Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 March 2008

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BDO Stoy Hayward
Chartered Accountants

Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008

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Company information

Directors

H R Mould P L Vaughan H J M Price

Secretary and registered office

J Jessop, 21 St James's Square, London, SW1Y 4JZ

Company number

5749020

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP, Emerald House, East Street, Epsom, Surrey, KT17 1HS

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2008

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008

Principal activities, business review and future developments

The principal activity of the company is a holding company. The company has not traded during the year. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were as follows

H R Mould P L Vaughan H J M Price J Duzniak

(appointed on 24 April 2007, resigned 30 October 2007)

None of the directors held a beneficial interest in the ordinary share capital of the company

At 31 March 2008 Mr H R Mould, Mr P L Vaughan and Mr H J M Price were also directors of the ultimate parent company London & Stamford Property Limited Their interests in the share capital of that company are shown in its financial statements

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of its profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
 - make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

Disclosure of information to auditors

All of the current directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the next annual general meeting

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies

On behalf of the Board

H J M Price

Director

29 July 2008

Report of the independent auditors for the year ended 31 March 2008

To the shareholders of LSI Bruton Limited

We have audited the financial statements of LSI Bruton Limited for the year ended 31 March 2008 on pages 5 to 7. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 6.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities within the Report of the Directors, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Report of the Directors is not consistent with those financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law is not disclosed.

We read the Report of the Directors and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Our report has been prepared pursuant to the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. No person is entitled to rely on this report unless such a person is a person entitled to rely upon this report by virtue of and for the purpose of the Companies Act 1985 or has been expressly authorised to do so by our prior written consent. Save as above, we do not accept responsibility for this report to any other person or for any other purpose and we hereby expressly disclaim any and all such liability.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Report of the independent auditors for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2008,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Report of the Directors is consistent with the financial statements

BDO STOY HAYWARD LLP Chartered Accountants

and Registered Auditors

Epsom

29 July 2008

Balance Sheet at 31 March 2008

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
Current assets Debtors	3	1	1
Net current assets		1	1
Total assets less current liabilities		1	1
Net assets		1	1
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4	1	1
Equity shareholders' funds		1	1

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 29 July 2008 and were signed on its behalf by

H J M Price Director

The notes on pages 6 to 7 form part of these financial statements

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The following principal accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that

- deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on revalued properties unless the company has entered into a binding sale agreement at the balance sheet date, and,
- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates to make sufficient taxable profits in the short term to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences

Deferred tax balances are not discounted

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form

2 Profit and loss account

The company did not trade during the year It received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore made neither a profit nor loss

Directors' emoluments are £mil (2007 £mil) The company has no employees (2007 none) The auditors' remuneration for the year was borne by the parent company

3 Debtors

Colors	2008 £	2007 £
Amounts due from parent undertaking	1	1

All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 (Continued)

4	Share capital	2008	2007
	Authorised	£	£
	1,000 ordinary share of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	2008 £	2007 £
	1 ordinary share of £1 each	1	1

5 Cash flow statement

The company has used the exemption under Financial Reporting Standard 1, "Cash Flow Statements", not to prepare a cash flow statement as it meets the definition of a small company based on the small companies' exemption in companies' legislation

6 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available to wholly owned subsidiary undertakings under Financial Reporting Standard 8, "Related Party Transactions", not to disclose details of any transactions with entities that are included in the consolidated financial statements of London & Stamford Investments Limited

7 Controlling party information

On 30 October 2007 London and Stamford Investments Limited, the immediate parent company, was acquired by London and Stamford Property Limited, a company registered in Guernsey, which was listed on the AIM market of the London Stock Exchange on 7 November 2007

At 31 March 2008 the company's immediate parent company was London and Stamford Investments Ltd and its ultimate parent company was London & Stamford Property Limited. The consolidated financial statements of London & Stamford Property Limited are available from 2nd Floor, Regency Court, Glategny Esplanade, St Peter Port, Guernsey, GY1 3NQ