Registration: 05719031

Fiberweb Holdings Limited

Annual report and Financial statements

for the year to 30 September 2022

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COMPANIES HOUSE

Company information

Directors

M W Miles J K Greene A Schalk

Secretary

D Hamilton

Company Number

05719031

Registered Office

Sapphire House Crown Way Rushden Northamptonshire NN10 6FB

Bankers

J.P. Morgan 1 Knightsbridge London SW1X 7LX

Auditor

RSM UK Audit LLP Rivermead House 7 Lewis Court Grove Park Leicester Leicestershire LE19 1SD

Strategic report for the year ended 30 September 2022

The directors present their strategic report for the year to 30 September 2022.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of an investment holding and group financing company.

Fair review of the business

The company did and continues to hold investments in group undertakings and collect interest and dividends on those investments. The directors expect this to continue for the foreseeable future.

The company is well positioned at the balance sheet date and going forward to continue to support and be supported by the rest of the group.

The directors don't monitor specific KPIs for the company as it is simply a holding company. Details of KPI reviews for the group can be found in the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate parent.

Principal risks and uncertainties

As a holding company the Company is exposed to limited risk and uncertainty. The primary risk faced by the company is that of liquidity due to low levels of highly liquid assets.

The company's ultimate parent, Berry Global Group, Inc. manages the liability risks associated with the whole group, as disclosed in the financial statements of that company which are publicly available. The company expects to receive support from the group in respect to its principal risks for the foreseeable future.

Section 172(1) statement

The directors have acted in a way in order to maintain the company's reputation within the group by acting as internal financing at a market rate. As the company is only a holding company it does not interact with employees, the community, environment or many external stakeholders and so the directors have nothing on which to report for these matters.

Environmental matters

Director

The company uses less than 40,000kWh per annum and therefore the directors have nothing to report in respect of carbon reporting requirements.

Approved by the Board on 20 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

Directors' Report for the year ended 30 September 2022

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2022.

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows:

M W Miles J K Greene A Schalk

The company maintains a directors and officers insurance policy that is appropriate to the company.

Financial instruments

The company's ultimate parent, Berry Global Group, Inc. manages the risks relating to financial instruments of the company as part of managing risk on behalf of the whole group. Disclosures relating to the risks and management thereof can be found in the consolidated financial statements of the group, which are publicly available.

Results and dividends

The result for the financial year is shown on page 9. An interim dividend of £2,800,000 was paid for the year to 30 September 2022 (3 January 2021 to 30 September 2021: £56,218,000).

Change in reporting period

During the prior financial period, the company changed its year end to 30 September to align with its parent company and consequently the comparative figures within these financial statements represent a 9 month period from 3 January 2021 to 30 September 2021. The current year amounts presented in the financial statements are for the 12 month period from 1 October 2021 to 30 September 2022 and therefore are not entirely comparable.

Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know that auditor is unaware.

Appointment of auditor

Following an audit tender process RSM UK Audit LLP were appointed as auditor by the Directors during the period. Pursuant to section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and RSM UK Audit LLP will therefore continue in office.

Strategic Report

The Company has taken advantage of section 414C (11) of the CA 2006 to include disclosures in the Strategic Report that would otherwise be required to be included in the Directors' Report where it is of strategic importance to the Company.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Director

Directors' Report for the year ended 30 September 2022 (continued)

Statement of directors' responsibilities (continued)

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements of the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by the Board on 20 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

Independent auditor's report to the members of Fiberweb Holdings Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Fiberweb Holdings Limited (the 'company') for the period ended 30 September 2022 which comprise the income statement, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2022 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

Independent auditor's report to the members of Fiberweb Holdings Limited (continued)

- the information given in the strategic and the directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud Irregularities are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. The objectives of our audit are to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding compliance with laws and regulations that have a

obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding compliance with laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, to perform audit procedures to help identify instances of non-compliance with other laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements, and to respond appropriately to identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations identified during the audit.

In relation to fraud, the objectives of our audit are to identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud, to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud through designing and implementing appropriate responses and to respond appropriately to fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit.

However, it is the primary responsibility of management, with the oversight of those charged with governance, to ensure that the entity's operations are conducted in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations and for the prevention and detection of fraud.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Fiberweb Holdings Limited (continued)

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud, the audit engagement team:

- obtained an understanding of the nature of the industry and sector, including the legal and regulatory framework that the company operates in and how the company is complying with the legal and regulatory framework;
- inquired of management, and those charged with governance, about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including any known actual, suspected or alleged instances of fraud:
- discussed matters about non-compliance with laws and regulations and how fraud might occur
 including assessment of how and where the financial statements may be susceptible to fraud.

As a result of these procedures we consider the most significant laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements are FRS 102, UK tax legislation and Companies Act 2006. We performed audit procedures to detect non-compliances which may have a material impact on the financial statements which included reviewing financial statement disclosures and the tax computation.

The audit engagement team identified the risk of management override of controls as the area where the financial statements were most susceptible to material misstatement due to fraud. Audit procedures performed included but were not limited to testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments, assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias, and evaluating the business rationale of any significant, unusual transactions that are entered into outside the normal course of business.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mitul Raja

Mitul Raja (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of RSM UK Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
Rivermead House
7 Lewis Court
Grove Park
Leicester
Leicestershire
LE19 1SD

Date: 20/12/22

Income statement for the year ended 30 September 2022

		30 September 2022	3 January 2021 to 30 September 2021
	Note	£'000	£'000
Administrative expenses		-	(1,453)
Operating profit/(loss)	2	-	(1,453)
Other interest receivable and similar income	3	400	347
Interest payable and similar expenses	4	(181)	(48)
Profit/(loss) before tax		219	(1,154)
Taxation	6	221	588
Profit/(loss) for the financial year/period		440	(566)

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

There is no other comprehensive (expense)/income other than those shown above and therefore no separate statement of comprehensive income has been presented.

Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2022

		30 September 2022	30 September 2021
	Note	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets			
Investments	7	24,648	27,440
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	8	2,022	1,857
Cash at bank and in hand		282	55
		2,304	1,912
Trade and other payables: Amounts falling due within one year	9	(3,668)	(3,708)
Net current liabilities		(1,364)	(1,796)
Net assets		23,284	25,644
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10		-
Share premium		•	-
Retained earnings		23,284	25,644
Total equity		23,284	25,644

The financial statements on pages 9 to 18 were approved and authorised by the Board on 20 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

Company number: 05719031

Director

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 September 2022

		•	Retained Earnings / (accumulated	
	Called up share capital	Share premium	losses)	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 3 January 2021	-	115,459	(33,031)	82,428
Loss for the period	-	-	(566)	(566)
Transfer of reserves	-	(115,459)	115,459	-
Dividends (note 11)	-	-	(56,218)	(56,218)
At 30 September 2021	-	-	25,644	25,644
At 1 October 2021		-	25,644	25,644
Profit for the year	· -	-	440	440
Dividends (note 11)	-	-	(2,800)	(2,800)
At 30 September 2022	-	-	23,284	23,284

During the prior period a capital reorganisation was performed to convert non-distributable share premium into distributable reserves.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 September 2022

1 Accounting policies

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales. The address of its registered office is Sapphire House, Crown Way, Rushden, Northamptonshire, NN10 6FB, England.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention and accounting policies have been consistently applied. These financial statements are presented in Pound Sterling (£), which is the company's functional currency.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention and accounting policies have been consistently applied except as disclosed in the accounting policies in this note. In assessing going concern management assessed the future projections of the Company and the businesses that the Company holds investments and intercompany positions with for at least 12 months from approval of the financial statements. The impact of and uncertainty associated with COVID-19 and the global pandemic is reducing with time, and therefore the directors believe that the impact on the going concern assessment is minimal.

Based on the assessment performed and the company's financial position the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, being at least one year from the approval of the financial statements. Thus, they have continued to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing these financial statements.

Further to the above the directors believe that preparing the accounts on the going concern basis is appropriate due to the continued financial support of the ultimate parent company Berry Global Group, Inc. The directors have received confirmation that Berry Global Group, Inc. intend to support the company for at least one year after these financial statements are signed. The directors have concluded that at the date of approval of these financial statements, there is no information available to them that causes doubt over the letter of support provided by Berry Global Group, Inc. to the company.

These financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006. The Company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102 as it is a member of a group which prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements and it is included in the consolidation for that group. The disclosure exemptions adopted by the Company in preparation of these financial statements in accordance with FRS 102 are as follows:

- a) Preparation of a cash-flow statement and related notes (Section 7);
- b) Certain disclosure requirements in relation to basic and non-basic financial instruments; and
- c) Total compensation of key management personnel.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 1.12(b) from preparing a statement of cash flows, on the basis that it is a qualifying entity and its ultimate parent company, Berry Global Group, Inc. includes the company's cash flows in its consolidated financial statements.

Group financial statements

The financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its Group. The Company has not prepared Group financial statements as it is exempt from the requirement to do so by Section 401 of the Companies Act 2006 as it is a subsidiary undertaking within a Group headed by Berry Global Group, Inc. a company incorporated in the United States of America, and is included in the consolidated financial statements of the company.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 September 2022 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Reporting period

The financial statements present the results of the Company for the year ending 30 September 2022. The comparative period is 3 January 2021 to 30 September 2021.

Foreign currency

Trading transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Sterling at the exchange rate ruling when the transaction was entered into. Monetary assets and liabilities are translated into Sterling at the rate of exchange on the date of the balance sheet. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. All other foreign exchange differences are taken to the income statement in the year in which they arise.

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the current taxes payable and deferred tax.

The current tax payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments are stated at the fair value of the consideration given when initially acquired and reviewed for impairment if there is an indication that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits.

Borrowings

All interest-bearing loans and borrowings are basic financial instruments and are initially recognised at the present value of cash payable to the bank (including interest). After initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance cost in the statement of comprehensive income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 September 2022 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Key Estimates and Assumptions

Carrying value of investments and amounts owed by group undertakings

Based on the underlying trade and assets of its subsidiaries and fellow group undertakings, the directors consider the carrying value of the Company's investment in its subsidiaries and amounts owed by group undertakings to be supportable.

2 Operating profit/(loss)

		3 January 2021 to	
	30 September	30 September	
	2022	2021	
	£'000	£,000	
Arrived at after charging/(crediting):			
Foreign exchange losses/(gains)	(268)	1,838	
Amounts payable to the auditors for:			
- the audit of these financial statements	3	3	
- all other non-auditing services	-	-	

This audit fee was borne by a fellow group company and not re-charged to the Company.

3 Other interest receivable and similar income

		3 January 2021 to
	30 September	30 September
	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Interest receivable on loans to group undertakings	46	347
Foreign exchange gain on loans to/from group undertakings	354	-
	400	347

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 September 2022 (continued)

4 Interest payable and similar expenses

		3 January 2021 to
	30 September	30 September
	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Interest payable on loans from group undertakings	94	48
Foreign exchange gain on loans to/from group undertakings	87	-
	181	48

5 Staff costs

The average number of employees during the year was nil (period to 30 September 2021: nil).

During the year ended 30 September 2022, the directors were employed and paid by the ultimate parent companies, Polymer Group, Inc. and Berry Global Group, Inc. No costs were allocated to Fiberweb Holdings Limited since the services provided are negligible.

6 Taxation

	30 September 2022 £'000	30 September 2021 £'000
Current taxation		
UK corporation tax	-	_
Adjustments in respect of prior year	(221)	(664)
	(221)	(664)
Foreign withholding tax		76
Tax credit in the income statement	(221)	(588)

The tax on profit/(loss) before tax for the period is the lower than (2021: higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021: 19%)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 September 2022 (continued)

6 Taxation (continued)

The differences are reconciled below:

	30 September 2022 £'000	30 September 2021 £'000
Profit/(loss) before tax	219	(1,154)
Profit/(loss) before taxation multiplied by the standard rate in the United Kingdom of 19% (2021: 19%)	42	(219)
Effect of:		
Foreign withholding tax on dividends received	-	76
Tax losses utilised	(13)	-
Group relief (claimed)/surrendered	(29)	219
Adjustments in respect of prior year	(221)	(664)
Total tax credit	(221)	(588)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

UK Finance Bill 2021 was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021, which included the increase in the main rate of UK corporation tax from 19% to 25%, effective 1 April 2023. This will increase the company's future current tax charge.

7 Investments

	30 September 2022 £'000	30 September 2021 £'000
Investments in subsidiaries	24,648	27,440
Subsidiaries		£'000
Cost:		
At 1 October 2021		128,867
Return of capital		(2,792)
At 30 September 2022		126,075
Provision:		
At 1 October 2021 and 30 September 2022		(101,427)
Carrying amount		
At 30 September 2022		24,648
At 1 October 2021		27,440

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 September 2022 (continued)

7 Investments (continued)

Details of undertakings

Details of the investments in which the company holds 20% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital are as follows:

Proportion of voting rights and shares held

			30 September	30 September
Undertaking	Registered office	Holding	2022	2021
Fiberweb Geosynthetics Limited	England & Wales	Ordinary	100%	100%
Fiberweb Holdings Deutschland GmbH	Germany	Ordinary	100%	100%
Fiberwed Berlin GmbH (indirect)	Germany	Ordinary	100%	100%
Fiberweb Italia SpA	Italy	Ordinary	100%	100%
Fiberweb Terno d'Isola Srl (indirect)	Italy	Ordinary	100%	100%
Fiberweb Speciality NW Co. Ltd.	China	Ordinary	100%	100%
Terram Geosynthetics Private Limited	India	Ordinary	46.44%	46.44%

Subsidiary undertakings

Fiberweb Geosynthetics Limited

The principal activity of Fiberweb Geosynthetics Limited is that of manufacturing geosynthetic products.

Fiberweb Holdings Deutschland GmbH

The principal activity of Fiberweb Holdings Deutschland GmbH is that of a holding company.

Fiberweb Italia SpA

The principal activity of Fiberweb Italia SpA is that of a holding company.

Terram Geosynthetics Private Limited

The principal activity of Terram Geosynthetics Private Limited is that of manufacturing geosynthetic products.

8 Trade and other receivables

	30 September	30 September
	2022	2021
	£,000	£'000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,022	1,857

Amounts owed by group undertakings are interest bearing and are payable on demand.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 September 2022 (continued)

9 Trade and other payables: amounts falling due within one year

	30 September 2022 £'000	30 September 2021 £'000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	3,668	3,487
Corporation tax	-	221
	3,668	3,708

Amounts owed to group undertakings are interest bearing and are payable on demand.

10 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	30 Septe 2022		30 Septem 2021	nber
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary share of £1 each	100	100	100	100

Rights, preferences and restrictions

Ordinary shares of £1 each have the following rights, preferences and restrictions:

The ordinary shares shall be non-redeemable but shall hold full rights in respect of voting, and shall entitle the holder to full participation in respect of equity and in the event of a winding up the company. The shares may be considered by the directors when considering dividends from time to time.

11 Dividends paid to equity shareholders

		3 January 2021 to
	30 September	30 September
	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Dividends paid of £28,000 (30 September 2021: £562,180) per	2.000	50.040
£1 share	2,800	56,218

12 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Fiberweb Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent is Berry Global Group, Inc. incorporated in United States of America.

The parent of the smallest group in which these financial statements are consolidated is Berry Global Group, Inc. incorporated in United States of America. The address of Berry Global Group, Inc is 101 Oakley Street, Evansville, Indiana, 47710, USA.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended October 1, 2022

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 001-35672



BERRY GLOBAL GROUP, INC.

101 Oakley Street, Evansville, Indiana, 47710 (812) 424-2904

IRS employer identification number 20-5234618

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share

Trading Symbol(s) BERY

Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered New York Stock Exchange LLC

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes 🗵 No 🛘

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes \square No \boxtimes

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes

No □

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232,405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ØI No. I

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a maller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act

Large Accelerated Filer ☑ Accelerated filer □ Small reporting company □ Emerging growth company □

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Yes \Box No \boxtimes

The aggregate market value of the common stock of the registrant held by non-affiliates was approximately \$8.0 billion as of April 2, 2022, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter. The aggregate market value was computed using the closing sale price as reported on the New York Stock Exchange. As of November 19, 2022, other were 124.1 million shares of common stock outstands.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of Berry Global Group, Inc.'s Proxy Statement for its 2023 Annual Meeting of Stockholders are incorporated by reference into Part III of this report.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Information included in or incorporated by reference in this Form 10-K and other filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and the Company's press releases or other public statements, contains or may contain forward-looking statements. This report includes "floward-looking" statements with respect to our financial condition, results of operations and business and our expectations or beliefs concerning future events. Flowing "floward-looking processions or beliefs concerning future events. Flowing floward-looking floward-looki

Additionally, we caution readers that the list of important factors discussed in the section titled "Risk Factors" may not contain all of the material factors that are important to you. In addition, in light of these risks and uncertainties, the matters referred to in the forward-looking statements contained in this report may not in fact occur. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on those statements.

