Registration number: 05660850

# The Institute Of Information Security Professionals

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

Burton Sweet The Clock Tower Unit 5, Farleigh Court Old Weston Road Flax Bourton Bristol BS48 1UR



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## **Company Information**

Directors	A Cobbett
	A MacWillson
•	N Seaver
	P Wilson
	A Simmons
	M Boston
	S Furnell
	E Hamilton
	T Harwood
	C Myers
	C Hodson

## Company secretary A P Cunnington

Registered office

The Clock Tower Farleigh Court Old Weston Road Flax Bourton Bristol

BS48 1UR

J Trebilcock

**Bankers** 

HSBC Bank 12A North Street

Guildford Surrey GU1 4AF

**Auditors** 

Burton Sweet The Clock Tower Unit 5, Farleigh Court Old Weston Road Flax Bourton

Bristol BS48 1UR

### **Directors' Report**

#### Year Ended 31 March 2017

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017.

#### Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

A Cobbett

A MacWillson

N Seaver

P Wilson

A Simmons

M Boston

S Furnell

E Hamilton

T Harwood

C Myers

C Hodson (appointed 28 February 2017)

J Trebilcock (appointed 28 February 2017)

#### Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is to promote the study and practice of Information Security and to advance knowledge, education and professionalism therein for the benefit of the public

#### Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditors are unaware.

#### Small companies provision statement

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

# Directors' Report Year Ended 31 March 2017

N Seaver Director

### Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# Profit and Loss Account Year Ended 31 March 2017

	Note	Total 31 March 2017 £	Total 31 March 2016 £
Turnover		440,010	367,001
Cost of sales		(3,400)	(3,475)
Gross profit		436,610	363,526
Administrative expenses		(401,841)	(362,872)
Other operating income			5,950
Operating profit Other interest receivable and similar income		34,769 147	6,604
Profit before tax	5	34,916	6,705
Taxation		(1,124)	(20)
Profit for the financial year		33,792	6,685

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains or losses for the year other than the results above.

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form an integral part of these financial statements.

(Registration number: 05660850)

**Balance Sheet** 

# 31 March 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets	11010	-	-
Intangible assets	6	9,931	14,895
Tangible assets	7	1,457	14,075
		11,388	14,895
Current assets			
Debtors	8	136,743	172,030
Cash at bank and in hand		247,481	226,627
		384,224	398,657
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	9	(288,110)	(313,980)
Net current assets		96,114	84,677
Total assets less current liabilities		107,502	99,572
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one			
year	9	(48,238)	(74,099)
Net assets		59,264	25,473
Capital and reserves			
Profit and loss account	•	59,264	25,473
Total equity		59.264	25,473

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form an integral part of these financial statements.

(Registration number: 05660850)

Balance Sheet 31 March 2017

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

N Seaver

Director

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form an integral part of these financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Year Ended 31 March 2017

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

The Clock Tower Farleigh Court Old Weston Road Flax Bourton Bristol BS48 IUR England

The principal place of business is:
Basepoint Business centre
Crab Apple Way
Evesham
Worcestershire
WR11 IGP

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Year Ended 31 March 2017

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### **Asset class**

Fixtures and fittings

Equipment

#### Depreciation method and rate

33.33% per annum straight line

25% per annum straight line

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is provided an intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

#### Asset class

Computer software

#### Amortisation method and rate

8 years straight line

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

## Year Ended 31 March 2017

#### **Trade debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 4 (2016 - 4).

#### 4 Auditors' remuneration

	2017 £	2016 €
Audit of the financial statements	3,060	3,360

#### 5 Profit before tax

Arrived at after charging/(crediting)

	2017	2016
·	£	£
Depreciation expense	139	766
Amortisation expense	4,964	4,964

# Notes to the Financial Statements

# Year Ended 31 March 2017

6 Intangible assets
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generated software development costs Tota £ £	il
Cost or valuation	
At 1 April 2016 39,715 39,	715
At 31 March 2017 39,715 39	715
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2016 24,820 24	820
Amorfisation charge 4,964 4	964
At 31 March 2017 29,784 29	784
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2017 9,931 9,	931
At 31 March 2016 14,895 14	895

