REGISTERED NUMBER: 05734138 (United Kingdom)

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

for

ST DAVID'S TRADING LIMITED

Contents of the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

	Page
Balance Sheet	1
Notes to the Financial Statements	2

Balance Sheet 31 March 2023

		2023	2022
	Notes	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	4	164,689	52,828
Debtors	5	18,915	14,176
Cash at bank		8,997	9,216
		192,601	76,220
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	6	192,600	76,219
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u></u>	1
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1	1
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		1_	1
		1	1

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 27 July 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs K E Saysell MBE - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

St David's Trading Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in United Kingdom. The company's registered number and registered office address are as below:

Registered number: 05734138

Registered office: St David's Hospice Care

Blackett Avenue

Newport Gwent NP20 6NH

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Audit report

The Independent Auditor's Report was unqualified. The name of the Senior Statutory Auditor who signed the audit report on 27 July 2023 was Stephen John Bickerton, who signed for and on behalf of Advantage Accountancy & Advisory Ltd.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Page 2 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Financial instruments

Classification

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Page 3 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Impairment

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2022 - 2).

4 STOCKS

4.	STOCKS		
		2023	2022
		£	£
	Goods for resale	<u> 164,689</u>	52,828
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2023	2022
		£	£
	Other debtors	<u> 18,915</u>	<u>14,176</u>
_			
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2022	2022
		2023	2022
		£	£
	Other creditors	192,600	76,219

7. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Independent Auditor's Report was unqualified. The name of the Senior Statutory Auditor who signed the audit report on 27 July 2023 was Stephen John Bickerton, who signed for and on behalf of Advantage Accountancy & Advisory Ltd.

8. PARENT AND ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The company's immediate and ultimate parent company is St David's Foundation Hospice Care, a company and charity incorporated in England and Wales.

Consolidated accounts are prepared and are available from the registered office.

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under Section 33 of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", not to disclose related party transactions with other group undertakings.

In the opinion of the directors there is no ultimate controlling party. All decisions are made collectively by a board of trustees on behalf on behalf of the parent company St David's Foundation Hospice Care.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.