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The empter market is which the Company sells its products are highly computing. Areas of competition include service, innovation, quality, and price.
These competitions is significant as to both the size and the number of competing firms. Competitions include but are not limited to Amero, Silgen, Aptur, Severt Vereignees, Johl, and Pieres.

we believe is valued by our customers.

We reach our large and diversified customer base ubrough a direct sales force of dedicated professionals and the strategic use of distributors. Our scale to develop expensive to develop expensive to develop expensive to develop expensive to

Marketing, Sales, and Competition

Hoolth, Hygiene & Specialites segment is a manufacturer of non-woven and related products that services global markets. Product groups within the segment include Healthcaste, Hygiene & Specialites accounted for 22% to our consolidated net segment include Healthcaste, Hygiene, Specialites accounted for 22% to our consolidated net segment include Healthcaste, Hygiene, Specialites accounted for 22% to unconsolidated net

Engineered Motoriols.

The Engineered Motoriols segment is a manufacturer of flexible products that services primarily Worth American and European markets. Product groups
whithin the segment include Streeth and Shrink Films, Converter Films, Institutional Can Liners, Food and Consumer Films, Retail Bags, and Agriculture
Films. In fiscal 2022, Engineered Materials accounted for 24% of our consolidated net sales.

Consumer Packaging North America The Consumer Packaging North America segment is a manufacturer of rigid products that primarily services North American markets. Product groups within the segment include Consulters and Palis, Foodservice, Closures, Bonites and Prescription Vials, and Tubes. In facal 2022, Consumer Packaging Worth America accounted for 24% of our consolidated net sales.

Consumer Peckaging International segment is a manufacturer of rigid products that principally services non-Yordh American markeet. Product groups within the segment inclined closures and Depending Systems, Pharmaceutical Devices and Packaging, Boildes and Canisters, Consumers, Pharmaceutical Devices and Packaging and Consistens, and Irectholes Components. In fiscal 2022, Consumer Packaging International accounted for 30% of our consolidated net sales.

(Company) value costs.

Engineezed Materiale, and Health, Hygiene & Specialities. The structure is designed to align us with our customers, provide improved service, drive future growth, and to optimize costs.

Additional financial information about our segments is provided in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the "Worse to Consolidated Financial Statements," which are included elsewhere in this Form 10-K.

Berry Clobal Group, Inc. ("Berry." "we," or the "Company") is a leading global supplier of a broad renge of Imnovative right, floxable and non-woven dependence where the process received the process of the process of

(In millions of dollars, except as otherwise noted)

Raw Materials

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The state of the s

For included the control of the cont

indicates and operational.

The sear of the first own (Speal reams remain to prioritize the health and well-being of the communities we serve as well as our motivate that the second to every our Meal's remain to prioritize the health and well-being of the communities we serve as well as our moderes that resemble to everyday life. We continue to prioritize the health and well-being of the communities we serve as well as our ministering the property of the pro

Human Capital and Employees

As a town development of the common of the c

Sustainability is comprehensively embedded across our business, from how we run our manufacturing operations more efficiently to the investments we are managements were the state of the s

We beliver brave all always to a locating nole for Berry's product offerings due to our ability, to promote customer brands by providing superior clarity, provided not wereastily, consumer safery, convenience, cost efficiency, barrier properties, and environmental performance. We collaborate with customers, suppliers, and innovators to create industry-leading solutions which offer lighter weight produces, enable longer shelf-life, and protect produced ubroughout supply chains. ental and Sustainability

We customarily seek patent and trademark protection for our products and brands while seeking to protect our proprietary know-how. While important to our business in the aggregate, sales of any one Individually patented product is not considered material to any specific segment or the consolidated results. Patents, Trademarks and Other Intellectual Property

by primary new mensile is beymmer restal. In addition, we use other misreals cards as buyl mubber, adsteading appres and packaging masterials, lineboard, anyor polyserier fiber, and foll in various manufacturing processes. While temporary industry-wide shortages of raw materials have cocumed, we have histories manage in the price of raw materials are histories and exactomers. Changes in the price of raw materials are generally been able to unange the supply chain disapplien by working colorier within contents. Changes in the price of raw materials are generally been able to no customers through contracting mercanical process.

Employee Engagement
We seek to ensure that everyone is motivated to perform every day. To further that objective, our engagement approach focuses on clear communication and recognition. We communicate through regular employee meetings, at both the corporate and operating division levels, with business and market updates and information on production, safety, quality and other operating mentrics. We have many recognition-oriented awards throughout our company and conduct company—wide engagement and runs in Berry's leadership.

Inclusion and Diversity
We strive to build a safe and inclusive culture where employees feel valued and treated with respect. We believe inclusion helps drive engagement, innovation and organizational growth. Our focus to date has been on providing training for our global workforce and increasing awareness about the importance of having a culture of inclusion.

Ethics
Our employees are expected to act with integrity and we maintain a Global Code of Business Ethics which is attested by every Berry employee and provides the Company's framework for ethical business. We provide targeted annual training across the globe to reinforce our commitment to ethics and drive adherence to the laws in each jurisdiction in which we operate.

Available Information

We make available, free of charge, our annual reports on Form 10-K, quanterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments, if any, to those reports through our internet vebsite as soon as reasonably practicable after they have been electronically filled with the SEC. Our internet address is www.bernyglobal.com. The information contained on our vebsite is not being incorporated herein.

Item_1A, RISK FACTORS

Operational Risks

Global Economic Conditions, including inflation and supply chain disruptions, may negatively impact our business operations and fir results.

Challenging current and future global economic conditions, including inflation and supply chain disruptions may negatively impact our business operations and financial results. The Russia-Utraine conflict has increased volatility in world economics. Current global economic challenges, including relatively high inflation and supply chain constraints may continue to put pressure on our business.

When challenging economic conditions exist, our customers may delay, decrease or cancel purchases from us, and may also delay payment or fail to pay us altogether. Suppliers may have difficulty filling our orders and distributors may have difficulty getting our products to customers, which may affect our ability to meter customer demands, and result in a loss of business. Weakened global economic conditions may also result in unfavorable changes in our product prices, product mix and profit margins. Although we take measures to mitigate the impact of inflation, including through pricing actions and productivity programs, if these actions are not effective our cash flow, financial condition, and results of operations could be adversely impacted. In addition, there could be a time lag between recognizing the benefit of our mitigating actions and when the inflation occurs and there is no assurance that our mitigating measures will be able to fully mitigate the impact of inflation.

Political volatility may also contribute to the general economic conditions and regulatory uncertainty in regions in which we operate. Puture unrest and changing policies could result in an adverse impact to our financial condition. Political developments can also disrupt the markets we serve and the tax jurisdictions in which we operate and may affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Raw material inflation or shortage of available materials could harm our financial condition and results of operations

Raw materials are subject to price fluctuations and availability, due to external factors, such as the Russia-Ukraine conflict, weather-related events, or other supply chain challenges, which are beyond our control. Temporary industry-wide shortages of raw materials have occurred in the past, which can lead to increased raw material price volatility. Additionally, our suppliers could experience cost increases to produce raw material due to increases in carbon pricing. Historically we have been able to manage the impact of higher costs by increasing our selling prices. We have generally be even even even subject of capture additional market share as our primarily raw material, polymer resin, is typically a lower cost and more versatile substrate compared to alternatives. However, raw material shortages or our inability to timely pass-through increased costs to our customers may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Weather related events could negatively impact our results of operations.

Weather related events could adversely impact on our business and those of our customers, suppliers, and partners. Such events may have a physical impact on our facilities, inventory, suppliers, and equipment and any unplanned downtime at any of our facilities could result in unabsorbed costs that could regatively impact our results of operations for the period in which it expendenced the downtime. Longer-term changes in climate patterns could after future customer demand, impact supply chains and increase operating costs. However, any such changes are uncertain and we cannot predict the net impact from such events.

We may not be able to compete successfully and our customers may not continue to purchase our products.

We compete with multiple companies in each of our product lines on the basis of a number of considerations, including price, service, quality, product characteristics and the ability to supply products to customers in a timely manner. Our products also compete with various other substrates. Some of these competitive products are not subject to the impact of changes in restin prices, which may have a significant and negative impact on our competitive position versus substitute products. Additionally, consumer views on nevironemental considerations could potentially impact demand for our products that utilize fossil filed based materials in their manufacturing. Our competitions may have financial and other resources that are substantially greater than ours and may be better able than us to withstand higher costs. Competition and product preference changes could result in our products losting within the order of the control of the product o

We may pursue and execute acquisitions or divestitures, which could adversely affect our be

As part of our growth strategy, we consider transactions that either complement or expand our existing business and create economic value. Transactions involve special risks, including the potential assumption of unantic

In the event of a catastrophic loss of one of our key manufacturing facilities, our business would be adversely affect

While we manufacture our products in a large number of diversified facilities and maintain insurance covering our facilities, including business interruption insurance, a causstrophic loss of the use of all or a portion of one of our key manufacturing facilities due to accident, labor issues, weather conditions, nanarul disaster, pandemic or otherwise, whether shorn or long-term, could result in future losses.

Employee retention, labor cost inflation or the failure to renew collective bargaining agreements could disrupt our business.

Our relations with employees under collective bargaining agreements remain satisfactory and there have been no significant work stoppages or other labor disputes during the past three years. However, we may not be able to amistiant constructive relationships with labor unions or trade councils and may not be able to successfully negotiate new collective bargaining agreements on satisfactory terms in the future.

Labor is subject to cost inflation, availability and workforce participation rates, all of which could be impacted by factors beyond our control. As a result, there can be no assurance we will be able to recruit, train, assimilate, motivate and retain employees in the future. The loss of a substantial number of these employees or a prolonged labor dispute could disrupt our business and result in future losses.

We depend on information technology systems and infrastructure to operate our business, and increased cybersecurity threats, system inadequacies, and failures could disrupt our operations, compromise customer, employee, vendor and other data which could negatively affect our business:

We rely on the efficient and uninterrupted operation of information technology systems and networks. These systems and networks are vulnerable to increased threats and more sophisticated computer crime, energy interruptions, telecommunications failures, breakdowns, natural disasters, terrorism, war, computer malware or other malicious intrusions.

We also maintain and have access to data and information that is subject to privacy and security laws, regulations, and customer controls. Despite our efforts to protect such information, breaches, misplaced or lost data and programming damages could result in a negative impact on the business. While we have not had material system interruptions historically associated with these risks, there can be no assurance from future interruptions that could result in future losses.

Financial and Legal Risks

Our substantial indebtedness could affect our ability to meet our obligations and may otherwise restrict our activities.

We have a significant amount of indebtedness, which requires significant interest payments. Our inability to generate sufficient cash flow to satisfy of debt obligations, or to refinance our obligations on commercially reasonable terms, would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Additionally, servicing the interest obligations of our existing indebtedness could limit our ability to respond to business opportunities, including growing our business through acquisitions or increased levels of capital expenditures.

Goodwill and other intangibles represent a significant amount of our net worth, and a future write-off could result in lower reported net income and a reduction of our net worth.

We have a substantial amount of goodwill. Future changes in market multiples, cost of capital, expected cash flows, or other external factors, may adversely affect our business and cause our goodwill to be impaired, resulting in a non-cash charge against results of operations to write off goodwill or indefinite lived intengible assets for the amount of impairment. If a future write-off is required, the charge could result in significant losses.

Our international operations pose risks to our business that may not be present with our domestic operations

We are subject to foreign exchange rate risk, both transactional and translational, which may negatively affect our financial performance. Exchange rates between transactional currencies may change rapidly due to a variety of factors. Translational foreign exchange exposures result from exchange rate fluctuations in the conversion of entity functional currencies to U.S. dollars, our reporting currency, and may affect the reported value of our assets and liabilities and our income and expenses. In particular, our translational exposure may be impacted by movements in the exchange rate of the euro or the British pound sterling against the U.S. dollar.

Foreign operations are also subject to certain risks that are unique to doing business in foreign countries including shipping delays and supply chain challenges, disruption of energy, changes in applicable laws, including assessments of income and non-income related taxes, reduced protection of intellectual property, inability to readily repartise can be to the U.S. effectively, and regulatory policies and various strade restrictions (unding potential changes to export taxes or countervalling and anti-dumping duties for exported products from these countries. Any of these risks could disurpt our business and result in significant losses. We are also subject to the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and other anti-bribers and anti-curryption that agreenally bar bribes or unreasonable gifts to foreign governments or officials. We have implemented safeguards, training and policies to discourage these practices by our employees and agents. However, our existing safeguards, training and policies to assure compliance and any future improvements and effective and our employees or agents may engage in conduct for which we might be held responsible. If employees violate our policies, we may be subject to regulatory sanctions. Violations of these laws or regulators could restrict in sanctions including fines, debarment from export privileges and penalties and could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Current and future environmental and other governmental requirements could adversely affect our financial condition and our ability to conduct our business.

While we have not been required historically to make significant capital expenditures in order to comply with applicable environmental laws and regulations, we cannot predict our future capital expenditure requirements because of continually changing compliance standards and environmental technology. Enthermore, violations or contaminated sites that we do not know about (including contamination caused by prior owners and operators of such sites or newly discovered information) could result in additional compliance or remediation costs or other liabilities.

In addition, federal, state, local, and foreign governments could enact laws or regulations concerning environmental matters, such as greenhouse gas (carbon) emissions, that increase the cost of producing, or otherwise adversely affect the demand for, packaging products. Additionally, several governmental bodies in jurisdictions where we operate have introduced, or are contemplating introducing, regulatory change to assets the potential impacts of changes in climate and global warming, which may have adverse impacts on our operations or financial results. We believe that any such laws promulgated to date have not had an ameterial adverse effect on us, as we have historically been able to manage the impact of highest costs by increasing our selling prices. However, there can be no assurance that future legislation or regulation would not have a material adverse effect on us.

Changes in tax laws or changes in our geographic mix of earnings could have a material impact on our financial condition and results of

We are subject to income and other taxes in the many jurisdictions in which we operate. Tax laws and regulations are complex and the determination of our global provision for income taxes and current and deferred tax assets and liabilities requires judgment and estimation. We are subject to positive examinations of our income tax remume, and tax authorities may disagree with our tax positions and assets additional tax. Our future income taxes could also be negatively impacted by our mix of earnings in the jurisdictions in which we operate being different than anticipated given differences in statutory tax rates in the countries in which we operate being different tax rates could adversely impact our tax rate and subsequent tax rates could adversely impact our tax rate and

We may not be successful in protecting our intellectual property rights, including our unpatented proprietary know-how and trade secrets, or in avoiding claims that we infringed on the intellectual property rights of others.

In addition to relying on patent and trademark rights, we rely on unpatented proprietary know-how and trade secrets, and employ various methods, including confidentiality agreements with employees and consultants, customers and suppliers to protect our know-how and trade secrets. However, these methods and our patents and trademarks may not afford complete protection and there can be no assurance that others will not independently develop the know-how and trade secrets or develop better production methods than us. Eurher, we may not be able to deter current and former employees, contractors and other parties from breaching agreements and misappropriating proprietary information and it is possible that third parties may copy or otherwise obtain and use our information and proprietary rethonlogy without authorization or otherwise infringe on our intellectural property rights of third parties seeking damages, the payment of royalities or licensing fees and/or injunctions against the sale of our products. Any such litigation could be provacted and costly and could result in significant losses.

Item 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None

Item 2. PROPERTIES

Our primary manufacturing facilities by geographic area were as follows:

Geographic Region	Total Facilities	Leased Facilities				
US and Canada	107	19				
Europe	119	23				
Rest of world	41	24				

Item 3, LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Berry is party to various legal proceedings involving routine claims which are incidental to our business. Although our legal and financial liability with respect to such proceedings cannot be estimated with certainty, we believe that any ultimate liability would not be material to the business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable

PART II

$\underline{\text{Item.5.}} \text{ Market for registrant's common equity, related stockholder matters, and issuer purchases of equity securities}$

Our common stock "BERY" is listed on the New York Stock Exchange. As of the date of this filling there were fewer than 500 active record holders of the common stock, but we estimate the number of beneficial stockholders to be much higher as a number of our shares are held by brokers or dealers for their customers in street name. During fiscal 2021 and 2022, we did not declare or pay any cash dividends on our common stock.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table summarizes the Company's repurchases of its common stock during the Quarterly Period ended October 1, 2022.

