Company Registration No. 05718481

Gresham Receivables (No. 11) UK Limited Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2007

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Report and financial statements 2007

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Report and financial statements 2007

Officers and professional advisers

Directors

Robin Baker (resigned 28 February 2008)
Jean Christophe Schroeder (appointed 28 February 2008)
Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited

Secretary

Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited

Bankers

The Bank of New York One Canada Square London E14 5AL

Registered Office

C/O Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited Fifth Floor 6 Broad Street Place London EC2M 7JH

Auditors

Deloitte & Touche LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors London

Directors' report

The directors have pleasure in presenting their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2007

Principal activities and review of the business

Gresham Receivables (No 11) UK Limited ("the Company"), a limited liability company, was formed on 22 February 2006. The Company is a special purpose vehicle sponsored by Lloyds TSB Bank plc which purchases investments backed by eligible receivables. These are funded through borrowings from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited. The borrowings are collateralised by the purchased assets.

Shortly after formation, the Company entered into several agreements including an Administration Agreement and a Commissioning Agreement Pursuant to the original agreements and subsequent amendments, the Company engaged Lloyds TSB Bank plc to provide administration, structuring, documenting, monitoring and surveillance services Lloyds TSB Bank plc are compensated as Administration Agent Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited provides corporate administration services to the Company pursuant to a corporate services agreement, for which it receives compensation

The Company's financial instruments comprise principally of amounts due from investments. Cash, accrued interest income, accrued interest payable and other items arise directly from the Company's operations. Further detail on financial instruments and their associated risks has been included in Note 16.

In 2007 the receivable transaction previously funded by the Company was fully repaid. The Company did not hold any assets at year-end 31 December 2007.

Future prospects

The Administration Agent has actively continued to identify new customers and new products in the asset backed securities market

During 2008 volatility in the credit markets has created a challenging liquidity environment in the money markets and the ABCP markets in particular. Despite this the Company has continued to obtain funding from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited, which itself has continued to fund through the issue of Commercial Paper.

Dividends and transfers to reserves

The profit for the period was \$2,006 (2006 \$1,959) The directors propose the payment of a final dividend of \$2,006 (2006 \$1,959)

Directors and their interests

The following directors held office throughout the period, except as noted

Robin Baker (resigned 28 February 2008)
Jean Christophe Schroeder (appointed 28 February 2008)
Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited

Directors' report

Auditors

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s234ZA of the Companies Act 1985

The Company has elected to dispense with the obligation to appoint auditors annually and, accordingly, Deloitte & Touche LLP will be the auditors of the Company for the forthcoming financial year under the provisions of section 386(2) of the Companies Act 1985

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited

Company Secretary 31 October 2008

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements. The directors have chosen to prepare accounts for the company in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP). Company law requires the directors to prepare such financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period and comply with UK GAAP and the Companies Act 1985. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- · state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company for safeguarding the assets, for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities and for the preparation of a directors' report which comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 1985

Independent auditors' report to the members of Gresham Receivables (No. 11) UK Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Gresham Receivables (No 11) UK Limited for the year ended 31 December 2007 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds, the cash flow statement, and the related notes 1 to 19 These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2007 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and

• the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

London, United Kingdom

31 October 2008

Profit and loss account Year ended 31 December 2007

	Notes	2007 \$	Period from 22 February 2006 to 31 December 2006 \$
Turnover			
Interest receivable	1	5,127,998	2,834,635
Other income		1,035,383	788,384
		6,163,381	3,623,019
Operating costs			
Interest expense		(4,972,135)	(2,798,564)
Administration expenses		(1,204,262)	(822,751)
Operating (loss)/profit	4	(13,016)	1,704
Other interest receivable and similar income	5	657	421
Foreign exchange gain/(loss)		15,266	(166)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		2,907	1,959
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	15	(901)	<u>-</u>
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation			
and profit for the financial year	14	2,006	1,959

All of the amounts above are in respect of continuing operations. There are no recognised gains or losses for the current year or prior period other than as stated above, therefore a statement of recognised gains and losses has not been presented.

The accompanying notes on pages 10 to 16 form an integral part of this profit and loss account

Balance sheet As at 31 December 2007

	Notes	2007 \$	2006 \$
Fixed assets			
Investments	6		125,092,512
Current assets			
Debtors	7	218,599	155,704
Cash at bank and in hand		60,974	19,315
		279,573	175,019
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
Borrowings	8	-	(125,180,919)
Other creditors	9	(275,606)	(84,651)
		(275,606)	(125,265,570)
Total assets less current liabilities		3,967	1,961
Net assets		3,967	1,961
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	13	2	2
Profit and loss account	14	3,965	1,959
Shareholders' funds: equity interests		3,967	1,961
Shareholders' funds: equity interests		3,967	1,96

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 31 October 2008 Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

The accompanying notes on pages 10 to 16 form an integral part of this balance sheet

Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds Year ended 31 December 2007

	2007 \$	2006 \$
As at 1 January	1,961	-
Shares issued	-	2
Profit for the financial year/period	2,006	1,959
As at 31 December	3,967	1,961

Cash flow statement Year ended 31 December 2007

	Notes	2007 \$	Period from 22 February 2006 to 31 December 2006 \$
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	10	129,370	(69,310)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Capital expenditure and financial investment	11 11	696 125,092,512	382 (125,092,678)
Cash inflow/(outflow) before financing		125,222,578	(125,161,606)
Financing Shares issued (Decrease)/increase in short-term borrowing	12	(125,180,919)	2 125,180,919
Increase in cash in the year	12	41,659	19,315
Net cash at the start of the year		19,315	-
Net cash at the end of the year		60,974	19,315

The accompanying notes on pages 10 to 16 form an integral part of this cash flow statement

Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2007

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below, and have been consistently adopted in the current and prior year.

The financial statements are presented in US Dollars being the Company's functional currency

Presentation of profit and loss account

Due to the fact that the nature of the business is to purchase eligible receivables, the Directors are of the opinion that it is more appropriate to use interest receivable rather than turnover in presenting the profit and loss account

Interest receivable

Interest receivable is comprised of finance charges on the eligible receivables purchased by the Company, discount amortisation on eligible receivables and fees due from originators. Interest receivable is accounted for on an accruals basis. All interest income originates from Ireland.

Interest payable

Interest payable relates to interest payable on short term borrowings received from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited Interest payable is accounted for on an accruals basis

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively been enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not realised at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Foreign currency translation

The functional currency of the Company is the US dollar. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into US dollars at the exchange rates ruling on the date of the transactions. Monetary and hedged assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at that date or contracted rates where appropriate and movements are taken to the profit and loss account. Non-monetary items are held at historic cost translated into US Dollars at the exchange rate ruling on the date of the transaction.

Investments

Eligible receivables purchased by the Company are recorded at their capital value in the balance sheet, less provision for any impairment

Short-term borrowings

Debt is initially stated at the amount of proceeds. The carrying amount is increased by the finance cost in respect of the accounting period and reduced by payments made in the period.

Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2007

2 Directors' emoluments

None of the directors had any material interest in any contract of significance in relation to the business of the Company and none of the directors received any direct emoluments for their services in the current or prior year

3. Employees

During the current and prior years the Company had no employees. The Company has outsourced the purchase, administration and disposal of receivables and the operations connected with the funding of those interests to a third party, on an arm's length basis.

4. Operating (loss)/profit

Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging

		2007 \$	2006 \$
	Amounts paid to auditors	•	•
	- audit of the Company s accounts	8,087	9,161
	- addit of the company 3 accounts	=======================================	9,101
5.	Other interest receivable and similar income		
		2007	2006
		\$	2000 \$
		3	3
	Bank interest receivable	657	421
6	Investments		
		2007	2006
		\$	\$
	Cost and net book value		
	Investments in notes backed by eligible receivables	-	125,092,512
			· -,

The investments purchased by the Company were pledged as security for the Company's borrowings from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited

Eligible receivables principally comprise of trade receivables

In 2007 the receivable transaction previously funded by the Company was fully repaid. The Company did not hold any assets at year-end 31 December 2007

Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2007

7.	Debtors		
		2007 \$	2006 \$
	Other debtors	218,599	155,704
8.	Borrowings		
		2007 \$	2006 \$
	Short-term borrowings	-	125,180,919
9	commercial paper issued in the US and Euro markets In 2008, these short-term be Other creditors	2007 \$	2006 \$
	Other creditors	274,705	84,651
	Tax payable	901 275,606	84,651
10	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating	activities	
		2007 \$	2006 \$
	Operating profit	(13,016)	1,704
	Increase in debtors	(62,934)	(155,665)
	Increase in creditors	190,055	84,651
	Foreign exchange gain	15,265	
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	129,370	(69,310)

Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2007

11. Analysis of	cash	flows
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	2007 \$	2006 \$
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received	696	382
Net cash inflow	696	382
Capital expenditure Redemption/(purchase) of investments	125,092,512	(125,092,678)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow	125,092,512	(125,092,678)

