Company registration number: 05738562

Taylored Facilities Management Ltd

Unaudited financial statements

31 March 2017

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Directors and other information

Directors G J Taylor

J Taylor

Company number 05738562

Registered office Unit 5 Enterprise Greenhouse

Salisbury Street St Helens

WA10 1FY

Business address 111 Century Buildings

Summers Road

Brunswick Business Park

L3 4PL

Accountants Gibson Schofield Ltd

Unit 5 Enterprise Greenhouse

Salisbury Street St Helens WA10 1FY

Bankers Barclays Bank PLC

Liverpool City Business Centre

4 Water Street Liverpool

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Report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Taylored Facilities Management Ltd Year ended 31 March 2017

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Taylored Facilities Management Ltd for the year ended 31 March 2017 which comprise the statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/en/member/professional-standards/rules-standards/acca-rulebook.html.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Taylored Facilities Management Ltd, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 15 May 2013. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Taylored Facilities Management Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Taylored Facilities Management Ltd as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/uk/en/technical-activities/technical-resources-search/2009/october/factsheet-163-audit-exempt-companies.html. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Taylored Facilities Management Ltd and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Taylored Facilities Management Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Taylored Facilities Management Ltd. You consider that Taylored Facilities Management Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Taylored Facilities Management Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Gibson Schofield Ltd

Chartered Certified Accountants

Gibson Schofield Utd

Unit 5 Enterprise Greenhouse Salisbury Street St Helens WA10 1FY

7 June 2017

Statement of financial position 31 March 2017

		2017		2016	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	5	-		-	
Tangible assets	6	12,737		16,602	
			12,737		16,602
Current assets					
Stocks		27,908		26,269	
Debtors	7	76,403		136,327	
Cash at bank and in hand		16,760		10,729	
		121,071		173,325	
Creditors: amounts falling due		•		·	
within one year	8	(76,581)		(120,798)	
Net current assets			44,490		52,527
Total assets less current liabilities			57,227		69,129
Net assets			57,227		69,129
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100	•	100
Profit and loss account			57,127		69,029
Shareholders funds			57,227		69,129

For the year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 7 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 March 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 7 June 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

G J Taylor Director

Company registration number: 05738562

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 31 March 2017

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 April 2015	100	61,942	62,042
Profit for the year		30,087	30,087
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	30,087	30,087
Dividends paid and payable		(23,000)	(23,000)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(23,000)	(23,000)
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	100	69,029	69,129
Profit for the year		7,098	7,098
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	7,098	7,098
Dividends paid and payable		(19,000)	(19,000)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(19,000)	(19,000)
At 31 March 2017	100	57,127	57,227

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is Unit 5 Enterprise Greenhouse, Salisbury Street, St Helens, WA10 1FY.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 11.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 10% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 25% reducing balance
Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25% reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2017	2010
	£	£
Amortisation of intangible assets	•	5,825
Depreciation of tangible assets	4,245	5,535
•		

2016

2017

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

5.	Intangible assets			Goodwill	Total
				£	£
	Cost At 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017			58,268	58,268
	Amortisation At 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017			58,268	58,268
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2017			-	-
	At 31 March 2016			-	-
6.	Tangible assets				
		Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	_	£	£	£	£
	Cost At 1 April 2016 Additions	10,000	21,032 1,185	5,500 500	36,532 1,685
	Disposals		-	(5,500)	(5,500)
	At 31 March 2017	10,000	22,217	500	32,717
	Depreciation At 1 April 2016 Charge for the year Disposals	2,500 1,875	13,235 2,245 -	4,195 125 (4,195)	19,930 4,245 (4,195)
	At 31 March 2017	4,375	15,480	125	19,980
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2017	5,625	6,737	375	12,737
	At 31 March 2016	7,500	7,797	1,305	16,602
7.	Debtors			2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors			76,403	136,327

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	2,157	3,919
Trade creditors	45,845	88,998
Corporation tax	2,594	5,794
Social security and other taxes	22,885	19,285
Other creditors	3,100	2,802
	76,581	120,798

9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2017				
		Balance	Advances	Amounts	Balance
		brought forward	/(credits) to the directors	repaid	o/standing
		£	£	£	£
G J Taylor		(42)	(298)	-	(340)
				===	
	2016				
		Balance	Advances	Amounts	Balance
		brought	/(credits) to	repaid	o/standing
		forward	the directors		
		£	£	£	£
G J Taylor		(332)	-	290	(42)

10. Controlling party

The company is controlled by the directors only.

11. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 April 2015.

Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

No transitional adjustments were required.