Fiscal Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased		age Price Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Programs	May Yet b	lue of Shares that Purchased Under am (in millions) ^(a)
July	132,000	S	55.00	132,000	\$	407
August	716,963		57.13	716,963		366
September	440,850		54.54	440,850		342
Total	1,289,813	s	56.02	1,289,813	s	342

(a) All open market purchases during the quarter were made under the fiscal 2022 authorization from our board of directors to purchase up to \$1 billion of shares of common stock. (See Note 9. Stockholders' Equity and Note 12. Subsequent Events)

Item 6, RESERVED

<u>| | Liem 7.</u> MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Outlook

The Company is affected by general economic and industrial growth, raw material availability, cost inflation, supply chain disruptions, and general industrial production. Our business has both geographic and end market diversity, which reduces the effect of any one of these factors on our overall performance. Our results are a ffected by our ability to pass through raw material and other cost changes to our customers, improve manufacturing productivity and adapt to volume changes of our customers. Despite global macro-economic challenges in the short-term attributed to continued rising inflation, supply chain disruptions, currency devaluation and general market softness, in part because of the Russia-Ukraine conflict, we continue to believe our underlying long-term demand (mademental in all divisions will remain strong as we focus on delivering portective solutions thance consumer safety and by providing advantaged products in targeted markets. For fiscal 2003, we project cosh flow from operations between \$1.4 to \$1.5 billion and free cash flow where \$800 million to \$500 million. Projected fiscal 2013 (are cash flow assumes \$500 million of capital spending or Capital spending.

Docume Dispositions

During fiscal 2022, the Company completed the sale of its rotational molding business, which was operated in the Consumer Packaging International segment for net proceeds of \$111 million. A pretax gain of \$8 million was recorded in fiscal 2022 within Restructuring and transaction activities on the Consolidated Statements of Income. In fiscal 2021, the rotational molding business recorded net sales of \$146 million.

Discussion of Results of Operations for Fiscal 2022 Compared to Fiscal 2021

The Company's U.S. based results for fiscal 2022 and fiscal 2022 are based on a filty-two and fifty-three week period, respectively. Business integration expenses consist of restricting and impairment charges, divestiver related costs, and other business optimization costs. Tables present obliers in millions. A discussion and analysis regarding our results of operations for fiscal year 2021 compared foscile year.

Consolidated Overview	Fiscal Year							
	2022			2021	\$ 0	Change	% Change	
Net sales	\$	14,495	\$	13,850	5	645	5%	
Cost of goods sold		12,123		11,352		771	7%	
Other operating expenses		1,130		1,206		(76)	(6)%	
Operating income	5	1,242	s	1,292	\$	(50)	(4)%	

Net soles: The net sales growth is primarily attributed to increased selling prices of \$1,650 million due to the pass through of inflation, partially offset by a \$420 million unkvorable impact from foreign currency, a 2% organic volume decline, a \$131 million decrease from extra shipping days in fiscal 2021 (swelture sales of \$181 million. The volume decline is primarily attributed to supply chain disruptions, general market softness and the moderation of advantaged products related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Cost of goods sold: The cost of goods sold increase is primarily attributed to product mix and inflation of \$1,618 million, partially offset by a \$352 million favorable impact from foreign currency, the 2% volume decline, extra shipping days in fiscal 2021, and fiscal 2021 divestiture cost of goods sold of \$33 million.

Other operating expenses: The other operating expense decrease is primarily attributed to a \$36 million impact from foreign currency, a \$22 million decrease in amortization expense and fiscal 2021 divestiture other operating expenses.

Operating Income: The operating income decrease is primarily attributed to a \$32 million unfavorable impact from foreign currency, a \$49 million decrease from the organic volume decline, a \$22 million decrease from extra shipping days in fiscal 2021, and fiscal 2021 divestiture operating income of \$16 million. These decreases are partially offset by a \$36 million decrease in business integration expense and a \$30 million favorable impact from price cost spread and product mix.

Consumer Packaging International		Fisca					
	_	2022		2021	_ s (Change '	% Change
Net sales	<u>s</u>	4,293	s	4,242	s	51	1%
Operating income	•	346	s	317	s	29	9%

Net soles: The net sales growth is primarily attributed to increased selling prices of \$498 million due to the pass through of inflation, partially offset by a \$299 million unfavorable impact from foreign currency and fiscal 2021 divestiture sales of \$84 million.

Operating Income: The operating income increase is primarily attributed to a \$46 million decrease in business integration activities, a \$26 million favorable impact from price cost spread. These increases were partially offset by a \$24 million impact from foreign currency, and fiscal 2021 divestiture operating income of \$10 million.

Consumer Packaging North America		Fisca	Yea	r				
		2022		2021		Change	% Change	
Net sales	5	3,548	s	3,141	\$	407	13%	
Operating income	S	338	s	276	\$	62	22%	

Net soles: The net sales growth is primarily attributed to increased selling prices of \$470 million due to the pass through of inflation, partially offset by a \$40 million decrease from extra shipping days in fiscal 2021.

Engineered Materials	Fiscal Year						
	=	2022	Ξ	2021		\$ Change	% Change
Net sales	\$	3,488	\$	3,309	\$	179	5%
Operating income	\$	328	\$	301	\$	27	9%

Net sales: The net sales growth is primarily attributed to increased selling prices of \$500 million due to the pass through of inflation, partially offset by a 5% organic volume decline, a \$72 million impact from foreign currency, a \$44 million decrease from extra shipping days in fiscal 2021, and fiscal 2021 'divestiture sales of \$34 million. The volume decline is primarily attributed to general market softness, product mix and supply chain disruptions.

Operating Income: The operating income increase is primarily attributed to a \$76 million favorable impact from price cost spread, partially offset by a \$22 million decrease from the volume decline, fiscal 2021 divestiture operating income of \$13 million and extra shipping days in fiscal 2021.

Health, Hygiene & Specialties							Fisca	l Yea	ır					
									2022		2021		\$ Change	% Change
Net sales		_ :							\$ 3,166	5	3,158	s	. 8	0%
Operating income									\$ 230	s	398	s	(168)	(42)%

Net soles: The net sales growth is primarily attributed to increased selling prices of \$180 million due to the pass through of inflation, partially offset by a 3% organic volume decline, a \$49 million impact from foreign currency, and a \$42 million decrease from extra shipping days in fiscal 2021. The volume decline is primarily attributed to the moderation of advantaged products related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Operating Income: The operating income decrease is primarily attributed to a \$138 million unfavorable impact from price cost spread and negative product mix, a \$14 million decline from the volume decline, and extra shipping days in fiscal 2021.

Other expense, net	Fiscal Year								
	Ξ	2022	_	2021	_	\$0	Change	% Chan	ge
Other expense, net	\$	22	s		51	\$	(29)		(57)%
The Other expense decrease is primarily attributed to foreign currency changes debt extinguishment expense in fiscal 2021. $\dot{\ }$	relate	d to the remea	sure	ement of	non-c	operating	g intercompa	any balance	s and

 Interest expense, net
 Fiscal year.
 2022
 2021
 S Change
 % Change

 Interest expense, net
 5 28 5 33 5 (50)
 (15)%

The interest expense decrease is primarily the result of foreign currency changes and repayments on long-term borrowings and refinancing activities ifiscal 2021.

 Fiscal Year*
 Fisical Year*
 \$ Change
 % Change

 Income tax expense
 \$ 168
 \$ 172
 \$ C4
 (2)%

Our effective tax rate for fiscal 2022 was 18% and was positively impacted by 2% from a deferred rate revalue, 2% from federal and state tax credits, and 2% from lapse in uncertain tax positions. These favorable items were partially offset by other discrete items. See Note 6. Income Taxes.

 Comprehensive Income
 Fiscal year.
 Fiscal year.
 Comprehensive Income
 2021
 2021
 S Change
 % Change
 <

The decrease in comprehensive income is primarily attributed to a \$425 million unfavorable change in currency translation, partially offset by a \$77 million favorable change in the fair value of linerest rate hedges and a \$33 million increase in net income. Currency translation losses are primarily related to non-U.S. subsidiares with a functional currency primarily attributed in the property into U.S. dollars using period-end exchange rates. The change in currency translation was primarily artibuted to locations utilizing the euro, British pound settling, and Chinese remninità is their functional currency. As part of the overall frisk management, the Company uses derivative instruments to reduce exposure to changes in interest rates attributed to the Company's floating-rate borrowings and records changes to the fair value of these instruments in fiscal 2022 versus fiscal 2021 is primarily attributed to a change in the forward interest curve between measurement dates.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Senior Secured Credit Facility

We manage our global cash requirements considering (I) available funds among the many subsidiaries through which we conduct our business, (ii) the geographic location of our liquidity needs, and (iii) the cost to access international cash balances. We have a \$1,050 million asset-based revolving line of credit that natures in May 2024. At the end of fiscal 2022, the Company had no outstanding balance on the revolving credit facility. The Company was it compliance with all covenants at the end of fiscal 2022. See Note 3. Long-Term Debt.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities decreased \$17 million from fiscal 2021 primarily attributed to working capital inflation, partially offset by derivatives settlements.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities decreased \$28 million from fiscal 2021 primarily attributed to the settlement of net investment hedges, partially offset by fewer proceeds for the divestiture of business compared to fiscal 2021.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities decreased \$37 million from fiscal 2021 primarily attributed to lower net repayments on long-term borrowings, partially offset by fiscal 2022 repurchases of common stock.

Dividends

In November 2022, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.25 per share (See Note 12. Subsequent Events

During fiscal 2022, the Company repurchased approximately 12.2 million shares for \$709 million. The Company did not have any share repurchases in fiscal 2021 or 2020. As of October 1, 2022, authorized share repurchases of \$342 million remained available to the Company under the prior Board authorization. In November 2022, the Board approximation of the prior Board authorization. In November 2022, the Board approved an additional \$700 million in authorized share repurchases (See Note 12. 10.).

Free Cash Flow

We define "free cash flow" as cash flow from operating activities less net additions to property, plant and equipment. Based on our definition, our consolidated free cash flow is summarized as follows:

	Fiscal ye	ars ended	
	October 1,	October 2,	
	2022	2021	
Cash flow from operating activities	\$ 1,563	\$ 1,580	
Additions to property, plant and equipment, net	(687)	(676)	
Free cash flow	\$ 876	\$ 904	

We use free cash flow as a supplemental measure of liquidity as it assists us in assessing our ability to fund growth through generation of cash. Free cash flow may be calculated differently by other companies, including other companies in our industry or peer group, limiting its usefulness. Free cash flow its not a generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") financial measure and should not be considered as an alternative to any other measure determined in accordance with GAAP.

Liquidity Outlook

At the end of fiscal 2022, our cash balance was \$1,410 million, of which approximately 50% was located outside the U.S. We believe our existing and future U.S. based cash and cash flow from U.S. operations, together with available borrowings under our senior secured credit facilities, will be adequate to meer our shorterm and long-term liquidity needs with the exception of funds needed to cover all long-term debt obligations which we intend to refinance prior to maturity. The Company has the ability to repartiate the cash located outside the U.S. to the extent on to needed to meet operational and capital needs without significant restrictions. Our unremitted foreign earnings were \$1.7 billion at the end of fiscal 2022. The computation of the deferred tax liability associated with unremitted earnines is not rearticable.

Summarized Guarantor Financial Information

Berry Global, Inc. ("Issuer") has notes outstanding which are fully, jointly, severally, and unconditionally guaranteed by its parent, Berry Global Group, Inc. (for purposes of this section, "Parent") and substantially all of Issuer's domestic subsidiaries. Separate narrative information or financial statements of the guarantor subsidiaries have been included because they are 100% owned by Parent and the guarantor subsidiaries and the guarantor subsidiaries and the guarantor subsidiaries and the guarantor subsidiaries and the subsidiary that select on a joint and several basis. A guarantee of a guarantor subsidiary of the securities will terminate upon the following customary circumstances: the sale of the capital stock of such guarantor if such sale complies with the infeatures, the designation of such guarantor as an unsettable subsidiary, the defeasance or discharge of the indemure or in the case of a restricted subsidiary that is required to guarantee after the relevant issuance due, if such guarantor and one gradient of the case of a restricted subsidiary that is required to guarantee after the relevant issuance due, if such guarantor such control of the guarantor subsidiaries are also limitationed and the such control of the guarantor subsidiaries are also limitationed and the control of the company's debto. Parent also guarantees the Issuer's term loans and revolving credit facilities. The guarantor subsidiaries guarantee our term loans and are co-borrowers under our revolving credit facility.

Presented below is summarized financial information for the Parent, Issuer and guarantor subsidiaries on a combined basis, after intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

	October 1, 2022
Net sales	\$ 7,654
Gross profit	1,581
Earnings from continuing operations	506
Net income (a)	\$ 506
1	

(a) Includes \$39 million of income associated with intercompany activity with non-guarantor subsidiaries

Assets	Octo	ber 1, 2022	Octob	er 2, 2021
Current assets Noncurrent assets	s	2,432 6,137	S	2,293 5,979
Liabilities Current läbilities Intercompany payable Noncurrent liabilities	s	1,536 634 10,630	\$	1,533 629 11,083

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

We disclose those accounting policies that we consider to be significant in determining the amounts to be utilized for communicating our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows in the first note to our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere brenin. Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with these principles requires management or make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Pensions. The accounting for our pension plans requires us to recognize the overfunded or underfunded status of the pension plans on our balance sheet. We believe that the accounting estimates related to our pension plans are critical accounting estimates because they are highly susceptible to change from period to period based on the performance of plan assets, accural al valuations, market conditions and contracted benefit changes. See Note 1. Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Note 7. Retirement Plans.

Deferred Taxes and Effective Tax Rotes. We estimate the effective tax rate ("ETR") and associated liabilities or assets for each of our legal entities in accordance with authoritative guidance. We utilize tax planning to minimize or defer tax liabilities on future periods. In recording ETRs and related liabilities and assets, we rely upon estimates, which are based upon our interpretation of U.S. and local tax laves as they apply to our legal entities and our overall tax structure. Audits by local tax jurisdictions, including the U.S. Government, could yield different interpretations from our own and cause the Company to owe more taxes than originally recorded. See Note 1. Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Note 6. Income Taxes.

Item 7A., QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Interest Rate Risk

We are exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates primarily through our senior secured credit facilities. As of October 1, 2022, our senior secured credit facilities are comprised of (i) \$3.4 billion term loans and (ii) \$1.050 million revolving credit facilities with no borrowings outsafted or our senior secured credit facilities bear interest at a rate equal to an applicable margin plus LIBOR. The applicable margin for LIBOR mater policible margin for LIBOR mater policible margin for the term loans is 1.75% per annum. As of October 1, 2022, the LIBOR care of approximately 3.14% was applicable to the term loans. A 0.25% change in LIBOR would increase our annual interest expense by \$3 million on variable rate term loans.

We seek to manage interest rate fluctuations through regular operating and financing activities and, when deemed appropriate, through the use of derivative financial instruments. These financial instruments are not used for trading or other speculative purposes. (See Note 4. Financial Instruments and Fair Value Measurements).

Foreign Currency Risk

As a global company, we face foreign currency risk exposure from fluctuating currency exchange rates, primarily the U.S. dollar against the euro, British pound sterling, and Chinese renninbi. Sligatificant fluctuations in currency rates can have a substantial impact, either positive or negative, on our revenue, cost of sales, and operating exposes. Currency translation gainst and loses are primarily related to non-U.S. substidiaries with a toolong clurrency orbet than U.S. dollars whereby assets and liabilities are translated from the respective functional currency into U.S. dollars using period-end exchange rates and impact our Comprehensive income. A 10% decline in foreign currency exchange rates would have had an S18 million unfavorable impact on fiscal 2022 Net income. Gee Note 4. Financial Instruments and Fair Value Messurements)

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Item 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

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onsolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income for fiscal 2022, 2021 and 2020	22
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onsolidated Statements of Cash Flows for fiscal 2022, 2021 and 2020	24
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All schedules have been omitted because they are not applicable or not required or because the required information is included in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.

Liem 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

Item 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures," as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act, that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In connection with the preparation of this Form 10-K, management evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of October 1, 2022. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedure were effective as of October 1, 2022.

Management's Report on Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, the Company conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting using the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework). Based on this evaluation, our Chief Esecutive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's internal controls over financial reporting were effective as of Octobe 1, 2022.

The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of October 1, 2022, has been audited by the Company's independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report, which is included herein.

Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended October 1, 2022 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B, OTHER INFORMATION

Liem 9C, DISCLOSURE REGARDING FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS THAT PREVENT INSPECTIONS

Item 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Except as set forth below, the information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to our definitive Proxy Statement to be filed in connection with the 2023 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

We have a Global Code of Business Ethics that applies to all directors and employees, including our Chief Executive Officer and senior financial officers. We also have adopted a Supplemental Code of Ethics, which is in addition to the standards set by our Clobal Code of Business Ethics, and ret or establish a higher level of expectation for the most senior beaders of the Company. Our Global Code of Business Ethics and Business and Business and the self-code of Ethics can be obtained, free of charge, by contacting our corporate headquarters or can be obtained from the Corporate Covernance section of the Investors page on the Company's interest size. In the event that we make changes in, or provided avaivers from, the provision of the Code of Business Ethics that the SEC requires us to disclose, we will disclose these events in the corporate governance section of our website within four business days following the date of such

Item 11, EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to our definitive Proxy Statement to be filed in connection with the 2023 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

<u>Item 12.</u> SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

information required by this Item, is incorporated herein by reference to our definitive Proxy Statement to be filed in connection with the 2023 Annual ing of Stockholders.

