

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.