# Company Registration No. 05718481

Gresham Receivables (No. 11) UK Limited

**Annual Report and Financial Statements** 

For the year ended 31 December 2013

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# **Annual Report and financial statements 2013**

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# **Annual Report and financial statements 2013**

# Officers and professional advisers

#### **Directors**

Mark Filer Daniel Russell Fisher Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited

#### Secretary

Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited

#### **Bankers**

The Bank of New York Mellon One Canada Square London E14 5AL

#### **Registered Office**

C/O Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited Third Floor 1 King's Arms Yard London EC2R 7AF

#### Auditor

Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants London

# Strategic report

#### Principal activities and review of the business

Gresham Receivables (No. 11) UK Limited ("the Company"), a limited liability company, was formed on 22 February 2006. The Company is a special purpose vehicle sponsored by Lloyds Bank plc (formerly Lloyds TSB Bank plc) which purchases investments backed by eligible receivables. These are funded through borrowings from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited. The borrowings are collateralised by the purchased assets.

Shortly after formation, the Company entered into several agreements including an Administration Agreement and a Commissioning Agreement. Pursuant to the original agreements and subsequent amendments, the Company engaged Lloyds Bank plc to provide administration, structuring, documenting, monitoring and surveillance services. Lloyds Bank plc is compensated as Administration Agent. Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited provides corporate administration services to the Company pursuant to a corporate services agreement, for which it receives compensation.

In March 2012, the rating of the Cancara Programme (the "Programme") was reaffirmed as A-1sf by Standard & Poor's. In June 2012, the Programme's rating was reaffirmed as P-1sf by Moody's. In March 2013 and February 2014, the Programme's rating was reaffirmed as F1sf by Fitch Ratings.

Since August 2007, volatility in the credit markets has created periods when the liquidity environment in the money markets has been challenging. Despite this the Company has continued to obtain funding from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited, which itself has continued to fund through the issue of Commercial Paper.

#### Results and key performance indicators

The profit for the year was \$1,653 (2012: \$1,617). The directors propose the payment of a final dividend of \$1,653 (2012: \$1,617).

The key performance indicator for the Company is the performance of the investments held. The investments continue to perform satisfactorily and there was \$nil impairment on the Company's investments at year-end (2012: \$nil).

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The Company's principal exposures to risk arise from its financial instruments held. The Company's financial instruments comprise principally amounts due from investments. Cash, accrued interest income, accrued interest payable and other items arise directly from the Company's operations. Further detail on financial instruments and their associated risks has been included in Note 16.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

Mignon Clarke

for Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited

Company Secretary

27 Jul 2014

### Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

#### Principal activities

Gresham Receivables (No. 11) UK Limited ("the Company"), a limited liability company, was formed on 22 February 2006. The Company is a special purpose vehicle sponsored by Lloyds Bank plc which purchases investments backed by eligible receivables. These are funded through borrowings from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited. The borrowings are collateralised by the purchased assets.

#### **Future prospects**

The Administrative Agent has actively continued to identify new customer transactions which could be funded through the programme.

#### Results, dividends and transfers to reserves

The profit for the year was \$1,653 (2012: \$1,617). The directors propose the payment of a final dividend of \$1,653 (2012: \$1,617).

#### Directors and their interests

The following directors held office throughout the year and subsequently:

Mark Filer
Daniel Russell Fisher
Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited

# Directors' report

#### Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act

The Company has elected to dispense with the obligation to appoint an auditor annually and, accordingly, Deloitte LLP will be the auditor of the Company for the forthcoming financial year under the provisions of section 386(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

Mignon Clark∉

(Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited

Company Secretary

27 JUNE

# Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# Independent auditor's report to the members of Gresham Receivables (No. 11) UK Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Gresham Receivables (No. 11) UK Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds, the cash flow statement, and the related notes 1 to 19. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Simon Stephens FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor London, United Kingdom

27 JUNF

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# Profit and loss account Year ended 31 December 2013

	Notes	<b>2013</b> \$	2012 \$
Turnover			
Interest receivable	1	829,698	1,068,492
Other income	1	2,715,551	2,984,934
		3,545,249	4,053,426
Operating costs			
Interest expense		(933,271)	(1,109,259)
Administration expenses		(2,609,885)	(2,941,923)
Operating profit	4	2,093	2,244
Other interest receivable and similar income	5	-	3
Foreign exchange loss		(1)	(200)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		2,092	2,047
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	15	(439)	(430)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation and profit for		<del>, ,</del>	
the financial year	14	1,653	1,617

All of the amounts above are in respect of continuing operations. There are no recognised gains or losses for the current year or prior year other than as stated above, therefore a statement of recognised gains and losses has not been presented.