Item 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to our definitive Proxy Statement to be filed in connection with the 2023 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Item 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to our definitive Proxy Statement to be filed in connection with the 2023 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

PART IV

Item 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

1. Financial Statements

The financial statements listed under Item 8 are filed as part of this report.

2. Financial Statement Schedules

Schedules have been omitted because they are either not applicable or the required information has been disclosed in the financial statements or notes thereto.

3. Exhibits

The exhibits listed on the Exhibit Index immediately following the signature page of this annual report are filed as part of this report.

Item 16. FORM 10-K SUMMARY

endent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of Berry Global Group, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Berry Global Group, Inc. (the Company) as of October 1, 2022 and October 2, 2021, the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in stockholders' requity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended October 1, 2022, and the related notes (Cotlectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opionin, who consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at October 1, 2022 and October 2, 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended October 1, 2022, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of October 1, 2022, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework) and our report dated November 18, 2022 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and convinced or repeated by challenging, subjective or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit natures does not alter any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosure to which it relates.

United Kinadom Defined Benefit Pension Obligation

Description of the Motter

Al October 1, 2022 the aggregate United Kingdom (UK) defined benefit pension obligation was \$480 million and exceeded the fair value of pension plan assets, resulting in an underfunded defined benefit pension obligation. As disclosed in Notes 1 and 7 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company recognizes the overfunded or underfunded status of its pension plans in the consolidated balance sheet. The obligations for these plans are actuarially determined and affected by assumptions, including discount rates and mortality rates.

Auditing the UK defined benefit pension obligation is complex and required the involvement of our actuarial specialists due to the highly ladgmental nature of actuarial assumptions (e.g., discount rates and mortality rates) used in the measurement process. These assumptions have a significant effect on the projected benefit obligation.

We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of controls that address the measurer valuation of the UK defined benefit pension obligation. This included management's review of the UK defined benefit pension obligation calculations and the significant causural assumptions used by management.

To test the UK defined benefit pension obligation, we performed audit procedures that included, among others, evaluating the methodology used and the significant actuarial assumptions described above. We involved our actuarial specialists to assist with our audit procedures. We compared the actuarial assumptions used by management to historical trends and evaluated the change in the defined benefit pension obligation from prior year due to the change in severice cost, interest cost, actuarial gains and losses, benefit payments, contributions and other activities. In addition, we evaluated management's methodology for determining the discount rates reflects the manuforty and duration of the benefit pension messure the defined benefit pension obligation. As part of this assessment, we compared management's selected discount rate to an independently developed range of reasonable discount rates. To evaluate the monality rate assumption, we assessed whether the information is consistent with publicly available information, and whether any market data adjusted for entity-specific factors were applied.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 1991.

Indianapolis, Indiana November 18, 2022

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of Berry Global Group, Inc.

Onining on Internal Control over Financial Benedict

We have audited Berry Global Group, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of October 1, 2022, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework) (the COSO criteria). In our opinion, Berry Global Group, Inc. (the Company) maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of October 1, 2022, based on the COSO criteria.)

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as of October 1, 2022 and October 2, 2021, the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended October 1, 2022, and the related notes and our report dated November 18, 2022 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Bacic for Oninion

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the criticimatences. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable deatil, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assest of the company, (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance that transport or regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assess that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the politics or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Indianapolis, Indiana November 18, 2022

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Berry Global Group, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Income (In millions of dollars)

	1	iscal years endec	t
	October 1, 2022	October 2, 2021	September 26, 2020
Net sales	\$ 14,495	\$ 13,850	\$ 11,709
Costs and expenses:			
Cost of goods sold	12,123	11,352	9,301
Selling, general and administrative	850	867	850
Amortization of intangibles	257	288	300
Restructuring and transaction activities	23	51	79
Operating income	1,242	1,292	1,179
Other expense	22	51	31
Interest expense	286	336	435
Income before income taxes	934	905	713
Income tax expense	168	172	154
Net income	\$ 766	\$ 733	\$ 559
Net income per share (see Note 11):			
Basic	\$ 5.87	S 5.45	\$ 4.22
Diluted	\$ 5.77	\$ - 5.30	\$ 4.14

Berry Global Group, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (in millions of dollars)

		Fiscal years ended							
		Octob	er 1,	October 2, 2021		Septer	nber 26,		
		202	22			2020			
Net income		5	766	\$	733	\$	559		
Currency translation			(301)		124		1		
Pension and postretirement benefits			35		49		(60)		
Derivative instruments			159		82		(106)		
Other comprehensive (loss) income			(107)		255		(165)		
Comprehensive income	•	\$	659	5	988	\$	394		

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

Berry Global Group, Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets (in millions of dollars)

	October 1, 2022	October 2, 2021
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,410	\$ 1,091
Accounts receivable	1,777	1,879
Inventories	1,802	1,907
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	175	217
Total current assets	5,164	5,094
Property, plant and equipment	4,342	4,677
Goodwill and intangible assets	6,685	7,434
Right-of-use assets	521	562
Other assets	244	115
Total assets	\$ 16,956	\$ 17,882
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,795	\$ 2,041
Accrued employee costs	253	336
Other current liabilities	783	788
Current portion of long-term debt	13	21
Total current liabilities	2,844	3,186
Long-term debt	9,242	9,439
Deferred income taxes	707	568
Employee benefit obligations	160	276
Operating lease liabilities	429	466
Other long-term liabilities	378	767
Total liabilities	13,760	14,702
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock (124.2 and 135.5 shares issued, respectively)	1	1
Additional paid-in capital	1,177	1,134
Retained earnings	2,421	2,341
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(403)	(296)
Total stockholders' equity	3,196	3,180
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 16,956	\$ 17,882
See notes to consolidated financial st	atements.	

Berry Global Group, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in millions of dollars)

	Fiscal years ended						
	October 1, 2022	October 2, 2021	September 26, 2020				
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:							
Net income	\$ 766	\$ 733	\$ 559				
Adjustments to reconcile net cash from operating activities:							
Depreciation	562	566	545				
Amortization of intangibles	257	288	300				
Non-cash interest expense	6	32	27				
Share-based compensation expense	39	40	33				
Deferred income tax	(48)	(73)	(96)				
Other non-cash operating activities, net	(22)	49	42				
Settlement of derivatives	201		11				
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable	(86)	(331)	49				
Inventories	(3)	(639)	48				
Prepaid expenses and other assets	ii	(30)	(12)				
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(120)	945	24				
Net cash from operating activities	1,563	1,580	1,530				
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:							
Additions to property, plant and equipment, net	(687)	(676)	(583)				
Divestiture of businesses	128	165	()				
Acquisition of business and purchase price derivatives			(14)				
Settlement of net investment hedges	76	_	281				
Net cash from investing activities	(483)	(511)	(316)				
Ç	(405)	(311)	(510)				
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:							
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	_	2,716	1,202				
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(22)	(3,496)	(2,436)				
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	27	60	30				
Repurchase of common stock	(709)	_	_				
Debt financing costs		(21)	(16)				
Net cash from financing activities	(704)	(741)	(1,220)				
Effect of currency translation on cash	(57)	13	6				
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	319	341					
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,091	750	750				
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,410	\$ 1,091	\$ 750				
		1,001					

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

Berry Global Group, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss			Retained Earnings		Total
Balance at September 28, 2019	\$	i	\$	949	5	(386)	5.	1,054	\$	1,618
Net income		_		_				559		559
Other comprehensive loss		_		_		(165)		. –		(165)
Share-based compensation		-		33		_		_		33
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		-		30		_		_		30
Acquisition ^(a)		_		22		_		_		22
Adoption of ASC 842		_		_		_		(5)		(5)
Balance at September 26, 2020	s	1	5	1,034	5	(551)	5	1,608	5	2,092
Net income		_		· -				733		733
Other comprehensive income		_		_		255		_		255
Share-based compensation		_		40		_		_		40
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		_		60		_		_		60
Balance at October 2, 2021	\$	1	5	1,134	5	(296)	\$	2,341	\$	3,180
Net income		_		_				766		766
Other comprehensive loss		_		_		(107)		_		(107)
Share-based compensation		_		39				_		39
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		_		27		_		_		27
Common stock repurchased and retired		_		(23)			_	(686)		(709)
Balance at October 1, 2022	5	1	\$	1,177	5	(403)	5	. 2,421	5	3,196

(a) Represents noncontrolling interest

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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Berry Global Group, Inc. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (in millions of dollars, except as otherwise noted)

1. Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Rasis of Presentation

Berry Clobal Group, Inc.'s ("Berry," "we," or the "Company") consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP") pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commissions. Periods presented in these financial statements include fiscal periods ending October 1, 2022 ("fiscal 2022"), October 2, 2021 ("fiscal 2022"). December 26, 2020 ("fiscal 2024"). The Company's U.S. based results for fiscal 2020 are based on a fifty-to-week period. Fiscal 2021 was based on a fifty-to-week period. The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the date the financial statements were issued.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Berry and its subsidiaries, all of which includes our wholly owned and majority owned subsidiaries. The Company has certain foreign subsidiaries that report on a calendar period basis which we consolidate into our respective fiscal period. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Revenue Recognition and Accounts Receivable

Our revenues are primarily derived from the sale of non-woven, flexible and rigid products to customers. Revenue is recognized when performance obligations are satisfied, in an amount reflecting the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled. We consider the promise to transfer products to be our sole performance obligation. If the consideration agreed to in a contract includes a variable amount, we estimate the amount consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for transferring the promised goods to the customer using the most likely amount method. Our main sources of variable consideration are customer rebates. There are no material instances where variable consideration is constrained and not recorded at the initial time of sale. Generally, our revenue is recognized at a point in time for standard promose goods at the time of shipment, when tille and risk of loss pass to the customer. The accrual for customer rebates was \$103 million and \$110 million at October 1, 2022 and October 2, 2021, respectively, and is included in Other current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company disaggregates revenue based on reportable business segment, geography, and significant product line. See Note 10. Segment and Geographic Data.

Accounts receivable are presented net of allowance for credit losses of \$18 million and \$21 million at October 1, 2022 and October 2, 2021, respectively. The Company records its current expected credit losses based on a variety of factors including historical loss experience and current customer financial condition. The changes to our current expected credit losses, write-off activity, and recovereds were not material for any of the periods presented.

The Company has entered into various factoring agreements, including customer-based supply chain financing programs, to sell certain receivables to third-parry financial institutions. Agreements which result in true sales of the transferred receivables, which occur when receivables are transferred without recourse to the Company, are reflected as a reduction of trade receivables, net on the consolidated balance sheets and the proceeds are included in the cash flows from operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. The fees associated with transfer of receivables for all programs were not material for any of the periods presented.

Research and Development

Research and development costs are expensed when incurred. The Company incurred research and development expenditures of \$81 million, \$90 million, and \$79 million in fiscal 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

Share-Based Compensation

The Company recognized total share-based compensation expense of \$39 million, \$40 million, and \$33 million for fiscal 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. The share-based compensation plan is more fully described in Note 9. Stockholders' Equity.

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For the non-U.S. subsidiaries that account in a functional currency other than U.S. dollars, assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. dollars using periodend exchange rates. Sales and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates in effect during the period. Foreign currency translation gains and losses are included as a component of Accumulated other comprehensive loss within Stockholders' equity. Gains and losses resulting from foreign currency transactions are included in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less from the time of purchase are considered to be cash equivalents.

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value and are valued using the first-in, first-out method. Management periodically reviews inventory balances, using recent and future expected sales to identify slow-moving and/or obsolete tens. The cost of spare parts is charged to cost of goods sold when purchased. We evaluate our reserve for inventory obsolescence on a quarterly basis and review inventory on-hand to deten future stability. We base our determinations on the age of the inventory and the experience of our personnel. We reserve inventory that we deem to be not stable in the quarter in which we make the determination. We believe, based on past history and our policies and procedures, that our net inventory is salable. Inventory as of fixed 2022 and 2021 was:

Inventories:	2022	2021
Finished goods	\$ 1,010	\$ 960
Raw materials	792	947
	\$ 1,802	\$ 1,907

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed primarily by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from 15 to 40 years for buildings and improvements, 2 to 20 years for machinery, equipment, and tooling, and over the term of the agreement for capital leases. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the improvement or the lease term. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense as incurred. Property, plant and equipment as of fiscal 2022 and 2021 was:

Property, plant and equipment:		2022	2021
Land, buildings and improvements	5	1,602	\$ 1,699
Equipment and construction in progress		6,916	 6,800
		8,518	8,499
Less accumulated depreciation		(4,176)	(3,822)
	s	4,342	\$ 4,677

Long-lived Assets

Long-lived asses, including property, plant and equipment and definite lived intangible assets are reviewed for impairment in accordance with ASC 360,
"Property, Plant and Equipment," whenever facts and circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Specifically, his process involves comparing an asset's carrying value to the estimated undiscounted future cash flows the asset is expected to generate over its remaining life. If his process were to result in the conclusion that the carrying value of a long-lived asset would not be recoverable, a write-down of the asset to fair value would be recorded through a change to operations.

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Goodwill

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by reportable segment are as follows:

	Consumer Packaging International			Consumer Packaging North America		Engineered Materials		Health, Hygiene & Specialties		Total
Balance as of fiscal 2020	\$	1,999	\$	1,540	\$	700	\$	934	\$	5,173
Foreign currency translation adjustment		36		1		(1)		2		38
Dispositions		(19)		_		_		_		(19)
Balance as of fiscal 2021	S	2,016	s	1,541	5	699	5	936	\$	5,192
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(250)		(1)		(37)		(18)		(306)
Dispositions		(54)								(54)
Balance as of fiscal 2022	S	1,712	\$	1,540	5	662	\$	918	5	4,832

In fiscal year 2022, the Company completed a qualitative analysis to evaluate impairment of goodwill and concluded that it was more likely than not that the fair value for each reporting unit exceeded the carrying amount. We reached this conclusion based on the strong valuations within the packaging industry and operating results of our reporting units, in addition to leveraging the quantitative test performed in fiscal 2020. As a result of our annual impairment evaluations the Company concluded that no impairment existed in fiscal 2022.

Deferred Financing Fees

Deferred financing fees are amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method over the lives of the respective debt agreements. Pursuant to ASC 835-30, the Company presents \$60 million and \$77 million as of fiscal 2022 and fiscal 2021, respectively, of debt issuance and deferred financing costs on the balance sheet as a deduction from the currying amount of the related debt liability, instead of a deferred charge.

Intangible Assets

The changes in the carrying amount of intangible assets are as follows:

	Customer				Other			Accumulated		
		Relationships	Trademarks		Intangibles		Amortization			Total
Balance as of fiscal 2020	S	3,323	\$	522	\$	129	\$	(1,477)	\$	2,497
Foreign currency translation adjustment		32		4		(1)		(2)		33
Amortization expense		_		_		_		(288)		(288)
Netting of fully amortized intangibles		(26)		(1)		(6)		33		_
Balance as of fiscal 2021	S	3,329	s	525	5	122	5	(1,734)	\$	2,242
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(172)		(31)		(1)		66		(138)
Amortization expense		_				_		(257)		(257)
Additions						. 6		_		6
Balance as of fiscal 2022	5	3,157	\$	494	5	127	\$	(1,925)	\$	1,853

Customer relationships are being amortized using an accelerated amortization method which corresponds with the customer attrition rates used in the initial valuation of the intangibles over the estimated life of the relationships which range from 5 to 17 years. Definite lived trademarks are being amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated life of the assets which are nome than 15 years. Other intangibles, which include technology and licenses, are being amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated life of the assets which range from 5 to 14 years. The Company has trademarks that rotal \$247 million that are indefinite lived and we test annually for impairment on the first day of the fourth quarter. We completed manual impairment test of our indefinite lived trade names utilizing the qualitative method in 2022 and 2021 and the relief from royalty method in fiscal 2020 and noted no

Future amortization expense for definite lived intangibles as of fiscal 2022 for the next five fiscal years is \$232 million, \$200 million, \$104 million, and \$161 million each year for fiscal years ending 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, and 2027, respectively.

Insurable Liabilities

The Company records liabilities for the self-insured portion of workers' compensation, health, product, general and auto liabilities. The determination of these liabilities and related expenses is dependent on claims experience. For most of these liabilities, claims incurred but not yet reported are estimated based upon historical claims experience.

Leases
The Company leases certain manufacturing facilities, warehouses, office space, manufacturing equipment, office equipment, and automobiles. We recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases with original lease terms greater than one year based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term using our incremental borrowing rate on a collateralized basis. Short-re-the lease, with original lease terms of less than one year, are not recognized on the balance sheet. We are party to certain leases, namely for manufacturing facilities, which offer renewal options to extend the original lease term. Renewal options are included in the right-of-use asset and lease liability based on our assessment of the probability that the options will be exercised. See Note 5. Commitments, Leases and Contingencies.

