LEKTROMEK LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31 MARCH 2016

A5MF2JUJ A24 23/12/2016 #96 COMPANIES HOUSE

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2016

				2015
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2			
Tangible assets			18,300	10,311
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stocks		10,900		10,800
Debtors		36,056		37,276
Cash at bank and in hand		86,775		61,473
		133,731		109,549
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	ar	79,321		81,546
NET CURRENT ASSETS			54,410	28,003
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	S		72,710	38,314
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			1,254	-
			71,456	38,314
			71,430	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up equity share capital	4	•	100	100
Profit and loss account			71,356	38,214
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			71,456	38,314

For the year ended 31 March 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 22 December 2016, and are signed on their behalf by:

R J Howells Director

Company Registration Number: 05733529

The notes on pages 2 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery - 18% reducing balance
Fixtures & Fittings - 18% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles - 18% reducing balance
Equipment - 18% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST	
At 1 April 2015	20,226
Additions	11,996
At 31 March 2016	32,222
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2015	9,915
Charge for year	4,007
At 31 March 2016	13,922
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2016	18,300
At 31 March 2015	10,311

3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company was under the control of Mr R Howells throughout the current and previous year. Mr R Howells is the managing director and majority shareholder.

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard 8.

4. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

•	2016		2015	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100