## Notes to the Financial Statements

## Year Ended 31 March 2017

7 Tangible assets		
	Fumiture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2016 Additions	9,675 1,596	9,675 1,596
At 31 March 2017	11,271	11,271
Depreciation At 1 April 2016 Charge for the year At 31 March 2017 Carrying amount	9,675 139 9,814	9,675 139 9,814
At 31 March 2017	1,457	1,457
8 Debtors	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors Other debtors Prepayments	76,442 1,680 58,621 136,743	100,078 1,680 70,272 172,030

## Notes to the Financial Statements

## Year Ended 31 March 2017

9 Creditors			
		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Trade creditors		50,233	76,353
Taxation and social security		956	1,590
Deferred income		217,672	218,818
Accruais		18,125	17,190
Corporation tax liability		1,124	29
		288,110	313,980
Due after one year			
Deferred income		48,238	74,099

## **Detailed Profit and Loss Account**

## Year Ended 31 March 2017

	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover	440,010	367,001
Cost of sales	(3,400)	(3,475)
Gross profit	436,610	363,526
Gross profit (%)	99.23%	99.05%
Administrative expenses		
Employment costs	(221,720)	(216,170)
Establishment costs	(11,135)	(8,567)
General administrative expenses	(158,007)	(126,965)
Finance charges	(5,876)	(5,440)
Depreciation costs	(5,103)	(5,730)
	(401,841)	(362,872)
Other operating income (analysed below)		5,950
Operating profit	34,769	6,604
Other interest receivable and similar income	147	101
Profit before tax	34,916	6,705

This page does not form part of the statutory financial statements.

## **Detailed Profit and Loss Account**

# Year Ended 31 March 2017

	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover		
Application fees	436,560	357,601
Accreditiation training fees	3,450	9,400
	440,010	367,001
Cost of sales		
Membership direct costs	3,400	3,475
Employment costs		
Wages and salaries .	82,529	87,380
Staff NIC (Employers)	3,116	7,463
Contractors' remuneration	136,043	119,950
Staff training	32	1,377
	221,720	216,170
Establishment costs		
Rent and rates	9,845	7,638
Repairs and renewals	1,290	929
	11,135	8,567
General administrative expenses		
Telephone	1,474	1,489
Computer software and maintenance costs	49,566	52,474
Printing, postage and stationery	1,342	2,035
Trade subscriptions	157	360
Charitable donations	-	500
Sundry expenses	3,518	1,180
Travel and subsistence	7,989	6,231
Advertising	8,786	-
Events, advertising and promotions	45,715	31,292
Accountancy fees	30,075	25,454
Auditor's remuneration - The audit of the company's annual		
accounts	3,060	3,360
Consultancy fees	2,500	-
Insurance	3,825	2,590
•	158,007	126,965

This page does not form part of the statutory financial statements.

## **Detailed Profit and Loss Account**

## Year Ended 31 March 2017

Finance charges		
Bank charges	5,876	5,440
Depreciation costs		
Amortisation of goodwill	4,964	4,964
Depreciation of fixtures and fittings (owned)	47	-
Depreciation of office equipment (owned)	92	766
	5,103	5,730
Other interest receivable and similar income	•	
Bank interest receivable	147	101

This page does not form part of the statutory financial statements.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Institute Of Information Security Professionals

We have audited the financial statements of The Institute Of Information Security Professionals for the year ended 31 March 2017, set out on pages 5 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including FRS 102 Section 1A 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (set out on page 4), the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors to the financial statements, including "APB Ethical Standard - Provisions Available for Small Entities (Revised)".

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

### Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to smaller entities; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Institute Of Information Security Professionals

### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' Report.

Neil Kingston FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Burton Sweet, Statutory Auditor

The Clock Tower Unit 5, Farleigh Court Old Weston Road Flax Bourton Bristol BS48 1UR

Date: 9 ·11 · 17