Registered number: 5734108

## **ANDREE ASSOCIATES LIMITED**

## UNAUDITED

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018

# ANDREE ASSOCIATES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 5734108

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 AUGUST 2018

	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets			· <del>-</del>		_
Tangible assets	5		962		911
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	6,309		11,655	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	8,738		43,235	
	_	15,047	_	54,890	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(11,737)		(30,636)	
Net current assets	_		3,310		24,254
Total assets less current liabilities		_	4,272		25,165
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	10	(183)		(173)	
	_		(183)		(173)
Net assets		_	4,089		24,992
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		125		125
Profit and loss account			3,964		24,867
		_	4,089		24,992

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

# ANDREE ASSOCIATES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 5734108

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 AUGUST 2018

G Lorenz-Andree

Director

Date: 31 May 2019

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

### 1.2 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

### **Functional and presentation currency**

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

#### 1.3 REVENUE

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

### Rendering of services

Turnover from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

## 1.4 INTEREST INCOME

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

## 1.5 FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of income and retained earnings over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 1.6 CURRENT AND DEFERRED TAXATION

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### 1.7 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings -25% reducing balance
Office equipment -33% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

#### 1.8 DEBTORS

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 1.9 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 1.10 CREDITORS

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## 1.11 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of income and retained earnings in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet.

#### 1.12 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

### 1.13 DIVIDENDS

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

### 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

Andree Associates Limited is a limited company incorporated in England and Wales. The Company's registered office is The Stables, Little Coldharbour Farm, Tong Lane, Lamberhurst, Tunbridge Wells, Kent, TN3 8AD.

### 3. EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 3 (2017 - 5).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018

## 4. TAXATION

	2018 £	2017 £
CORPORATION TAX		
Current tax on profits for the year	7,329	20,306
DEFERRED TAX		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	10	(70)
TAXATION ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	7,339	20,236
FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR		
The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2017 - higher than) the standard rate of corpora - 19.58%). The differences are explained below:	ition tax in the UK	of 19% <i>(201</i> 7
	2018	2017
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	30,824	97,901
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19.58%) <b>EFFECTS OF:</b>	5,856	19,169
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment	1,483	1,077
Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	(10)	60
Other timing differences leading to an increase (decrease) in taxation	10	(70)
TOTAL TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR	7,339	20,236

## FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018

## 5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Fixtures and fittings	Office equipment £	Total £
	COST OR VALUATION			
	At 1 September 2017	1,890	4,884	6,774
	Additions	-	336	336
	At 31 August 2018	1,890	5,220	7,110
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 September 2017	1,799	4,064	5,863
	Charge for the year on owned assets	23	261	284
	At 31 August 2018	1,822	4,325	6,147
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 August 2018	68	895	963
	At 31 August 2017	91	820	911
6.	DEBTORS			
			2018	2017
			£	£
	Other debtors		6,309	6,058
	Directors' loan account		-	5,597
			6,309	11,655
7.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
			2018 £	2017 £
	Cash at bank and in hand		8,738	43,235

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018

## 8. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

		2018	2017
		£	£
	Trade creditors	669	1,069
	Corporation tax	7,329	20,306
	Other taxation and social security	2,557	8,952
	Other creditors	1,182	309
		11,737	30,636
9.	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		
		2018	2017
	FINANCIAL ACCETO	£	£
	FINANCIAL ASSETS		
	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	8,738	43,235
10.			
	DEFERRED TAXATION		
	DEFERRED TAXATION		2018 £
	At beginning of year		
			£
	At beginning of year		£ (173)
	At beginning of year Charged to profit or loss		£ (173) (10)
	At beginning of year Charged to profit or loss AT END OF YEAR	2018	(173) (10) (183)
	At beginning of year Charged to profit or loss AT END OF YEAR	2018 £	(173) (10) (183)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018

## 11. SHARE CAPITAL

2018	2017
£	£
100	100
25	25
	<del></del>
125	125
	100 25

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