12 Analysis of change in net debt and reconciliation of net cash flow to movements in net debt

	31 December 2006 \$	Cash flow	31 December 2007 \$
Cash in hand and at bank Debt due within one year	19,315 (125,180,919)	41,659 125,180,919	60,974
Net debt	(125,161,604)	125,222,578	60,974

13. Called up share capital

	2007 \$	2006 \$
Authorised 1 ordinary shares of £1	2	2
Allotted, called-up and fully paid l ordinary shares of £1	2	2

Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2007

14. Profit and loss account

	2007 \$	2006 \$
As at 1 January	1,959	-
Retained profit for the year	2,006	1,959
As at 31 December	3,965	1,959

15. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

	2007
Profit before tax	2,907
Tax at the UK corporation tax rate of 20% Effect of change in tax rate Prior year adjustment	581 (7) 327
Current tax charge for year ended 31 December 2007	901

16 Financial instruments

Until the redemption of the investment held in the year, the Company's financial instruments comprised principally of amounts due from investments. Cash, accrued interest income, accrued interest payable and other items arise directly from the Company's operations.

It is, and has been throughout the current period, the Company's policy that no trading in derivative financial instruments shall be undertaken

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, interest rate risk, currency risk and liquidity risk. The board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of those risks and these are summarised below. These policies have remained unchanged since the Company commenced operations.

a) Credit risk

The credit risk faced by the Company is that the receivables acquired by the Company will default, thereby impairing the Company's ability to meet its obligations under short term borrowings. The default risk is reduced through a combination of over-collateralisation measures and the imposition of transaction triggers.

b) Interest rate risk

The Company financed its operations through the borrowings from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited which, in turn, funds itself by the issue of commercial paper. During the year, all of the Company's borrowings and assets were at floating rates. The financial instruments earn interest based on the funding cost, either Libor or Euribor.

Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2007

16 Financial instruments (continued)

c) Currency risk

The functional currency of the Company is the US Dollar The Company provides asset securitisation financing to companies operating in OECD countries. These eligible receivables are denominated in the currencies of the customers involved

The Company's policy is to minimise all currency exposures on transactions. This is achieved through matching assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the US Dollar in order to reduce the net exposure to movements in foreign exchange rates. As at 31 December 2007, after taking into account the effects of offsetting foreign exchange transactions and balances, the Company has no significant currency exposures.

d) Liquidity risk

Funding was obtained through advances from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited Repayments on the advances to Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited were dependent on cash receipts from the assets. The Company also has a liquidity facility which can be drawn upon should there be any timing gaps on the availability of funding

e) Maturity of financial assets and liabilities

The maturity profile of the Company's financial assets was as follows

	2007 \$	2006 \$
In one year or less, or on demand		125,092,512
The maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities was as follows		
	2007 \$	2006 \$
In one year or less, or on demand, dependent on cash receipts from the assets		125,180,919

f) Fair values

Set out below is a comparison of book and fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities

	2007		2006	
Primary financial assets and liabilities held or issued to finance the Company's operations	Book value \$	Fair value \$	Book value \$	Fair value \$
Financial assets	-	-	125,092,512	125,092,512
Financial liabilities		-	125,180,919	125,180,919

Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2007

17. Ultimate controlling party

The shares in the Company are held by Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited under a Declaration of Trust for charitable purposes. Lloyds TSB Group plc has no direct equity ownership interest in the Company. However, Lloyds TSB Group plc prepares its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. Lloyds TSB Group plc considers the Company to be a subsidiary under International Financial Reporting Standards and the results of the Company are included in the consolidated financial statements of Lloyds TSB Group plc. Thus, Lloyds TSB Group plc is considered to be the ultimate parent company and the largest and smallest group of undertakings in which the company is consolidated These financial statements are available from the company secretary s office, Lloyds TSB Group plc, 25 Gresham Street, London, EC2V 7HN

18. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided in paragraph 3 (c) of FRS 8, "Related party disclosures", not to disclose transactions between group entities in the Lloyds TSB Group plc group

Corporate administration services are provided to the Company by Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited The directors' fees are included in the corporate administration services fee of \$21,507 (2006 \$16,281)

19. Events after the balance sheet date

The proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2007 in the sum of \$2,006 is subject to shareholders' approval at the annual general meeting and has not been included as a liability in the financial statements in accordance with FRS21

During 2008 volatility in the credit markets has created a challenging liquidity environment in the money markets and the ABCP markets in particular. Despite this the Company has continued to obtain funding from Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited, which itself has continued to fund through the issue of Commercial Paper. The Company also has a liquidity facility with Lloyds TSB Bank plc which can be drawn down in the event that Cancara Asset Securitisation Limited is unable to issue commercial paper and therefore provide funding for the Company.