The accompanying notes on pages 11 to 18 form an integral part of this profit and loss account.

# Balance sheet As at 31 December 2013

	Notes	2013 \$	2012 \$
Fixed assets			
Investments	6	492,272,727	602,666,667
Current assets			
Debtors	7	210,659	224,607
Cash at bank and in hand		404,344	373,742
		615,003	598,349
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
Borrowings	8	(492,832,888)	(603,081,997)
Other creditors	9	(53,187)	(181,400)
		(492,886,075)	(603,263,397)
Net current liabilities		(492,271,072)	(602,665,048)
Total assets less current liabilities		1,655	1,619
Net assets		1,655	1,619
itel assets			=======================================
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	13	2	2
Profit and loss account	14	1,653	1,617
Shareholders' funds: equity interests		1,655	1,619

These financial statements of Gresham Receivables (No. 11) UK Limited, registration number 05718481, were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 June 2014.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mignon Clarke
Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited
Director

The accompanying notes on pages 11 to 18 form an integral part of this balance sheet.

# Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds Year ended 31 December 2013

	2013 \$	2012 \$
As at 1 January	1,619	1,547
Profit for the year	1,653	1,617
Dividends	(1,617)	(1,545)
As at 31 December	1,655	1,619

# Cash flow statement Year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 \$	2012 \$
Net cash outflow from operating activities	10	(112,182)	(103,875)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	11	-	3
Capital expenditure and financial investment	11	110,393,940	(410,202,887)
Dividends paid		(1,617)	(1,545)
Taxation paid		(430)	(430)
Cash inflow/(outflow) before financing		110,279,711	(410,308,734)
Financing (Decrease)/increase in short-term borrowing	11	(110,249,109)	410,094,296
(2 00.0000)/			
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year	·	30,602	(214,438)
Net cash at the start of the year		373,742	588,180
Net cash at the end of the year		404,344	373,742

The accompanying notes on pages 11 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2013

#### 1. Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, in accordance with the applicable law and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom.

Specific accounting policies adopted by the Company are set out below, and they have been consistently adopted in the current and prior year.

The financial statements are presented in US Dollars being the Company's functional currency.

#### Going concern basis

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Company is funded through short-term loans from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited, which is in turn funded by the commercial paper market. The Company also has the benefit of committed limited recourse liquidity facilities with Lloyds Bank plc and Bank of Scotland plc which can be drawn down in the event that Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited is unable to issue commercial paper and therefore provide funding for the Company.

In the event that Lloyds Bank plc or Bank of Scotland plc were not to renew their commitments whilst a transaction is outstanding, the available facility amount could be drawn in full by the Company to ensure it remains in a position to meet its obligations under the transaction. Under the terms of the liquidity facility agreements, the Company is only obliged to repay the drawn down amount from the facility to Lloyds Bank plc or Bank of Scotland plc to the extent that it has funds available for such purpose.

As a result, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

#### Presentation of profit and loss account

Due to the fact that the nature of the business is to purchase eligible receivables, the directors are of the opinion that it is more appropriate to classify interest receivable within turnover in presenting the profit and loss account.

#### Interest receivable

Interest receivable is comprised of finance charges on the eligible receivables purchased by the Company, discount amortisation on eligible receivables and fees due from originators. Interest receivable is accounted for on an accruals basis.

#### Interest payable

Interest payable relates to interest payable on short-term borrowings received from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited. Interest payable is accounted for on an accruals basis.

#### Other income

Interest receivable is comprised of fees due from the borrowers. Other income is accounted for on an accruals basis.

#### Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively been enacted by the balance sheet date.

## Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2013

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not realised at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

#### Foreign currency translation

The functional currency of the Company is the US dollar. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into US dollars at the exchange rates ruling on the dates of the transactions. Monetary and hedged assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at that date or contracted rates where appropriate and movements are taken to the profit and loss account. Non-monetary items are held at historical cost translated into US Dollars at the exchange rates ruling on the dates of the transactions.

#### Investments

Eligible receivables purchased by the Company are recorded in the balance sheet at cost, less provision for any impairment.

#### **Short-term borrowings**

Debt is initially stated at the amount of proceeds. The carrying amount is increased by the finance cost in respect of the accounting period and reduced by payments made in the period.

#### 2. Directors' emoluments

None of the directors had any material interest in any contract of significance in relation to the business of the Company and none of the directors received any direct emoluments for their services in the current or prior year (see Note 18 for details of the corporate administration services fees charged).

#### 3. Employees

During the current and prior year the Company had no employees. The Company has outsourced the purchase, administration and disposal of receivables and the operations connected with the funding of those interests to a third party, on an arm's length basis.

#### 4. Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Amounts paid to auditor:		
- audit of the Company's accounts	8,751	11,521
	<del></del>	

2012

2012

# Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2013

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5.	Other	interest	receivable	and	similar	income

		2013	2012
		\$	\$
	Bank interest receivable	-	3
			•
6.	Investments		
		2013	2012
		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$
	Cost and net book value		
	Investments in eligible receivables	492,272,727	602,666,667

The investments purchased by the Company have been pledged as security for the Company's borrowings from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited.

#### 7. Debtors

		2013 \$	2012 \$
	Interest receivable	47,025	67,971
	Other debtors	163,634	156,636
		210,659	224,607
8.	Borrowings		
		2013 \$	2012 \$
	Short-term borrowings	492,832,888	603,081,997

Short-term borrowings consisted of advances from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited which funds itself by commercial paper issued in the US and Euro markets. Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited has limited recourse to the assets which the Company has purchased.

#### 9. Other creditors

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Accrued expenses	32,358	162,443
Other creditors	20,829	18,957
	53,187	181,400

# Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2013

### 10. Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash outflow from operating activities

		<b>2013</b> \$	2012 \$
	Operating profit	2,093	2,244
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors	13,948	(84,641)
	Decrease in creditors	(128,222)	
	Foreign exchange loss	(1)	(200)
	Net cash outflow from operating activities	(112,182)	(103,875)
11.	Analysis of cash flows		
		2013	2012
		\$	\$
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received	<u> </u>	3
	Net cash inflow	_	3
	Capital expenditure		
	Redemption/(purchase) of investments	110,393,940	(410,202,887)
	Net cash inflow/(outflow)	110,393,940	(410,202,887)
	Financing		
	(Decrease)/increase in short-term borrowing	(110,249,109)	410,094,296
	Net cash (outflow)/inflow	(110,249,109)	410,094,296

### 12. Analysis of change in net debt and reconciliation of net cash flow to movements in net debt

	31 December 2012 \$	Cash flow	31 December 2013 \$
Cash in hand and at bank Debt due within one year	373,742 (603,081,997)	30,602 110,249,109	404,344 (492,832,888)
Net debt	(602,708,255)	110,279,711	(492,428,544)

# Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2013

<b>13.</b>	Called	up share	capital

13.	Called up share capital		
		2013	2012
		\$	\$
	Authorised	,	
	1 ordinary share of £1	2	2
	Allotted, called-up and fully paid		
	1 ordinary share of £1	2	2
14.	Profit and loss account		
		2013	2012
		\$	\$
	As at 1 January	1,617	1,545
	Dividends	(1,617)	(1,545)
	Profit for the financial year	1,653	1,617
	As at 31 December	1,653	1,617
15.	Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
	The tax charge comprises:		
		2013	2012
		\$	\$
	Current tax		
	UK corporation tax	439	430
	The differences between the total current tax shown above and the amount calculrate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax are as follows:	ated by applying t	he standard
		2013	2012
		\$	\$
	Profit before tax	2,092	2,047
	Tax at the UK corporation tax rate of 21%	439	430
	Tax losses utilised	-	-
	Comment to a change for once and add 21 December 2012	420	420
	Current tax charge for year ended 31 December 2013	439	430

# Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2013

#### 16. Financial instruments

Cash, accrued interest income, accrued interest payable and other items arise directly from the Company's operations.

