INTERVINO LIMITED
UNAUDITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Registered number: 05659462

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors R Fielding

G Lennox Mrs C J Fielding C V Ramplin Miss A M Lennox

G C V Ramplin (resigned 1 September 2020) Mrs D C Evatt (appointed 2 September 2019)

H J G Wheelhouse (appointed 1 May 2020, resigned 12 October 2020)

Registered number 05659462

Registered office Lencraft Distribution Centre

Manby Road Louth Lincolnshire LN11 8HB

Accountants P M & G Limited

Chartered Accountants Mainwood Farm Kneesall

Newark Nottinghamshire

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

	Note		2020 £		2019 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		18,649		15,806
		_	18,649	-	15,806
Current assets					
Stocks		83,977		316,402	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	490,842		461,703	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	52,170		55,979	
	_	626,989	_	834,084	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(470,854)		(369,627)	
Net current assets	_		156,135		464,457
Total assets less current liabilities		_	174,784	-	480,263
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(300,000)		(725,000)
Net liabilities		_	(125,216)	- -	(244,737)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			(125,316)		(244,837)
		_ _	(125,216)	- -	(244,737)

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

REGISTERED NUMBER: 05659462

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 1 March 2021.

R Fielding

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

1. General information

Intervino Limited is a private company, limited by shares and incorporated England and Wales. The address of its registered office is shown on the company information page.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumed the ongoing support of the company's shareholders.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

2.4 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.5 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.7 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of financial position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, .

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings - 33% Reducing balance method
Computer equipment - 33% Reducing balance method

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.9 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.10 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by eash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.12 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.13 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of financial position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of financial position.

2.14 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 18 (2019 -23).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

4.	Tangible	fixed	assets
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5.

	Fixtures and	Computer	
	fittings	equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost or valuation			
At 1 July 2019	114,999	94,010	209,009
Additions	-	14,000	14,000
At 30 June 2020	114,999	108,010	223,009
Depreciation			
At 1 July 2019	113,461	79,741	193,202
Charge for the year on owned assets	512	10,646	11,158
At 30 June 2020	113,973	90,387	204,360
Net book value			
At 30 June 2020	1,026	17,623	18,649
At 30 June 2019	1,537	14,269	15,806
Debtors			
		2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors		369,900	326,035
Other debtors		18,253	226
Prepayments and accrued income		27,702	32,229
Deferred taxation		74,987	103,213
	-	490,842	461,703

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

6.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	52,170	55,979
		52,170	55,979
_			
7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Trade creditors	234,217	265,919
	Other taxation and social security	75,599	32,484
	Other creditors	125,593	50,953
	Accruals and deferred income	35,445	20,271
		470,854	369,627
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Bank loans	50,000	_
	Other creditors	250,000	725,000
		300,000	725,000
9.	Loons		
9.	Loans		
	Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Amounts falling due 1-2 years		
	Bank loans	50,000	-
		50,000	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

10. Deferred taxation

		2020 ₤
At beginning of year		103,213
Charged to profit or loss		(28,226)
At end of year		74,987
The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:		
	2020 £	2019 £
Accelerated capital allowances	(2,337)	(1,532)
Tax losses carried forward	77,324	104,745
	74,987	103,213

Trading losses of £407,000 (2019 - £551,000) are available to set against future trading profits.

11. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £5,319 (2019 - £5,461). Contributions totalling £810 (2019 -£nil) were payable to the fund at the reporting date and are included in creditors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

12. Related party transactions

The following related party transactions took place during the year:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Pre-Eminent Solutions LLP:		
Sales	150,000	_
Management charges and expense recharges	45,716	70,987
Trade balance - Debtors	180,000	-
Trade balance - Creditors	939	14,151
The Page Design Consultancy Limited:		
Purchases	-	1,725
The Griffin Inn Plumtree Limited		
Purchases	140	-
Trade balance - Creditors	168	-
DPS Digital (Lincs) Limited:		
Sales	132	4,279
Purchases	18,940	99,964
Trade balance - Debtors	158	-
Trade balance - Creditors	2,915	1,699
617 LImited:		
Sales	-	1,040
Loan balances outstanding to:		
R Fielding	186,925	382,500
G Lennox	186,925	382,500

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.