	Operating	Finance
Fiscal Year	Leases	Leases
2023	\$ 111	\$ 11
2024	96	9
2025	85	. 6
2026	75	. 8
2027	65	. 1
Thereafter	205	3
Total lease payments	637	38
Less: Interest	(100)(5)
Present value of lease liabilities	\$ 537	\$ 33

The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability approach, which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequence of events that have been recognized in the Company's financial statements or income tax returns. Income taxes are recognized during the period in which the underlying transactions are recorded. Deferred taxes, with the exception of non-deducible goodwill, are provided for temporny differences between anomato assets and liabilities as recorded for financial reporting purposes and such amounts as measured by tax laws. If the Company determines that a deferred tax asset arising from temporary differences is not likely to be utilized, the Company will establish a valuation allowance against that assets to record it at its expected realizable value. The Company recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. The Company's effective tax rate is dependent on many factors including: the impact of enacted tax laws in jurisdictions in which the Company operates; the amount of earnings by jurisdiction, due to varying tax rates in each country; and the Company's ability to utilize foreign tax credits related to foreign taxes paid on foreign earnings that will be remitted to the U.S.

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) is comprised of net income and other comprehensive income (loss). Other comprehensive income (loss) includes net unrealized gains or losses resulting from currency translations of foreign subsidiaries, changes in the value of our derivative instruments and adjustments to the pension liability.

The accumulated balances related to each component of other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax before reclassifications were as follows:

			Defined Benefit			
	C	urrency	Pension and Retiree	D	erivative	Accumulated Other
	Translation		Health Benefit Plans	Instruments		Comprehensive Loss
Balance as of fiscal 2019	\$	(279)	\$ (56) 5	(51)	\$ (386)
Other comprehensive income (loss)		1	3		(137)	(133)
Net amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive						
income (loss)			(63)	31	(32)
Balance as of fiscal 2020	\$	(278)	\$ (116) 5	(157)	\$ (551)
Other comprehensive income (loss)		124	(5)	70	189
Net amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive						
income (loss)		_	54		12	66
Balance as of fiscal 2021	\$	(154)	\$ (67) 5	(75)	\$ (296)
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(301)	32		158	(111)
Net amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive						
income (loss)		_	3		1	4
Balance as of fiscal 2022	5	(455)	\$ (32	<u> </u>	84	\$ (403)

The accounting for our pension plans requires us to recognize the overfunded or underfunded status of the pension plans on our balance sheet. The selection of assumptions is based on historical trends and known economic and market conditions at the time of valuation, as well as independent studies of trends performed by our actuaries. Pension benefit costs include assumptions for the discount rate, uncarriate medical plan costs include assumptions for the discount rate, retirement age, and health-care-cost trend rate, the vertice annually the discount rate used to calculate the present value of pension plan liabilities. The discount rate used at each measurement alse is set based on a high-quality corporate bond yield curve, derived based on bond universe information sourced from reputable hittp-party indices, data providers, calculate productions are considered to the comparate bond parts in corporate bond, we have used a government bond approach to set the discount rate. In evaluating other assumptions, the Company considers many factors, including an evaluation of expected return on plan assets and the health-care-cord rates of other companies; historical assumptions compared with actual results; an analysis of current market conditions and asset allocations; and the views of advisers.

The Company calculates basic net income per share based on the weighted-average number of outstanding common shares. The Company calculates diluted net income per share based on the weighted-average number of outstanding common shares plus the effect of dilutive securities.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make extensive estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of sales and expenses. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates. Changes in estimates are recorded in results of operation period that the event or circumstances giving rise to such changes occur.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

D-4----- D-1-- D-4---

In 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-04, Reference Rare Reform - Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting (Topic 848). This standard provides temporary optional expedients and exceptions to the GAAP guidance on contract modifications and hedge accounting to ease the financial reporting burdens of the expected market transition from LIBOR and other interbank offered rates to alternative reference rates, such as SOFR. ASU 2020-04 is effective upon issuance and generally can be applied through the end of calendar year 2022. The Company plans to adopt this standard in fiscal 2023. We do not expect a material change to our consolidated financial statements or disclosures.

2 Disposisions

During fiscal 2022, the Company completed the sale of its rotational molding business, which was operated in the Consumer Packaging International segment for net proceeds of \$111 million. A pretax gain of \$8 million was recorded in fiscal 2022 within Restructuring and transaction activities on the Consolidated Statements of Income. In fiscal 2021, the rotational molding business recorded net sales of \$145 million.

3. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following:

Facility	Maturity Date		2022	2021
Term loan	July 2026		3,440	\$ 3,440
Revolving line of credit	May 2024		_	_
0.95% First Priority Senior Secured Notes	February 2024		800	800
1.00% First Priority Senior Secured Notes(a)	July 2025		686	810
1.57% First Priority Senior Secured Notes	January 2026		1,525	1,525
4.875% First Priority Senior Secured Notes	July 2026		1,250	1,250
1.65% First Priority Senior Secured Notes	January 2027		400	400
1.50% First Priority Senior Secured Notes(a)	July 2027		367	434
4.50% Second Priority Senior Secured Notes	February 2026		298	300
5.625% Second Priority Senior Secured Notes	July 2027		500	500
Debt discounts and deferred fees			(60)	(77)
Finance leases and other	Various		49	78
Total long-term debt		-	9,255	9,460
Current portion of long-term debt			(13)	(21)
Long-term debt, less current portion		S	9,242	\$ 9,439

Berry Global, Inc. Senior Secured Credit Facility

Our wholly owned subsidiary Berry Global, Inc.'s senior secured credit facilities consist of \$3.4 billion of term loans and a \$1,050 million asset-based revolving line of credit. The availability under the revolving line of credit is the lesser of \$1,050 million or based on a defined borrowing base which is calculated based on available accounts receivable and inventory.

The term loan facility is payable upon maturity. The Company may voluntarily repay outstanding loans under the senior secured credit facilities at any time without premium or penalty, other than customary "braskage" costs with respect to eurodollar loans. All obligations under the senior secured credit facilities are unconditionally guaranteed by the Company and, subject to certain exceptions, each of the Company's existing and future direct and indirect domestic subsidiaries. The guarantees of those obligations are secured by substantially all of the Company's asserts as well as those of each domestic subsidiaries. The guaranteer.

Despite not having financial maintenance covenants, our debt agreements contain certain negative covenants. We are in compliance with all covenants as of October 1, 2022. The failure to comply with these negative covenants could restrict our ability to incur additional indebtedness, effect acquisitions, enter into certain significant business combinations, make distributions or redeem indebtedness.

Future maturities of long-term debt as of fiscal year end 2022 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Ma	turities
2023	_ <u>s</u>	13
2024		810
2025		692
2026		6,523
2027		1,269
Thereafter		8
	s	9,315

Interest paid was \$289 million, \$318 million, and \$430 million in fiscal 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

4 Financial Instruments and Fair Value Measurements

In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to certain risks arising from business operations and economic factors. The Company may use derivative financial instruments to help manage exposure to fluctuations in interest rates and foreign currencies. These financial instruments are not used for trading or other speculative purposes. For those derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as hedging instruments, the Company must designate the hedging instrument, based upon the exposure being hedged, as a fair value hedge, cash flow hedge, or a hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation.

To the extent hedging relationships are found to be effective, changes in the fair value of the derivatives are offset by changes in the fair value of the related hedged item and recorded to Accumulated other comprehensive loss. Changes in the fair value of a derivative not designated as a hedge, are recorded to the Consolidated Statements of Income.

Cross-Currency Swaps

The Company is parry to certain cross-currency swaps to hedge a portion of our foreign currency risk. The Company settled its C250 million swap agreement which matured May 2022 for proceeds of \$6 million. During fiscal 2022, the Company entered into additional transactions to case here existing cross-currency swaps and network network proceeds of \$570 million. The swap settlement impact has been included as a component of Currency translation within Accumulated other comprehensive loss. Following the settlement of the existing cross-currency swaps, we entered into new cross-currency swaps with matching notional amounts and maturity dates of the original swaps.

As of October 1, 2022, the swap agreements mature June 2024 (£1,625 million) and July 2027 (£700 million). In addition to cross-currency swaps, we hedge a portion of our foreign currency risk by designating foreign currency denominated long-term dots to a tinvestment hedges of certain foreign operations. As of October 1, 2022, we had outstanding long-term dots of 1675s million that was designated as a hedge of our net intersement in certain euro-denominated foreign subsidiaries. When valuing cross-currency swaps the Company utilizes Level 2 inputs (substantially observable).

Interest Rate Swaps

The primary purpose of the Company's interest rate swap activities is to manage interest expense fluctuations associated with our outstanding variable rate term loan debt. When valuing interest rate swaps the Company utilizes Level 2 inputs (substantially observable).

During Iscal 2022, the Company elected to cash settle existing interest rate swaps and received net proceeds of \$201 million. The offset is included in Accumulated other comprehensive loss and is being amortized to Interest expense through the term of the original swaps. Following the settlement of the interest rate swaps, we entered into interest rate swaps with matching notional amounts and manutry date of the original swaps.

As of October 1, 2022, the Company effectively had (i) a \$450 million interest rate swap transaction that swaps a one-month variable LIBOR contract for a fixed annual rate of 4.128%, with an expiration date in June 2026, (ii) a \$400 million interest rate swap transaction that swaps a one-month variable LIBOR contract for a fixed annual rate of 4.179% with an expiration date in June 2026, (iii) an \$840 million interest rate swap transaction that swaps a one-month variable LIBOR contract for a fixed annual rate of 4.375%, with an expiration in June 2024, and (iv) a \$473 million interest rate swap transaction that swaps a one-month variable LIBOR contract for a fixed annual rate of 4.370%, with an expiration in June 2024.

The Company records the fair value positions of all derivative financial instruments on a net basis by counterparty for which a master netting arrangement is utilized. Balances on a gross basis are as follows:

Derivative Instruments	Hedge Designation	Balance Sheet Location	 2022		2021
Cross-currency swaps	Designated	Other assets	\$ 147	5	
Cross-currency swaps	Designated	Other long-term liabilities			323
Interest rate swaps	Designated	Other assets	11		_
Interest rate swaps	Designated	Other long-term liabilities	3		82
Interest rate swans	Not designated	Other long-term liabilities	117		49

The effect of the Company's derivative instruments on the Consolidated Statements of Income is as follows:

Derivative instruments	Statements of Income Location	20	22	:	2021	:	2020
Cross-currency swaps	Interest expense	<u> </u>	(21)	\$	(8)	\$	(25)
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense		40		69		32

The amortization related to unrealized losses in Accumulated other comprehensive loss is expected to be \$27 million in the next 12 months. The Company's financial instruments consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, long-term debt, interest rate swap agreements, cross-currency swap agreements and capital lease obligations. The book value of our long-term indebtedness exceeded his value by \$350 million as of fiscal 2022, and fair value of our long-term indebtedness exceeded book value by \$133 million as of fiscal 2021. The Company's long-term debt fair values were determined using Level 2 inputs as other significant observable inputs were not available.

Non-recurring Fair Value Measurement

The Company has certain assets that are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis when impairment indicators are present or when the Company completes an acquisition. The Company adjusts certain long-lived assets to fair value only when the carrying values exceed the fair values. The caregorization of the framework used to value the assets is considered Level 3, due to the subjective nature of the unobservable inputs used to determine the fair value.

Included in the following tables are the major categories of assets and their current carrying values that were measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current year, along with the impairment loss recognized on the fair value measurement for the fiscal years then ended:

						2022				
	L.	evel 1		Level 2	. [evel 3		Total	Impa	irment
Indefinite lived trademarks	5		5		5	247	5	247	5	
Goodwill		_		_		4,832		4,832		_
Definite lived intangible assets		_		_		1,606		1,606		_
Property, plant and equipment		_		_		4,342		4,342		_
Total	-		•		5	11,027	5	11,027	5	
10(8)	<u> </u>		_		_	11,027	Ĭ	11,027	_	
						2021				
		evel 1		Level 2		evel 3		Total	Impa	irment
Indefinite lived trademarks	5		5		5	248	5	248	\$	
Goodwill		_		_		5.192		5,192		_
Definite lived intangible assets		_				1,994		1,994		_
Property, plant and equipment		_		_		4,677		4,677		1
Total			-		•	12,111	5	12,111	5	 i
10(4)	_		_			12,111	_	12,111		
						2020				
	T.	evel 1		Level 2	1	evel 3		Total	Impa	irment
Indefinite lived trademarks	S		s		5	248	s	248	\$	
Goodwill	-	_		_		5,173		5,173		_
Definite lived intangible assets		_		_		2,249		2,249		_
Property, plant and equipment		_		_		4,561		4,561		2
Total	•		5		_	12,231	\$	12,231	5	
Iolai			_		_	16,431	=	12,231		

5. Commitments, Leases and Contingencies

The Company has various purchase commitments for raw materials, supplies and property and equipment incidental to the ordinary conduct of business.

Collective Bargaining Agreements

At the end of fiscal 2022, we employed approximately 46,000 employees, and approximately 20% of those employees were covered by collective bargaining agreements. The majority of these agreements are due for renegotiation annually.

Leases

Supplemental lease information is as follows:

Leases		Classification			2022		2021
Operating leases:							
Operating lease right-of-use assets Right-of-use asset		5	521	S	562		
Current operating lea	se liabilities	Other current liabilities			108		113
Noncurrent operating	lease liabilities	Operating lease liability			429		466
Finance leases:							
Finance lease right-of-use assets Property, plant, and equipment, net		\$	38	\$	57		
Current finance lease	liabilities	Current portion of long-term of	lebt		9		14
Noncurrent finance lease liabilities Long-term debt, less current portion		ortion		24		38	
Lease Type	Cash Flow Classifica	ion Lease Exper	ise Category		2022		2021
Operating leases	Operating cash flows	Lease cost		- <u>s</u>	132	5	127
Finance leases	Operating cash flows	Interest expe	nse		2		2
Finance leases	Financing cash flows	-			19		23
Finance leases	•	Amortization	of right-of-use assets		9		14
				20	22		2021
Weighted-average remain	ning lease term - operating lease	. *			7 years		8 years
	ning lease term - finance leases				3 years		4 years
Weighted-average discou	int rate - operating leases				4.5%		4.5%
Weighted-average discou	int rate - finance leases				4.5%		4.1%
- "							

Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities were \$38 million for fiscal 2022.

Litigation

The Company is party to various legal proceedings involving routine claims which are incidental to its business. Although the Company's legal and financial liability with respect to such proceedings cannot be estimated with certainty, the Company believes that any ultimate liability would not be material to its financial position, results of operations or cash flows:

The Company is being taxed at the U.S. corporate level as a C-Corporation and has provided U.S. Federal, State and foreign income taxes. Significant components of income tax expense for the fiscal years ended are as follows:

Current	2022	2021	2020	
U.S. Federal State Non-U.S. Total current	\$ 87	\$ 56	\$ 84	
	20	14	12	
	109	175	154	
	216	245	250	
Deferred: U.S. Federal		17	(29)	
State Non-U.S. Total deferred Expense for income taxes	(7)	(6)	(13)	
	(45)	(84)	(54)	
	(48)	(73)	(96)	
	\$ 168	\$ 172	\$ 154	

U.S. income from continuing operations before income taxes was \$449 million, \$276 million, and \$206 million for fiscal 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. Non-U.S. income from continuing operations before income taxes was \$485 million, \$629 million, and \$507 million for fiscal 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. The Company paid cesh taxes of \$1868 million, \$200 million, and \$434 million in fiscal 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. The Company paid cesh taxes of \$1868 million, \$200 million, and \$434 million in fiscal 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

The reconciliation between U.S. Federal income taxes at the statutory rate and the Company's benefit for income taxes on continuing operations for fiscal years ended are as follows:

		2021	2020	
U.S. Federal income tax expense at the statutory rate	\$	196	\$ 190	\$ 150
Adjustments to reconcile to the income tax provision:				
U.S. state income tax expense		20	11	6
Federal and state credits		(15)	(10)	(14)
Share-based compensation		(3)	(8)	(4)
Tax law changes		(17)	11	_
Withholding taxes		6	13	15
Changes in foreign valuation allowance		(5)	(14)	(8)
Foreign income taxed in the U.S.		8	12	9
Rate differences between U.S. and foreign		(8)	(8)	(6)
Sale of subsidiary		_	16	_
Permanent foreign currency differences		_	(30)	_
Other		(14)	(11)	6
Expense for income taxes	\$	168	\$ 172	\$ 154

Deferred income taxes result from temporary differences between the amount of assets and liabilities recognized for financial reporting and tax purposes. The components of the net deferred income tax liability as of fiscal years ended are as follows:

	2022	2021
Deferred tax assets:		
Accrued liabilities and reserves	\$ 75	\$ 101
Inventories	11	13
Net operating loss carryforward	235	273
Interest expense carryforward	107	58
Derivatives	_	105
Lease liability	134	144
Research and development credit carryforward	13	13
Federal and state tax credits	9	13
Other	48	49
Total deferred tax assets	632	769
Valuation allowance	(104)	(126)
Total deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowance	528	643
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Property, plant and equipment	450	430
Intangible assets	471	563
Derivatives	94	_
Leased asset	131	139
Other	24	13
Total deferred tax liabilities	1,170	1,145
Net deferred tax liability	\$ (642)	\$ (502)

The Company had \$65 million of net deferred tax assets recorded in Other assets, and \$707 million of net deferred tax liabilities recorded in Deferred income taxes on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

As of October 1, 2022, the Company has recorded deferred tax assets related to federal, state, and foreign net operating losses, interest expense, and tax credits. These attributes are spread across multiple jurisdictions and generally have expiration periods beginning in 2021 while a portion remains available indefinitely. Each attribute has been assessed for realization and a valuation allowance is recorded against the deferred tax assets to bring the net amount recorded to the amount more likely than not to be realized. The valuation allowance against deferred tax assets was \$1.04 million and \$126 million as of the fiscal years ended 2022 and 2021, respectively, related to the foreign and U.S. federal and state operations.