It is, and has been throughout the current period, the Company's policy that no trading in derivative financial instruments shall be undertaken.

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, interest rate risk, currency risk and liquidity risk. The board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of those risks and these are summarised below. These policies have remained unchanged since the Company commenced operations.

#### a) Credit risk

The credit risk faced by the Company is that the receivables acquired by the Company will default, thereby impairing the Company's ability to meet its obligations under short-term borrowings. The default risk is reduced through a combination of over-collateralisation measures and the imposition of transaction triggers.

#### b) Interest rate risk

The Company finances its operations through the borrowings from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited which, in turn, funds itself by the issue of commercial paper. At the year end, all of the Company's borrowings and assets were at floating rates. The financial instruments earn interest based on the commercial paper funding cost, Libor or Euribor.

#### c) Currency risk

The functional currency of the Company is the US Dollar. The Company provides asset securitisation financing to companies operating in Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries. These eligible receivables are denominated in the currencies of the customers involved.

The Company's policy is to minimise all currency exposures on transactions. This is achieved through matching assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the US Dollar in order to reduce the net exposure to movements in foreign exchange rates. As at 31 December 2013, after taking into account the effects of offsetting foreign exchange transactions and balances, the Company has no significant currency exposures.

#### d) Liquidity risk

Funding was obtained through advances from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited. Repayments on the advances to Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited were dependent on cash receipts from the assets. The Company also has a liquidity facility which can be drawn upon should there be any timing gaps on the availability of funding.

#### e) Maturity of financial assets and liabilities

The maturity profile of the Company's financial assets was as follows:

	2013 \$	2012 \$
In more than one year In one year or less, or on demand	492,272,727 615,003	602,666,667 598,349
	492,887,730	603,265,016

## Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2013

#### 16. Financial instruments (continued)

The maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities was as follows:

	2013 \$	2012 \$
In one year or less, or on demand, dependent on cash receipts from		
the assets	492,886,075	603,263,397

#### 17. Ultimate controlling party

The shares in the Company are held by Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited under a declaration of trust for charitable purposes. The Company regarded by the directors as the ultimate parent company is Lloyds Banking Group plc (formerly Lloyds TSB Group plc) which is the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings for which group accounts are drawn up and of which the Company is considered to be a member. Lloyds Bank plc is the parent undertaking of the smallest such group of undertakings. Copies of the group accounts of both may be obtained from the company secretary's office, Lloyds Banking Group plc, 25 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7HN.

#### 18. Related party transactions

Corporate administration services are provided to the Company by Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited. The directors' fees are included in the corporate administration services fee of \$18,773 (2012: \$19,001).

Also, Lloyds Bank plc acts in various capacities under a conduit programme including as the overdraft provider, the letter of credit issuer, a liquidity provider and a hedge counterparty. The Company had the following transactions with Lloyds Bank plc in 2013:

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Liquidity and administration expense	1,746,334	1,963,295

Also, Bank of Scotland plc acted as a liquidity provider to the Company during the financial year. The Company had the following transactions with Bank of Scotland plc in 2013:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Liquidity and administration expense	827,333	942,703

The Company had the following transactions outstanding with Lloyds Bank plc at the year-end 2013:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Accounts (receivable)/payable	(28,850)	119,943

# Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2013

#### 18. Related party transactions (continued)

The Company had the following transactions outstanding with Bank of Scotland plc at the year-end 2013:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Accounts payable	32,358	42,500

In addition, the Company had short-term borrowings from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited, which is a fellow member of the group headed by Lloyds Banking Group plc, and had the following interest expense on those borrowings in 2013:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Interest expense	933,271	1,109,259

The Company had the following transactions outstanding with Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited at the year-end 2013:

2013	2012
\$	\$
Borrowings 492,832,888	603,081,997

#### 19. Dividends

The proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2013 in the sum of \$1,653 (2012: \$1,617) is subject to shareholders' approval at the annual general meeting and has not been included as a liability in the financial statements in accordance with FRS 21.

The dividend paid during the year of \$1,617 (2012: \$1,545) relate to the dividends in respect of the 2012 financial year which was declared and paid in 2013.