Directors' report and financial statements

30 June 2010

THURSDAY

A50 31/03/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE

112

# Huit Holdings (UK) Limited Directors' report and financial statements Contents

	Page
Company information	1
Directors' report	2
Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements	3
Report of the independent auditors to the members of Huit Holdings (UK) Limited	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	7
Notes to the financial statements	8

# Huit Holdings (UK) Limited Company Information

# **DIRECTORS**

Ng Man Choong (Resigned 25 June 2010) R Hershan S M Llewellyn

# SECRETARY AND REGISTERED OFFICE

C McQuoid PO Box 54 Haydn Road Nottingham NG5 1DH

# **AUDITORS**

KPMG LLP St Nicholas House Park Row Nottingham NG1 6FQ

# **BANKERS**

Lloyds TSB Bank plc PO Box 72 Bailey Drive Gillingham Kent ME8 0LS

# Huit Holdings (UK) Limited Directors' Report

The directors present their directors' report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2010

### Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company is that of a holding company which manages its subsidiaries

#### Review of the business

During the year ended 30 June 2010 the Company has incurred a loss of £31,000 (2009 £20,000) as detailed in the profit and loss account on page 5

#### Financial instruments

The management of the business and the execution of the Company's strategy are subject to a number of risks. The Company's exposure to financial risk is limited to exposure on related party loans. The risk of foreign exchange exposure and other financial risks are insignificant, and as such no further derivative instruments are used.

#### Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of an ordinary dividend

#### Directors

The directors who served during the period are shown on page 1

### Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

#### Anditors

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office

)

On behalf of the board

S M Llewellyn

Director 22 March 2011

# Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is in appropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have a general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Huit Holdings (UK) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Huit Holdings (UK) Limited for the year ended 30 June 2010 set out on pages 5 to 12. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK. Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body in accordance with sections 495 and 496 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body. For our audit work, or for the opinions we have formed

# Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and to express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at www fre org uk/apb/scope/private.cfm

### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2010 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

# Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuncration specified by law are not made or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

P Charles (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of KPMG ELP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
St Nicholas House
Park Row
Notungh im
NG1 6FQ

22 March 2011

# Huit Holdings (UK) Limited Profit and Loss Account For the year ended 30 June 2010

	Note	2010 £000	2009 £000
Administrative expenses Other operating income		(13) 2	(5) 1
Operating loss		(11)	(4)
Amounts written off investments Net interest payable	4	(20)	- (16)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	2	(31)	(20)
Taxation	5	-	-
Loss for the year	11	(31)	(20)

The Company has no recognised gains or losses in either the current or previous year other than the result for that year

The above results have arisen from continuing activities

# Huit Holdings (UK) Limited Balance Sheet At 30 June 2010

	Note	201	0	2009	
		£000	£000	£000	£000
Fixed assets					
Investments	6		-		-
Current assets					
Debtors	7	322		322	
Cash at bank and in hand		79		182	
		401	-	504	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	8	(408)		(480)	
Net current (liabilities) / assets			(7)	<del></del>	24
Total assets less current habilities			(7)	_	24
Creditors: amounts falling due after more					
than one year	9		(19,334)		(19,334)
Net liabilities		=	(19,341)		(19,310)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		532		532
Profit and loss account	11		(19,873)		(19,842)
Shareholders' deficit		=	(19,341)	_	(19,310)

The accounts on pages 5 to 12 were approved by the board of directors on 22 March 2011 and signed on its behalf

S M Llewellyn Director

Company number - 05785822

# Huit Holdings (UK) Limited Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Deficit For the year ended 30 June 2010

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Loss for the year	(31)	(20)
Net increase in shareholders deficit	(31)	(20)
Opening shareholders' deficit	(19,310)	(19,290)
Closing shareholders' deficit	(19,341)	(19,310)

#### Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

#### 1 Accounting policies

Huit Holdings (UK) Limited (the "Company") is a company incorporated in the UK

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements

### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules

The Company is exempt by virtue of \$400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

### Cash flow statement

Under FRS 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds of its size

#### Going concern

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Company is a member of a group with significant inter-group balances, the other group companies have agreed to continue to support the Company by not requesting repayment of the outstanding balances for the foreseeable future.

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains and losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account

#### Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the loss for the period and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19

### Investments held as fixed assets

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are shown at cost less any provision for impairment in value

### Classification of financial instruments issued by the Company

Following the adoption of FRS 25, financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity (i.e. forming part of shareholders' funds) only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions

- a) they include no contractual obligations upon the Company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company, and
- b) where the instrument will or may be settled in the Company's own equity instruments, it is either a non-derivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the Company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the Company's exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments

To the extent that this definition is not met the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the Company's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital and share premium account exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

Finance payments associated with financial liabilities are dealt with as part of interest payable and similar charges Finance payments associated with financial instruments that are classified as part of shareholders' funds, are dealt with as appropriations in the reconciliation of movements in shareholders funds

### Cash and liquid resources

Cash comprises cash in hand and deposits repayable on demand, less overdrafts payable on demand. At the balance sheet date the Company did not hold any liquid resources

#### Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

2	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	2010 £000	2009 £000
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging / (crediting)		
	Increase in provision against investments in subsidiary undertakings (Decrease) / increase in provision against amounts owed by group undertakings	<u> </u>	(8)
	The audit fee for the years ended 30 June 2010 and 2009 has been bourne by a related party		
3	Directors' remuneration		
	None of the directors received any emoluments or accrued retirement benefits under de benefit pension schemes in respect of their services to the company (2009 £nil)	fined contribution	or defined
4	Net interest payable	2010 £000	2009 £000
	Interest payable		
	Interest payable to group undertakings	20	20
	Interest receivable		
	Bank interest received	-	(3)
	Other interest received	<del></del>	(1)
	Net interest payable	20	16
5	Taxation	2010 £000	2009 £000
	Analysis of charge in the year	2000	2000
	UK corporation tax		
	Current tax on income for the year	_	_
	Total current tax		-
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the current year		
	The current tax for the year is different to the standard rate of corporation tax in the U	K of 28% (2009	28%) The
	differences are explained below		
		2010	2009
	Current tax reconciliation	£000	£000
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(21)	(20)
	Loss on ordinary activities ocioie taxation	(31)	(20)
	Current tax at 28% (2009 28%)	(9)	(6)
	Effects of		
	Non-deductible expenses	9	8
	Transfer pricing adjustments	-	(3)
	Utilisation of tax losses	<u> </u>	1
	Total current tax charge (see above)	<del></del> _	

A deferred tax asset in respect of the tax losses has not been recognised in the year due to the uncertainty over their future recoverability

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

6	Fixed asset investments			Shares in group undertakings £000
	Cost Balance at 30 June 2010 and 30 June 2009			8,167
	Provision			
	Balance at 30 June 2010 and 30 June 2009			(8.167)
	Net book value			
	At 30 June 2010			
	At 30 June 2009			
	The principal companies in which the Company has a	a 100% interest at the period end is as	s follows	
	Subsidiam undartakings	Port of the second		Country of
	Subsidiary undertakings Courtsuids Clothing Pronds Ltd.	Principal activity		Incorporation
	Courtaulds Clothing Brands Ltd Claremont Garments (Holdings) Ltd	Non trading Dormant		England
	Claremont Garments (Midlands) Ltd	Dormant		England
	Claremont Garments (South) Ltd	Dormant		England England
	Courtaulds Ltd	Dormant		England England
	Pretty Polly Ltd	Dormant		England England
	Derby Nyla Ltd	Dormant		England
	Laces & Textiles Ltd	Dormant		England
	The Long Eaton Fabric Company Ltd	Dormant		England England
	Mendian Ltd	Dormant		England
	Courtaulds Home Furnishings Ltd	Dormant		England
7	Debtors		2010	2009
			£000	£000
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		321	321
	Other debtors		1	1
			322	322
8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2010	2009
	,		£000	£000
	Amounts owed to group undertakings		321	321
	Amounts owed to related undertakings		-	82
	Other creditors		65	62
	Accruals and deferred income		22	15
			408	480
	Included in amounts owed to group undertakings is is payable on the loan which is unsecured and repaya		pany's parent Ir	nterest of 6 25%
9	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		2010	2009
	•		£000	£000
	Amounts owed to group undertakings		19,334	19,334

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

10	Cailed up share capital	2010 £000	2009 £000
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid 532,307 ordinary shares of £1 each	532	532
	Shares classified in shareholders' funds	532	532
11	Reserves		Profit and loss account
	Balance at 1 July 2009		(19,842)
	Loss for the year		(31)
	Balance at 30 June 2010		(19,873)
12	Related party transactions		
	The following transactions were carried out with related parties	2010 £000	2009 £000
	a) (Decrease) in provision against amounts owed by related parties		
	Subsidiaries		
	Claremont Garments (Holdings) Ltd	*	(5)
	Meridian Ltd		(8)
			(0)
	b) Purchase of services		
	Other related party		
	CUK Clothing (formerly Courtaulds (UK) Ltd)		(16)
	c) The following debtors were due from related parties at the balance sheet date		
	Parent		
	Huit Holdings Limited	321	321
	At 30 June 2010 debtors of £8,535,000 (2009 £8,535,000) were also due to the compar provided against	y from related p	parties but fully
	d) The following creditors were due to related parties at the balance sheet date	2010	2009
	Parent	£000	£000
	Huit Holdings Limited	321	321
	Subsidiaries		
	Courtaulds Clothing Brands Ltd	7,627	7,627
	Courtaulds Home Furnishings Ltd	3,828	3 828
	Laces & Textules Ltd	1,978	1,978
	The Long Eaton Fabric Company Ltd Other related party	5.900	5.900
	CUK Clothing Ltd (formerly Courtailds (UK) Ltd)	-	82
	(01)	19,654	19,736

CUK Clothing Ltd is considered to be related party as it was under the common control of Ng Man Choong, a director of the company

The amount owed to the parent relates to a loan of £321,000 on which interest of 625% is payable, the loan is unsecured and repayable on demand

#### Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

# 13 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group of which the company is a member

The Company is a subsidiary undertaking of Huit Holdings Limited which is the ultimate parent company incorporated in Hong Kong

No other group financial statements include the results of the Company