The Company is permanently reinvested except to the extent the foreign earnings are previously taxed or to the extent that we have sufficient basis in our non-U.S. subsidiaries to repatriate earnings on an income tax free basis.

Uncertain Tax Positions

The following table summarizes the activity related to our gross unrecognized tax benefits for fiscal years ended:

	2022		2021		
Beginning unrecognized tax benefits	\$ 159	\$	168		
Gross increases - tax positions in prior periods	2		9		
Gross decreases - tax positions in prior periods	(19))	(6)		
Gross increases – current period tax positions	13		6		
Settlements	(9))	(4)		
Lapse of statute of limitations	(25))	(14)		
Ending unrecognized tax benefits	\$ 121	\$	159		

As of fiscal year end 2022, the amount of unrecognized tax benefit that, if recognized, would affect our effective tax rate was \$104 million and we had \$34 million accrued for payment of interest and penalties related to our uncertain tax positions. Our penalties and interest related to uncertain tax positions are included in income tax expense.

As a result of global operations, we file income tax returns in the U.S. federal, various state and local, and foreign jurisdictions and are routinely subject to examination by taxing authorities throughout the world. Excluding potential adjustments to net operating losses, the U.S. federal and state income tax returns are no longer subject to income tax assessments for years before 2018. With few exceptions, the major foreign jurisdictions are no longer subject to income tax assessments for year before 2015.

7. Retirement Plans

The Company sponsors defined contribution retirement plans covering substantially all employees. Contributions are based upon a fixed dollar amount for employees who participate and percentages of employee contributions at specified thresholds. Contribution expense for these plans was \$42 million, \$45 million, and \$40 million for fixed 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

The majority of the North American and UK defined benefit pension plans, which cover certain manufacturing facilities, are closed to future entrains. The assets of all the plans are held in a separate trustee administered fund to meet long-term liabilities for past and present employees. The majority, \$61 million, of Mainland Europe's total underfunded status relates to non-contributory pension plans within our German operations. There is no external funding for these plans although they are secured by insolvency insurance required under German law. In general, the plans provide a fixed retirement benefit not related to salaries and are closed to new entrains.

The net amount of liability recognized is included in Employee Benefit Obligations on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company uses fiscal year end as a measurement date for the retirement plans.

				20	22				2021							
Change in Projected	N	North		Mainland				North			Mainland					
Benefit Obligations (PBO)	An	ierica		UK	Е	urope		Total	A:	merica		UK	Ε	Europe		Total
Beginning of period	- s -	338	5	888	5	196	5	1,422	ş	361	s	888	5	192	5	1,441
Service cost		_		1		5		6		_		1		4		5
Interest cost		8		17		2		27		8		15		1		24
Currency		(1)		(152)		(30)		(183)		1		48		2		51
Actuarial loss (gain)		(77)		(244)		(37)		(358)		(12)		(28)		9		(31
Benefit settlements		_		_		(5)		(5)		(3)		_		(5)		(8)
Benefits paid		(16)		(30)		(7)		(53)		(17)		(36)		(7)		(60
End of period	<u>s</u>	252	s	480	5	124	5	856	\$	338	\$	888	\$	196	\$	1,422
				202	22							20	21			
Change in Fair	N	orth			Ma	ainland				North			М	lainland		
Volum of Plan Access	Δm	nerica		THE	F	urone		Total	Δ.	merica		HK		Zurone		Total

Change in Fair	N	orth			Ma	inland				lorth			М	lainland		
Value of Plan Assets	Am	erica		UK	Εt	rope		Total	Ar	nerica		UK	F	Europe		Total
Beginning of period	- s -	286	5	828	\$	53	5	1,167	\$	268	5	769	5	54	5	1,091
Currency		. (1)		(146)		(7)		(154)		1		41		1		43
Return on assets		(41)		(225)		(2)		(268)		36		28		3		67
Contributions		_		19		8		27		1		26		7		34
Benefit settlements		_		_		(5)		(5)		(3)		-		(5)		(8)
Benefits paid		(16)		(30)		(7)		(53)		(17)		(36)		(7)		(60)
End of period	s	228	\$	446	5	40	5	714	\$	286	5	828	5	53	\$	1,167
Underfunded status	5	(24)	5	(34)	\$	(84)	\$	(142)	\$	(52)	5	(60)	<u>\$</u>	(143)	<u>\$</u>	(255)

At the end of fiscal 2022, the Company had \$65 million of net unrealized losses recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive loss on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company expects \$1 million to be realized in fiscal 2023.

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The following table presents significant weighted-average assumptions used to determine benefit obligation and benefit cost for the fiscal years ended:

		2022			
	North		Mainland		
(Percentages)	America	UK	Europe		
Weighted-average assumptions:					
Discount rate for benefit obligation	5.1	5.2	3.6		
Discount rate for net benefit cost	2.5	2.1	1.0		
Expected return on plan assets for net benefit costs	6.1	4.2	2.1		

		2021						
(Percentages)	North America	UK	Mainland Europe					
Weighted-average assumptions:								
Discount rate for benefit obligation	2.5	2.2	1.0					
Discount rate for net benefit cost	2.2	1.6	8.0					
Expected return on plan assets for net benefit costs	6.1	4.1	2.0					

In evaluating the expected return on plan assets, Berry considered its historical assumptions compared with actual results, an analysis of current market conditions, asset allocations, and the views of advisors. The return on plan assets is derived from target allocations and historical yield by asset type. A one quarter of a percentage point reduction of expected return on pension assets, mortality rate or discount rate applied to the pension liability would result in an immaterial change to the Company's pension expense.

In accordance with the guidance from the FASB for employers' disclosure about postretirement benefit plan assets the table below discloses fair values of each pension plan asset category and level within the fair value hierarchy in which it falls. There were no material changes or transfers between level 3 assets and the other levels.

Fiscal 2022 Asset Category		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Cash and cash equivalents		14	5		5		5	14
U.S. large cap comingled equity funds		69		_		_		69
U.S. mid cap equity mutual funds		35	•	_		_		35
U.S. small cap equity & Corporate bond mutual funds		4		_		_		4
International equity mutual funds		9		99		_		108
Real estate equity investment funds		4		26		94		124
Corporate bonds		_		128		56		184
International fixed income funds		5		130		_		135
International insurance policies		_		_		41		41
Total	<u>s</u>	140	\$	383	5	191	5	714
Fiscal 2021 Asset Category		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	_	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	s	55	\$		\$		5	55
U.S. large cap comingled equity funds		84		_		_		84

Fiscal 2021 Asset Category		Level 1		Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 5	5 S		ş <u> </u>	\$ 55
U.S. large cap comingled equity funds		8	4	-	_	84
U.S. mid cap equity mutual funds		5	0	_	_	50
U.S. small cap equity & Corporate bond mutual funds			8	_	_	8
International equity mutual funds		1	4	271		285
Real estate equity investment funds			7	86	101	194
Corporate bonds		_	_	157	40	197
International fixed income funds		8	1	161	_	242
International insurance policies		_	_	_	52	52
Total		\$ 29	9 \$	675	S 193	\$ 1,167
	20					

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The following benefit payments, which reflect expected future service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid for the fiscal year end:

	No	orth			Mainland		
	Am	erica	UK		Europe		Total
2023	\$	19	5	27	\$ 7	s	53
2024		18		28	8		54
2025		18		28	6		52
2026		19		29	6		54
2027		19		30	8		57
2028-2032		90		164	43		297

Net pension expense is recorded in Cost of goods sold and included the following components as of fiscal years ended:

	2022		2021	_		2020
Service cost	\$	-6	\$	5	5	1
Interest cost		27	2	24		26
Amortization of net actuarial loss		3		9		5
Expected return on plan assets		(51)	(5	51)		(46)
Net periodic benefit expense (income)	\$	(15)	S (1	13)	\$	(14)

Our defined benefit pension plan asset allocations as of fiscal years ended are as follows:

Asset Category	2022	2021
Equity securities and equity-like instruments	47%	53%
Debt securities and debt-like	45	38
International insurance policies	6	4
Other	2	5
Total	100%	100%

The Company's retirement plan assets are invested with the objective of providing the plans the ability to fund current and future benefit payment requirements while minimizing annual Company contributions. The retirement plans held \$31 million of the Company's stock at the end of fiscal 2022. The Company readdresse the allocation of its investments on a regular basis.

8. Restructuring and Transaction Activities

The Company has announced various restructuring plans in the last three fiscal years which included shutting down facilities. In all instances, the majority of the operations from rationalized facilities was transferred to other facilities within the respective segment. During fiscal 2020, 2021, and 2022, the Company did not shut down any facilities with significant net sales.

The table below sets forth the significant components of the restructuring and transaction activity charges recognized for the fiscal years ended, by segment:

	2022		2022 2021		20	20
Consumer Packaging International	5	10	s	56	5	58
Consumer Packaging North America		5		_		10
Engineered Materials		2		(4)		6
Health, Hygiene & Specialties		6		(1)		5
Consolidated	5	23	5	51	5	79
				_		

The table below sets forth the activity with respect to the restructuring charges and the impact on our accrued restructuring reserves:

			Restructi	ıring						
	Employee Severa	ance	Facilit	y	Non-cash	_	Transa	ction		
	and Benefits		Exit Co	sts	Impairment Cl	narges	Activ	ities		Total
Balance as of fiscal 2020	\$	10	\$	_7	\$		\$		\$	17
Charges		11		7	,	1		32		51
Non-cash asset impairment		_		_		(1)				(1)
Cash		(15)		_(9)		_		(32)		(56)
Balance as of fiscal 2021	\$	6	5	- 5	\$		\$		\$	11
Charges		7		9		_		7		23
Cash		(11)		(11)		_		(7)		(29)
Balance as of fiscal 2022	\$	_2	S	3	\$	\equiv	s	=	5	5

Since 2020, cumulative costs attributed to restructuring programs total \$80 million.

9. Stockholders' Equity

Share Repurchases

During fiscal 2022, the Company repurchased approximately 12.2 million shares for \$709 million, at an average price of \$58.30. No shares were repurchased during fiscal 2021 and 2020. Authorized repurchases of \$342 million remain available to the Company. All share repurchases were immediately retired. Common stock was reduced by the number of shares retired at \$0.01 par value per share. The Company allocates the excess purchase price over par value between additional paid-in capital and retained earnings.

Equity Incentive Plans

The Company has shareholder-approved stock plans under which options and restricted stock units have been granted to employees at the market value of the Company's stock on the date of grant. In fiscal 2021, the Company amended the 2015 Berry Global Group, Inc. Long-Term Incentive Plan to authorize the issuance of 20.8 million shares, an increase of 8.3 million shares from the previous authorization. The intrinsic value of options exercised in fiscal 2022 was \$10 million.

Information related to the equity incentive plans as of the fiscal years ended are as follows:

	2022							
		nber of Shares n thousands)		ighted Average xercise Price		nber of Shares thousands)		ighted Average Exercise Price
Options outstanding, beginning of period		11,302	5	44.54		11,460	\$	40.84
Options granted		1,192		66.47		1,946		54.22
Options exercised		(752)		35.31		(1,961)		32.23
Options forfeited or cancelled		(86)		51.72		(143)		48.72
Options outstanding, end of period	=	11,656	\$	47.33	=	11,302	\$	44.54
Option price range at end of period	5	16.00-66.47			\$	10.24-54.33		
Options exercisable at end of period		6,718		•		5,260		
Weighted average fair value of options granted during period	S	20.73			\$	16.36		
		40						

Generally, options vest annually in equal installments commencing one year from the date of grant and have a vesting term of either four or five years, depending on the grant date, and an expiration term of 10 years from the date of grant. The fair value for options granted has been estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes model, generally with the following weighted average assumptions:

	2022	2021	2020
Risk-free interest rate	1.3%	0.5%	1.7%
Dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Volatility factor	29.7%	30.4%	27.2%
Expected option life	6.0 years	6.0 years	6.5 years

The following table summarizes information about the options outstanding as of fiscal 2022:

Intrinsic	
Value	
of	

Value of	Weighted		Number	Intrinsic Value	Unrecognized	Weighted
Outstanding (in millions)	Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted Exercise Price	Exercisable (in thousands)	of Exercisable (in millions)	Compensation (in millions)	Recognition Period
\$ 46	6.1 years	\$ 47.33	6,718	\$ 42	\$ 30	1.3 years

The Company's issued restricted stock units generally vest in equal installments over four years. Compensation cost is recorded based upon the fair value of the shares at the grant date.

	20	2022						
	Number of Shares	Number of Shares Weighted Average (in thousands) Grant Price				Number of Shares	Wei	ighted Average
	(in thousands)					Grant Price		usands) Grant Price
Awards outstanding, beginning of period	196	5	54.22		s			
Awards granted	232		66.47	203		54.22		
Awards vested	(64)		54.70	(2)		54.22		
Awards forfeited or cancelled	(10)		60.30	(5)		54.22		
Awards outstanding, end of period	354	\$	61.99	196	\$	54.22		

The Company had equity incentive shares available for grant of 7.1 million and 8.5 million as of October 1, 2022 and October 2, 2021, respectively.

10. Segment and Geographic Data

Berry's operations are organized into four reporting segments: Consumer Packaging International, Consumer Packaging North America, Engineered Materials, and Health, Hygiene & Specialities. The structure is designed to align us with our customers, provide improved service, and drive future growth in a constant proper.

Selected information by reportable segment is presented in the following tables:

		22	2021		2020	
Net sales						
Consumer Packaging International	\$	4,293 \$	4,242	\$	3,789	
Consumer Packaging North America		3,548	3,141		2,560	
Engineered Materials		3,488	3,309		2,766	
Health, Hygiene & Specialties		3,166	3,158		2,594	
Total	\$	14,495 \$	13,850	Š	11,709	
Operating income						
Consumer Packaging International	s	346 S	317	s	273	
Consumer Packaging North America		338	276	•	275	
Engineered Materials		328	301		336	
Health, Hygiene & Specialties		230	398		295	
Total	<u>s</u>	1,242 \$	1,292	5	1,179	
r	<u></u>			-	-,	
Depreciation and amortization						
Consumer Packaging International	\$	317 S	341	S	315	
Consumer Packaging North America		214	224		230	
Engineered Materials		112	112		117	
Health, Hygiene & Specialties		176	177		183	
Total	5	819 S	854	\$	845	

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			_	2022	_	2021
Total assets: Consumer Packaging International Consumer Packaging North America Engineered Materials Health, Hyglene & Specialties Total assets			s <u>s</u>	6,993 3,992 2,236 3,735 16,956	s <u>s</u>	7,800 3,861 2,331 3,890 17,882
Selected information by geographical region is presented in the following tables:						
Net sales: United States and Canada	:	7,907		7,351	_	6,250
Onted States and Canada Europe Rest of world	3	5,065 1,523	•	4,898 1,601	3	4,223 1,236
Total net sales	\$	14,495	\$	13,850	\$	11,709
Long-lived assets:			_	2022	_	2021
United States and Canada Europe Rest of world			\$	6,826 3,616 1,350	\$	6,682 4,574 1,532
Total long-lived assets			S	11,792	\$	12,788

Selected information by product line is presented in the following tables:

in percentages)	2022	2021	2020
let sales:			
Packaging	76%	81%	80%
Non-packaging	24	19	20
Consumer Packaging International	100%	100%	100%
Rigid Open Top	62%	57%	55%
Rigid Closed Top	38	. 43	45
Consumer Packaging North America	100%	100%	100%
Core Films	59%	63%	58%
Retail & Industrial	41	37	42
Engineered Materials	100%	100%	100%
Health	14%	18%	18%
Hygiene	51	47	47
Specialties	35	35	35
Health, Hygiene & Specialties	100%	100%	100%

11. Net Income per Share

Basic net Income or earnings per share ("EPS") is calculated by dividing the net Income attributable to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period, without consideration for common stock equivalents. Diluted EPS includes the effects of options and restricted stock units, if dilutes.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of the basic and diluted EPS calculations:

(in millions, except per share amounts)	e amounts) 2022			2021	2020		
Numerator Consolidated net income		766		733	_	559	
Denominator		700	<u>, </u>	/33	_	333	
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic		130.6		134.6		132.6	
Dilutive shares		2.2		3.7		2.5	
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding - diluted	=	132.8	=	138.3		135.1	
Per common share earnings							
Basic	5	5.87	\$	5.45	s	4.22	
Diluted	\$	5.77	S	5.30	s	4.14	

1 million and 7 million shares were excluded from the fiscal 2022 and 2020 diluted EPS calculation, respectively, as their effect would be anti-dilutive. No shares were excluded from the fiscal 2021 calculation.

12. Subsequent Even

In November 2022, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.25 per share. The first fiscal quarter payment will be paid on December 15, 2022 to shareholders of record as of December 1, 2022.

In November 2022, the Company announced an incremental board authorized 5700 million of share repurchases. Share repurchases will be made through open marker purchases, privately negotiated transactions, Rule 1085-1 plans, or other transactions in accordance with applicable securities laws and in such amounts at such times as the Company deems appropriate based upon prevailing marker and business conditions and other factors. The expanded share repurchase program has no explication date and may be suppended at any time.

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Exhibit No	Description of Exhibit
2.1	Rule 2.7 Announcement, dated as of March 8, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 14, 2019).
2.2	Co-Operation Agreement, dated as of March 8, 2019, by and among Berry Global Group, Inc., Berry Global International Holdings Limited and APC Group Pic (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 14, 2019).
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Berry Global Group, Inc., as amended through March 6, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 2, 2019).
3.2	Certificate of Amendment of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Berry Global Group, Inc., dated February 24, 2021 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 25, 2021).
3.3	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Berry Global Group, Inc., as amended and restated effective as of February 24, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 25, 2021).
4,1	Form of common stock certificate of Berry Plastics Group, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.27 of Amendment No. 5 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on September 19, 2012).
4.2	Indenture, by and between Berry Global Escrow Corporation and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee and Collateral Agent, relating to the 4.875% First Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2026, dated June 5, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 6, 2019).
4.2A.	Supplemental Indenture, among Berry Global Group, Inc., Berry Global, Inc., Berry Global Excrow Corporation, each of the parties identified as a Subsidiary Guarantor thereon, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Truster, relating to the 4379% First Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2026, dated July 1, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 2, 2019).
4.3	Indenture, by and between Berry Global Escrow Corporation and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee and Collateral Agent, relating to the 5.625% Second Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2027, dated June 5, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filled to June 6, 2019).
4.3A	Supplemental Indenture, among Benry Global Group, Inc., Berry Global, Inc., Benry Global Excrow Corponation, each of the parties identified as a Subsidiary Guarantor thereon, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Truste, relating to the S.65% Second Priority Sentor Secured Notes due 2027, dated July 1, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 2, 2019).
4.4	Indenure, among Berry Cilokal, Inc., certain guarantors party thereto, U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee and Collosal, and Elavon Financial Services DAG., as Paying Agent, Transfer Agent and Registrar, relating to the 100% First Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2025 and 1.50% First Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2027, dated January 2, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report to Form 8-K filled on January 2, 2020.
4.5	Indenure among Berry Global, Inc., certain guarantors party thereto, U.S. Bank National Association, as Thustee and Collateral Agent, relating to the 1.57% First Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2026, dated December 22, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 23, 2020).
4.5A	First Supplemental Indenture, among Berry Clobal, Inc., certain guarantors party thereto, U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee and Collateral Agent, relating to the 1.57% First Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2026, dated March 4, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.10 to the Company's Current Report on Form 84. Riled on March 4, 2021).
4.6	Indenture among Berry Global, Inc., certain guarantors party thereto, U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee and Collateral Agent, relating to the 0.95% First Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2024, dated January 15, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filled on January 15, 2021).
4.7	the Company's Commercia, regional or form, certain functions and participation of the Company Science (Company Science Report Global, Indicature, and Collateral Agent, relating to the 1.65% First Priority Senior Secured Notes the 2027, dated June 14, 2021 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form Set Rilled on June 14, 2021).

- Registration Rights Agreement, by and between Berry Global, Inc., Berry Global Group, Inc., each subsidiary of Berry Global, Inc. identified therein, and Citigroup Clobal Markes Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, on behalf of themselves and as representatives of the initial purchasers, relating to the 1.57% First Priority Secind's Secured Notes due 2026 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 4-K filed on December 23, 2020).

 Registration Rights Agreement, by and between Berry Clobal, Inc., Berry Clobal Group, Inc., each subsidiary of Berry Global, Inc., identified therein, and Citigroup Clobal Markess Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, on behalf of themselves and as representatives of the initial purchasers, relating to the 195% Institute of the Company's Current Report on Form 6-K filed on January 15, 2021).

 Registration Rights Agreement, by and between Berry Global Inc., Berry Clobal Inc., Berry Clob 4.8
- 4.9
- 4.10
- 4.11
- 4.12
- 10.1
- 10.2
- 10.3
- Incorporated by reterence to Extinute, a cit in Company's Current report on Form 4: Rited on June 14, 2021, and 14, 2021, Description of Securities (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.9 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on November Description of Securities (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on November 25, 2000, 000 Third Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2019, by and among Berry Global, Inc., May 5, 2019, 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 6, 2019).
 U.S. 51, 200,000,000 Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of April 3, 2007, by and among Berry Plastics Corporation Company is preference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 6, 2019).
 U.S. 51, 200,000,000 Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of April 3, 2007, by and among Berry Plastics Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 (b) to Berry Plastics Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 (b) to Berry Plastics Corporation Surrent Report on Form 8-K filed on April 10, 2007.) Second Amended and Restated Intercreditor Agreement, dated as of February 5, 2008, by and among Berry Plastics Corporation, certain subsidiaries identified as parties thereon, Bank of America, AA. and Credit Siusse, Cayman Islands Branch, as first lien agents, and U.S. Bank National Association, as successor in interest to Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 5-K officed in November 23, 2015. U.S. 51, 147, 500,000 and \$814,375.000 Incremental Assumption Agreement, dated as of February 10, 2017 by and among Berry Plastics Corporation and certain of its subsidiaries referenced therein, Citibank, N.A., as initial Term K lender and Citibank, N.A., as incremental incremental Assumption Agreement, dated as of Appart 10, 2017, by and among Berry Plastics Corporation and certain of its su 10.4
- 10.5
- 10,6

- U.S. \$1,644,750,000 and \$496,250,000 Incremental Assumption Agreement and Amendment, dated as of February 12, 2018, by and among Berry Global Group, Inc., Berry Global, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries referenced therein, Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch, as administrative agent for the lenders under the term loan credit agreement referenced therein, Gribank, N.A., as initial Term Q lender, and Clibank, N.A., as initial Term R lender therein (incropprated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q little don May 3, 2018).
 U.S. \$800,000,000 and \$914,375.000 incremental Assumption Agreement, dated as of May 16, 2018, by and among Berry Global Group, Inc., Berry Global, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries referenced therein, Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch, as administrative agent for the lenders under the term loan credit agreement referenced therein, Glibaha, N.A., as initial Term T lender therein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 3, 2018). 10.7
- 10.8
- 10-Q filed on August 3, 2018).

 Incremental Assumption Agreement and Amendment, among Berry Global Group, Inc., Berry Global, Inc. and certain subsidiaries o Berry Global, Inc., as Loan Parties, Credit solisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch, as Administrative Agent, Goldman Sachs Bank USA Initial Term U Lender, and and of a July 1, 2019 (increporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 2, 2019).

 Amendment and Waiver to Equipment Lesse Agreement, dated as of Junavary 19, 2011, between Chicopee, Inc., as Lessee and Gossamer Holdings, LLC, as Lessor (incroporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the VINTIV Specialty Materials Inc.'s Registration Statement Form 5-4 filed on October 75, 2011).

 Second Amendment to Equipment Lesse Agreement, dated as of Forburary 28, 2012, between Chicopee, Inc., as Lessee and Gossamer Holdings, LLC, as Lessor (incroporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the VINTIV Specialty Materials Inc.'s Registration Statement Form 5-4 filed on October 75, 2011).

 Third Amendment to Equipment Lesse Agreement, dated as of Forburary 28, 2012, between Chicopee, Inc., as Lessee and Gossamer Holdings, LLC, as Lessor (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to AVINTIV Specialty Materials Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Forn 10-Q filed on May 15, 2012.

 Fourth Amendment to Equipment Lesse Agreement, dated as of Forburary 28, 2012, between Chicopee, Inc., as Lessee and Gossamer Holdings, LLC, as Lessor (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to AVINTIV Specialty Materials Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Forn 10-Q filed on May 15, 2012.

 Fourth Amendment to Equipment Lesse Agreement, dated as of March 22 2013 hours and the properties of the Advince and the Advince a 10.9
- 10.10
- 10.11
- 10.12
- 10-Q filed on May 15, 2012).

 Fourth Amendment to Equipment Lesse Agreement, dated as of March 22, 2013, between Chicopee, Inc., as Lessee and Gossamer Holdings, LLC, as Lesser (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to AVINTIV Specialty Materials Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 9, 2013).

 2006 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to Berry Plastics Corporation's Registration Statement Form S-4 10.13
- IB-C filed on May 9, 2013).
 2006 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to Berry Plastics Corporation's Registration Statement Form S-4 filed on November 2, 2006).
 Amendment No. 2 to the Berry Plastics Group, Inc., 2006 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on December 11, 2013).
 Amendment No. 3 to Berry Plastics Group, Inc. 2006 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 10, 2015).
 Form of 2016 Onnibus Amendment to Awards Grameted Under the Berry Plastics Group, Inc. 2006 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 22, 2016).
 Onnibus amendment to awards granted under the Berry Plastics Group, Inc., 2006 Long-Frem Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.0 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on December 11, 2013).
 Form of Parcelmance-Based Stock Coption Agreement of Berry Plastics Group, Inc., (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.0 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on December 11, 2013).
 Form of Accreting Stock Option Agreement of Berry Plastics Group, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to Berry Plastics Corporation's Registration Statement Form S-4 filed on November 2, 2006).
 Plastics Corporation Statement Form S-4 filed on November 2, 2006.
 Plastics Group Inc. Registration Statement Form S-1 filed on November 2, 2006).
 Employment Agreement of Thomas E, Salmon (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Berry Plastics Group, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Berry Plastics Group, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Berry Plastics Group, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on Potention Professor Sequention Sequention Sequention Sequention Sequention Sequention Sequention Sequention Sequention Sequ 10.14†
- 10.15
- 10.16+
- 10.17†
- 10.18†
- 10.19†
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- 10.21 †
- 10.22†
- 10.23 †
- 10.25 †

- 10,27 †

10.26†

- 10.28†
- <u>10.29</u>†
- 10.30 †
- 10.31 †
- 10.32 †
- 10,33 †
- 10.34 †
- 10.35†
- 10.36 t
- <u>10.37</u>†
- 10.38†
- 10.39 †
- Amendment No. 1 to the Berry Plassics Group, Inc., 2012 Long-Term Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.31 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on December 11, 2013).

 Omnibus amendment to awards granted under the Berry Plassics Group, Inc., 2012 Long-Term Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.32 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on December 11, 2013).

 Amendment No. 2 to the Berry Plassics Group, Inc. 2012 Long-Term Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 10, 2015).

 Porm of 2016 Commbas Amendment to Awards Granted Under the Berry Plassics Group, Inc. 2012 Long-Term Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 10, 2015).

 Porm of 2016 Great (Inc.) 10.40 †

- Form of Amendment to Employment Agreement, up annowment of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 22, 2016).

 3016. Senior Executive Employment Contract dated as of September 30, 2015 by and between PGI Specialty Materials Inc. and Jean Marc Galves, together with the International Assignment Letter dated December 18, 2016 from Berry Global, Inc. (I/M.2 Berry Plastics Corporation) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Aumerior Report on Form 10-Q filed on Pebrasary 7, 2018). Employment Agreement, dated December 16, 2010, between Berry Plastics Corporation and Jason Greene, together with amendments dated December 3, 2021 and July 20, 2016 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Ammal Report on Form 10-K filed on November 23, 2020).

 10. The Company School of the Company Company School of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on Services 25, 2021).

 11. Form of Employee Non-Qualified Stock Option Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 30, 2020).

 12. Form of Employee Performance-Based Stock Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 30, 2020).

 13. Form of Director Non-Qualified Stock Option Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 30, 2020). 10,42†
- 10.43 †
- <u>10.44</u>†
- 10.45 f

21.1*	Subsidiaries of the Registran

Subsidiaries of the Registrant.
List of Subsidiary Coarrantors.
Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.
Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.
Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(c) Certification of the Chief Executive Officer.
Rection 1350 Certification of the Chief Inancial Officer.
Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer.
Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer.
Inline XBR.I. Instance Document (the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document).
Inline XBR.I. Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
Inline XBR.I. Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
Inline XBR.I. Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
Inline XBR.I. Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
Inline XBR.I. Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
Inline XBR.I. Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
Inline XBR.I. Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBR.I. and contained in Exhibit 101.) 21.1 *
22.1 *
23.1 *
31.1 *
31.2 *
32.1 *
32.2 *

101.SCH 101.CAL 101.DEF 101.LAB 101.PRE 104

Filed or furnished herewith, as applicable.
 Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on the 18th day of November, 2022.

By /s/ Thomas E. Salmon Thomas E. Salmon Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Thomas E. Salmon Thomas E. Salmon	Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	November 18, 2022
/s/ Mark W. Miles Mark W. Miles	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	November 18, 2022
/s/ James M. Till James M. Till	Executive Vice President and Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)	November 18, 2022
/s/ B. Evan Bayh B. Evan Bayh	Director	November 18, 2022
/s/ Jonathan F. Foster	Director	November 18, 2022
/s/ Idalene F. Kesner Idalene F. Kesner	Director	November 18, 2022
/s/ Jill A. Rahman	Director	November 18, 2022
/s/ Carl J. Rickertsen	Director	November 18, 2022
/s/ Paula Sneed Paula Sneed	Director	November 18, 2022
/s/ Robert A. Steele	Director	November 18, 2022
/s/ Stephen E. Sterrett Stephen E. Sterrett	Director	November 18, 2022
/s/ Scott B. Ullem Scott B. Ullem	Director	November 18, 2022

Exhibit 21.1

BERRY GLOBAL GROUP, INC. LIST OF SUBSIDIARIES

J.59422 Canada Inc.
Acc Classic Medical Components (Shanghai) Company Limited Acc Component Holdings Limited Acc Industrial Technologies Limited Acc Medical Components Co Limited Acc Medical Changhai) Company Limited Acc Medical Changhai) Company Limited Acc Medical Changhai) Company Limited Acc Medical Changhai Limited Acc Medical Changhai Limited Acc Medical Changhai Limited Acc Medical Changhai Limited Acc Plastics (Zhuhai) Company Limited Acc Plastics (Zhuhai) Company Limited Acc Plastics Changhai Limited Astrapak Manufacuring Holdings Proprietary Limited Atripak Property Holdings Proprietary Limited Berry Acchesitally Materials, Inc.
Barplas Limited Berry Acchesitally Materials, Inc.
Barplas Limited Berry Acchesitally Materials, Inc.
Barplas Limited Berry Acchesitation Company do Brasil Lida.
Berry Dombahl Grabl Berry Brambage Kolding A/S
Berry Bruupe Crabl Holding Limited Berry Holding Changhai) Co., Ltd.
Berry Global France Holdings SAS
Berry Prim Products Company, Inc.
Berry Film Products Company, Inc.
Berry Global Films, LLC
Berry Global Films, LLC
Berry Global Films, LLC
Berry Holding Company do Brasil Lida.
Berry Plastics Acquisition Comporation VIV. LLC
Berry Plastics Acquisition Comporation VIV. LLC
Berry Plastics Acquisition Comporation VIV. LLC
Berry Plastics Growal Inc.
Berry Plastics Growal Inc.
Berry Plastics Growal Inc.
Ber

Berry Plastics SP, Inc.
Berry Specially Tapes, LLC
Berry Superfos Deland o o
Berry Superfos Deland o o
Berry Superfos Delando o SAS
Berry Superfos Bounvallier SAS
Berry Superfos Bounvallier SAS
Berry Superfos Bounvallier SAS
Berry Superfos Bounvallier SAS
Berry Superfos Lido Berry SAS
Berry Superfos Defenbach CmbH
Berry Superfos Defenbach CmbH
Berry Superfos Defenbach CmbH
Berry Superfos Service SP, Sas Service SP

Maynard & Harris Plastics Pension Trustee Limited Millham, LLC Moore and Company (Nottingham) Limited Milltoom SRL Nanhai Nanxin Non Woven Co. Ltd Nordrolien GmbH Nordrolien GmbH Nordrolien GmbH Nordrolien GmbH Nordrolien GmbH Nordrolien GmbH Obbits Exame State St

RPC Bramlage DHS BV

RPC Bramlage Dinklage GmbH & Co KG

RPC Bramlage Division GmbH & Co KG

RPC Bramlage Food CmbH
RPC Bramlage GmbH
RPC Bramlage GmbH
RPC Bramlage GmbH
RPC Bramlage GmbH
RPC Bramlage Welky Meder s.r.o.
RPC Bramlage Werkzewaya Sp.r.o.o.
RPC Bramlages Workzewaya GmbH & Co KG
RPC Constainers Femsion Trustees Limited
RPC Combaileges Monipont SAS
RPC Emballages Monipont SAS
RPC Emballages ASA
RPC Finance Limited
RPC Formatice GmbH
RPC Formatice GmbH
RPC Formatice GmbH
RPC Group Management Limited
RPC Group Management Limited
RPC Leopard Holdings, Inc.
RPC Packaging Bvall Indistria e Comércio de Embalagens Lida
RPC Packaging Bvall Indistria e Comércio de Embalagens Lida
RPC Packaging Bvall Indistria e Comércio de Embalagens Lida
RPC Packaging Holdings (Deutschland) Bv & Co KG
RPC Packaging Holdings (Forwaya) AS
RPC Packaging Holdings (Worwaya) AS
RPC Packaging Holdings (Worwaya) AS
RPC Packaging Holdings Bv
RPC Promens Group AS
RPC Promens Group AS
RPC Promens Industrial Callsheim GmbH
RPC Promens Industrial Jagenberg B.V
RPC Packaging Holdings Bv
RPC Promens Industrial Jagenberg B.V
RPC Powersolumges Rutembriz GmbH
RPC Promens Industrial Signature
RPC Tedeco-Gizah (US) Limited
RPC Tedeco-Gizah (US) Limited
RPC Pisces Holdings Limited
RPC Recombrish Limited
SC Romitims SRL
SCI Verrusques
SCI & Robertson Limited
SCR Omfilms SRL
SCI Verrusques
SCI & Robertson Limited
SCR Omfilms SRL
SCI Verrusques Limited
SCR Omfilms SRL
SC

Zeller Plastik Mexico SA de CV Zeller Plastik Philippines Inc Zeller Plastik Poland Sp. z o.o. Zeller Plastik Shanghai Limited

Guaranteed Securities EXHIBIT 22.1

The following securities (collectively, the "Berry Global Senior Secured Notes") issued by Berry Global, Inc., a Delaware corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of Berry Global Group, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), were outstanding as of October 1, 2022.

	Description of Notes	
0.95% First Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2024		
1.00% First Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2025		
4.875% First Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2026		
1.57% First Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2026		
1.50% First Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2027		
1.65% First Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2027		
4.500% Second Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2026		_
5.625% Second Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2027		-

Obligors

As of October 1, 2022, the obligors under the Berry Global Senior Secured Notes consisted of the Company, as a guarantor, and its subsidiaries listed in the following table:

Name	Jurisdiction	Obligor Type
AeroCon, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
AVINTIV Acquisition Corporation	Delaware	Guarantor
AVINTIV Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
AVINTIV Specialty Materials Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
Berry Film Products Acquisition Company, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
Berry Film Products Company, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
Berry Global Films, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Berry Global, Inc.	Delaware	Issuer
Berry Plastics Acquisition Corporation V	Delaware	Guarantor
Berry Plastics Acquisition LLC X	Delaware	Guarantor
Berry Plastics Design, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Berry Plastics Filmco, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
Berry Plastics IK, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Berry Plastics Opco, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
Berry Plastics SP, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
Berry Plastics Technical Services, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
Berry Specialty Tapes, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
BPRex Closure Systems, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
BPRex Closures Kentucky Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
BPRex Closures, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
BPRex Delta Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
BPRex Healthcare Brookville Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
BPRex Healthcare Packaging, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
BPRex Plastic Packaging, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
BPRex Product Design and Engineering Inc.	Minnesota	Guarantor
BPRex Specialty Products Puerto Rico Inc.	New Jersey	Guarantor
Caplas LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Caplas Neptune, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Captive Plastics, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Cardinal Packaging, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
Chicopee, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
Chocksett Road Limited Partnership	Massachusetts	Guarantor
Chocksett Road Realty Trust	Massachusetts	Guarantor
Covalence Specialty Adhesives LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Covalence Specialty Coatings LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
CP1 Holding Corporation	Delaware	Guarantor
Dominion Textile (USA), L.L.C.	Delaware	Guarantor
Dumpling Rock, LLC	Massachusetts	Guarantor
Estero Porch, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Fabrene, L.L.C.	Delaware	Guarantor
iberweb GEOS, Inc.	Virginia	Guarantor
iberweb. LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Global Closure Systems America 1, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
Grafco Industries Limited Partnership	Maryland	Guarantor
Kerr Group, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Knight Plastics, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor

Laddawn, Inc.	Massachusetts	Guarantor
Lamb's Grove, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Letica Corporation	Michigan	Guarantor
Letica Resources, Inc.	Michigan	Guarantor
M&H Plastics, Inc.	Virginia	Guarantor
Millham, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Old Hickory Steamworks, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Packerware, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
PGI Europe, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
PGI Polymer, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
Pliant International, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Pliant, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Poly-Seal, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Providencia USA, Inc.	North Carolina	Guarantor
Rollpak Corporation	Delaware	Guarantor
RPC Bramlage, Inc.	Pennsylvania	Guarantor
RPC Leopard Holdings, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
RPC Packaging Holdings (US), Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
RPC Superfos US, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
RPC Zeller Plastik Libertyville, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
Saffron Acquisition, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Setco, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Sugden, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Sun Coast Industries, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Uniplast Holdings, LLC	Delaware	Guarantor
Uniplast U.S., Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
Venture Packaging Midwest, Inc.	Delaware	Guarantor
Venture Packaging Inc	Delaware	Guarantor

Pledged Security Collateral

As of October 1, 2022, the obligations under the Berry Global Senior Secured Notes were secured by pledges of the capital stock of the following affiliates of the Company:

			1	Percentage of	Percentage
				Outstanding Shares/	of Owned
				Membership/	Interests
Name	Country	State	Owned by	Partnership Interests	Pledged
AEP Canada Inc.	Canada		Berry Global Films, LLC	100.00%	65%
AeroCon, LLC	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
	 		Pliant, LLC and Pliant Corporation		
			International		
Aspen Industrial S.A. de C.V.	Mexico		(1 share)	100.00%	65%
AVINTIV Inc.	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
AVINTIV Acquisition Corporation	USA	DE	AVINTIV Inc.	100.00%	100%
AVINTIV Specialty Materials, Inc.	USA	DE	AVINTTV Acquisition Corporation	100.00%	100%
Berry Film Products Acquisition Company, Inc.		$\overline{}$	Berry Film Products Company,		
(f/k/a Clopay Plastic Products Acquisition			Inc. (f/k/a Clopay Plastic Products	l i	
Company, Inc.)	USA	DE	Company, Inc.)	100.00%	100%
Berry Film Products Company, Inc. (f/k/a Clopay			Berry Global, Inc.		
Plastic Products Company, Inc.)	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Berry Global Films, LLC (f/k/a Berry Plastics			Berry Global, Inc.		
Acquisition Corporation XV, LLC)	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Berry Global International Financing Limited	UK		AVINTIV Inc.	100.00%	65%
Berry Global, Inc. (f/k/a Berry Plastics Corporation		DE	Berry Plastics Group, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Berry Plastics Acquisition Corporation V	USA	DE	Berry Głobal, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Berry Plastics Acquisition Corporation XIV, LLC	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Berry Plastics Acquisition LLC X	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Berry Plastics Canada, Inc.	Canada		Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	65%
			Berry Plastics Acquisition		
Berry Plastics de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico	l	Corporation V	100.00%	65%
Berry Plastics Design, LLC	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Berry Plastics Escrow, LLC	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Berry Plastics Filmco, Inc.	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Berry Plastics IK, LLC	USA		Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Berry Plastics International B.V.	Netherlands		Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	65%
Berry Plastics Opco, Inc.	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Berry Plastics SP, Inc.	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Berry Plastics Technical Services, Inc.	USA	DE	Venture Packaging, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Berry Specialty Tapes, LLC (I/k/a Berry Plastics		-		100.00%	10070
Acquisition Corporation XI)	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Berry UK Holdings Limited	UK		AVINTIV Inc.	100.00%	65%
BPRex Closure Systems, LLC	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
BPRex Closures Kentucky Inc.	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
BPRex Closures, LLC	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Di Nex Closures, Ede	03/1	-	Berry Global, Inc. and Berry	100.0070	10070
			Plastics Acquisition LLC X (1		
BPRex de Mexico S.A. de R.L. de CV	Mexico	1	share)	100.00%	65%
BPRex Delta Inc.	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
BPRex Healthcare Brookville Inc.	USA		BPRex Plastic Packaging, Inc.	100.00%	100%
BPRex Healthcare Packaging, Inc.	USA		BPRex Plastic Packaging, Inc.	100.00%	100%
BPRex Plastic Packaging de Mexico S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	1	Berry Global, Inc.	50.00%	65%1
BPRex Plastic Packaging de Mexico S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	-	BPRex Healthcare Packaging, Inc.	50.00%	00.0
BPRex Plastic Packaging de Mexico 3.A. de C. v.	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
BPRex Product Design & Engineering Inc.	USA		BPRex Healthcare Brookville, Inc.	100.00%	100%
BPRex Specialty Products Puerto Rico Inc.	USA	NJ	BPRex Plastic Packaging, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Caplas LLC	USA	DE	Captive Plastics LLC	100.00%	100%
Caplas Neptune, LLC	USA	DE	Captive Plastics LLC	100.00%	100%
Captive Plastics, LLC	USA	DE	Berry Plastics SP, Inc.	100.00%	100%
	USA	DE		100.00%	100%
Cardinal Packaging, Inc.		DE	CPI Holding Corporation	100.00%	
Chicopee Asia, Limited	Hong Kong	\vdash	Chicopee, Inc.		65%
Chicopee Holdings B.V.	Netherlands		PGI Europe, Inc.	100.00%	65%
Chicopee, Inc.	USA	DE	PGI Polymer, Inc.	100.00%	100%
L		١	h	98% Limited Partnership Interests	
Chocksett Road Limited Partnership	USA	МА	Berry Global, Inc.	2% General Partnership Interests	100%
			Chocksett Road Limited	1 1	
Charles Bard Bards Trans	TICA	140		C-1- D	1000/
Chocksett Road Realty Trust Berry Holding Company do Brasil Ltda.	USA Brazil	MA	Partnership Berry Film Products Company,	Sole Beneficiary 99.99%	100% 65% ²

•				1	
	+	_	Company, Inc.)		
Berry Holding Company do Brasil Ltda.	Brazil		Berry Global, Inc.	0.01%	
Covalence Specialty Adhesives LLC	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Covalence Specialty Coatings LLC	USA		Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
CPI Holding Corporation	USA		Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
CSM Mexico SPV LLC	USA		Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Dominion Textile (USA), L.L.C.	USA	DE		100.00%	100%
DT Acquisition Inc.	Canada	_	AVINTIV Specialty Materials, Inc.	100.00%	65%
Dumpling Rock, LLC	USA		Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Estero Porch, LLC	USA		Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Fabrene, L.L.C.	USA	DE	PGI Europe, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Fiberweb Geos, Inc.	USA	VA	PGI Europe, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Fiberweb, LLC f/k/a Fiberweb, Inc.	USA	DΕ	PGI Europe, Inc.	100.00%	100%
			RPC Packaging Holdings (US),		
Global Closure Systems America 1, Inc.	USA	DE	Inc.	100.00%	100%
Grafco Industries Limited Partnership	USA	MD	Caplas LLC	99.00%	100%
Grafco Industries Limited Partnership	USA	MD	Caplas Neptune, LLC	1.00%	100%
			Berry Plastics Acquisition		
Grupo de Servicios Berpla, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico	┝	Corporation V	65.00%	65%
Cours de Semileiro Bamile S de D.I. de C.V.	Mexico		Berry Plastics Acquisition	25 0001	0504
Grupo de Servicios Berpla, S. de R.L. de C.V. Kerr Group, LLC	USA	- Dr	Corporation XIV	35.00%	65%
Knight Plastics, LLC	USA		Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
			Berry Plastics SP, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Laddawn, Inc.	USA		Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Lamb's Grove, LLC			Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Letica Corporation	USA		RPC Leopard Holdings, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Letica Resources, Inc.	USA		RPC Leopard Holdings, Inc.	100.00%	100%
M&H Plastics, Inc.	USA	VA	AVINTIV Inc.	100.00%	100%
Millham, LLC	USA			100.00%	100%
Old Hickory Steamworks, LLC	USA		Fiberweb, LLC	100.00%	100%
Packerware, LLC	USA	DE	Berry Plastics SP, Inc.	100.00%	100%
PGI Acquisition Limited	UK		PGI Europe, Inc.	100.00%	65%
PGI Europe, Inc.	USA	DE	Chicopee, Inc.	100.00%	100%
PGI Nonwovens (Mauritius)	Mauritius		PGI Polymer, Inc.	100.00%	65%
PGI Polymer, Inc.	USA	DE	Avintiv Specialty Materials, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Pliant de Mexico S.A. de C.V.	Mexico		Pliant, LLC	36.03%	65%
Pliant International, LLC	USA		Pliant, LLC	100.00%	100%
Pliant, LLC	USA		Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Poly-Seal, LLC	USA		Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Providencia USA, Inc.	USA		Chicopee, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Rollpak Corporation	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
L.,		۱	RPC Packaging Holdings (US),		
RPC Bramlage, Inc.	USA	PA	Inc.	100.00%	100%
RPC Leopard Holdings, Inc.	USA	DÉ	RPC Packaging Holdings (US), Inc.	100.00%	
RPC Packaging Holdings (US), Inc.	USA	DE	AVINTIV Inc.		100%
KPC Packaging Holdings (O3), Inc.	USA	UE		100.00%	100%
RPC Superfos US, Inc.	USA	DE	RPC Packaging Holdings (US), Inc.	100.00%	100%
			Global Closure Systems America	100.0070	10070
RPC Zeller Plastik Libertyville, Inc.	USA	DE	1, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Saffron Acquisition, LLC	USA	DE	Kerr Group, LLC	100.00%	100%
Setco, LLC	USA	DE	Kerr Group, LLC	100.00%	100%
Sugden, LLC	USA	DE	Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Sun Coast Industries, LLC	USA	DE	Saffron Acquisition, LLC	100.00%	100%
Uniplast Holdings, LLC	USA	DE	Pliant, LLC	100.00%	100%
Uniplast U.S., Inc.	USA	DE	Uniplast Holdings, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Venture Packaging Midwest, Inc.	USA	DE	Venture Packaging, Inc.	100.00%	100%
Venture Packaging, Inc.	USA		Berry Global, Inc.	100.00%	100%
	1		, _100ui, inc.	200.0070	L 40070

^{1 65%} of the aggregate stock of BPRex Plastic Packaging de Mexico S.A. de C.V. is pledged. 2 65% of the aggregate stock of Berry Holding Company do Brasil Ltda. is pledged.

Exhibit 23.1

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the following Registration Statements:

- (1) Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-184522) pertaining to the Berry Plastics Group, Inc. 2006 Equity Incentive Plan and the Berry Plastics Group, Inc. 2012 Long-Term Incentive Plan,
- (2) Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-203173) pertaining to the Berry Plastics Group, Inc. 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plan,
- (3) Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-224252) pertaining to the Berry Global Group, Inc. 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plan (III/a Berry Plastics Group, Inc. 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plan),
- (4) Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-255783) pertaining to the Amended and Restated Berry Global Group, Inc. 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plan (Isl/a Berry Plastics Group, Inc. 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plan), and
- (5) Registration Statement (Form S-4 No. 333-259272) pertaining to the Berry Global Group, Inc. S-4 Registration Statement;

of our reports dated November 18, 2022, with respect to the consolidated financial statements of Berry Global Group, Inc. and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting of Berry Global Group, Inc. for the year ended October 1, 2022.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Indianapolis, Indiana November 18, 2022

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER CERTIFICATION

I, Thomas E. Salmon, Chief Executive Officer of Berry Global Group, Inc., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Berry Global Group, Inc. (the "Registrant");

- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted excenting principles.
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 18, 2022

By: /s/ Thomas E. Salmon Thomas E. Salmon Chief Executive Officer

EXHIBIT 31.1

EXHIBIT 31.2

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER CERTIFICATION

I, Mark W. Miles, Chief Financial Officer of Berry Global Group, Inc., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Berry Global Group, Inc. (the "Registrant");
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which his annual report is being prepared.
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 18, 2022

By: /s/ Mark W. Miles
Mark W. Miles
Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT 32.1

CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the annual report of Berry Global Group, Inc. (the "Registrant") on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 1, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I. Thomas E. Salmon, Chief Executive Officer of the Registrant, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 306 of the Sarbane-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

/s/ Thomas E. Salmon Thomas E. Salmon Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 18, 2022

EXHIBIT 32.2

CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the annual report of Berry Global Group, Inc. (the "Registrant") on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 1, 2022, as filled with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Mark W. Miles, the Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of the Registrant, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

/s/ Mark W. Miles Mark W. Miles Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 18, 2022

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