## **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 05714447**

# CAR CLINIC UK LTD UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 28 FEBRUARY 2015



## **LEVICKS**

Chartered Accountants & Business Advisers
Station Gates
3 Lloyd Road
BROADSTAIRS
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CT10 1HY

# ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2015

CONTENTS	PAGE		
Abbreviated balance sheet			1
Notes to the abbreviated accounts			3

## ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

## **28 FEBRUARY 2015**

•	2015		2014		
	Note	£	£	£	· £
FIXED ASSETS	2			•	
Tangible assets			3,012	•	3,544
CURRENT ASSETS		•			•
Stocks		300		250	
Debtors		503	•	503	
Cash at bank and in hand		51		51	•
		854		804	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year	•	5,403		3,846	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	•		(4,549)		(3,042)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			(1,537)		502
CADITAL AND DECEDATES				•	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	3		1		1
Called-up equity share capital Profit and loss account	3		(1,538)		501
1 Torre and 1055 account			(1,336)		
(DEFICIT)/SHAREHOLDERS' FUN	DS .		(1,537)		502
			<del></del>		

## ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

#### **28 FEBRUARY 2015**

For the year ended 28 February 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

## Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Company Registration Number: 05714447

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2015

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year.

#### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment

15% reducing balance

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2015

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Compound instruments comprise both a liability and an equity component. At date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for a similar debt instrument. The liability component is accounted for as a financial liability.

The residual is the difference between the net proceeds of issue and the liability component (at time of issue). The residual is the equity component, which is accounted for as an equity instrument.

The interest expense on the liability component is calculated applying the effective interest rate for the liability component of the instrument. The difference between this amount and any repayments is added to the carrying amount of the liability in the balance sheet.

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2015

# 2. FIXED ASSETS

					Tangible Assets £
	COST				12 790
	At 1 March 2014 and 28 February 2015				12,780
	DEPRECIATION				
	At 1 March 2014		<i>:</i>		9,236
	Charge for year				532
	At 28 February 2015				9,768
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 28 February 2015				3,012
	At 28 February 2014				3,544
3.	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:		•	-	
		2015		2014	
		No	£	No	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>1</u>	1	<u>l</u>	1