Rule 4 223-CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986
Liquidator's Statement of
Receipts and Payments
Pursuant to Section 192 of the
Insolvency Act 1986

S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

Company Number

5763437

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company

Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)

I/M/e (b) TONY JAMES THOMPSON, PIPER THOMPSON MULBERRY HOUSE, 53 CHURCH STREET, WEYBRIDGE, SURREY, KT13 8DJ

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/XXX statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

TILOM

Date 23 Tune 2011

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any)

PIPER THOMPSON
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
MULBERRY HOUSE
53 CHURCH STREET, WEYBRIDGE
SURREY KT13 8DJ
TEL. 01932 855815

Liquidation Section Post Room

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Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company WOOD HALL REALISATIONS LIMITED

Company's registered number 5763427

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up CREDITORS

Date of commencement of winding up 26 NOVEMBER 2007

Date to which this statement is brought down 25 MAY 2011

Name and address of liquidator TONY JAMES THOMPSON, PIPER THOMPSON, MULBERRY HOUSE

53 CHURCH STREET, WEYBRIDGE, SURREY, KT13 8DJ

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules
 - (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate

LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

REALISATIONS

	DATE	DATE Of whom Received Nature of Assets Realised		AMOUNT £	
			Brought forward	NIL	
NOTE - This margin is reserved for					
binding, and must not be written					
across					
			*	, ··-	
	,	NIL			

*NOTE - No balance should be shown on this Account, but only the total Realisations and

LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

DISBURSEMENTS **AMOUNT** To whom Paid Nature of Disbursements DATE Brought forward ... NIL reserved binding, NIL Carried forward .

Disbursements, which should be carried forward to the next Account

[P T O

NOTE -

margin

for

and must not

written across

ANALYSIS OF BALANCE

•				£
	Total Realisations			NIŁ
	Total Disbursements			NIL
		Balance	£	NIL
The Balance is made up as follows - 1 Cash in hands of Liquidator				
2	Balance at Bank			
3	Amount in Insolvency Services Account	Į £		
*4	Amounts invested by Liquidator			
	Less The cost of investments realised			
	Balance			
	Total Balance as shown above		£	NIL

[Note - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

The Liquidator should also state -

The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up -£

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors - including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors

Floating charge holders

Unsecured creditors

uncertain

836004

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash

Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash

50000

- The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if (3) there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)
- Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded Recovery of debts (4)
- The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed (5) Not known

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^{*}The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulations