

REGISTERED NUMBER: 05715227 (England and Wales)

BASELAYER LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017**

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BASELAYER LTD
COMPANY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

DIRECTORS:

P J L Tagg
Mrs A L Tagg

SECRETARY:

P J L Tagg

REGISTERED OFFICE:

11 Derry Downs
Orpington
Kent
BR5 4DT

REGISTERED NUMBER:

05715227 (England and Wales)

BALANCE SHEET
31 MARCH 2017

	Notes	2017 £	£	2016 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	5		3,752		4,849
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		101,566		84,033	
Debtors	6	41		-	
Prepayments and accrued income		-		1,676	
Cash at bank		14,589		20,342	
		<u>116,196</u>		<u>106,051</u>	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>159,150</u>		<u>135,328</u>	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>(42,954)</u>		<u>(29,277)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>(39,202)</u>		<u>(24,428)</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			200		200
Retained earnings			<u>(39,402)</u>		<u>(24,628)</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>(39,202)</u>		<u>(24,428)</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2017.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.
- (b)

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 9 May 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs A L Tagg - Director

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017**

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Baselayer Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

There are no adjustments on transition to FRS 102 that affect the reported financial performance or position of the company.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis and this is appropriate because there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern.

Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a continuing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

There are no significant judgements or estimates included within these financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Plant & Machinery	- 25% reducing balance
Computer equipment	- 33.33% straight line

At each reporting date, fixed assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017**

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are measured at transaction price less any impairment unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction in which case the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at the prevailing market rate of interest. Loans are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are measured at their transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction in which case the transaction is measured at present value of future payments discounted at prevailing market rate of interest. Other financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value net of their transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity date of three months or less

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 4 .

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and machinery etc £
COST	
At 1 April 2016	25,091
Additions	668
At 31 March 2017	<u>25,759</u>
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2016	20,242
Charge for year	1,765
At 31 March 2017	<u>22,007</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2017	<u>3,752</u>
At 31 March 2016	<u>4,849</u>

6. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors	<u>41</u>	<u>-</u>

7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade creditors	54,416	33,044
Taxation and social security	12,085	13,485
Other creditors	<u>92,649</u>	<u>88,799</u>
	<u>159,150</u>	<u>135,328</u>

8. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

At the year end, P Tagg, a director of the company was owed £41,334 (2016: £39,656). A Tagg, who is also a director, was owed £46,441 (2016: £44,631) by the company.

9. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is controlled by the director's who between them own 100% of the called up share capital.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.