Registration number: 05627895

Fake Festivals Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

Contents

Balance Sheet	<u>1</u> to 2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3 to 6

(Registration number: 05627895) Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>3</u>	104,316	75,681
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>4</u>	735	28,524
Cash at bank and in hand		7,666	1,436
		8,401	29,960
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>5</u>	(40,925)	(50,340)
Net current liabilities		(32,524)	(20,380)
Total assets less current liabilities		71,792	55,301
Provisions for liabilities		(19,820)	(14,379)
Net assets		51,972	40,922
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		51,970	40,920
Total equity		51,972	40,922

For the financial year ending 30 September 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages $\frac{3}{2}$ to $\frac{6}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 1

(Registration number: 05627895)
Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2018

Approved and authorised by the director on 1 April 2019	
Ar J D Lee	
Director	

The notes on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{6}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: The Granary Office Owston Grange Owston Ferry Doncaster South Yorkshire DN9 1TZ

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 1 April 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Plant and machinery
Fixtures and fittings
Motor vehicles
Office equipment

Depreciation method and rate 25% Reducing balance basis 25% Reducing balance basis 25% Reducing balance basis 25% Reducing balance basis

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and		
	equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 October 2017	145,742	44,700	190,442
Additions	34,195	29,220	63,415
At 30 September 2018	179,937	73,920	253,857
Depreciation			
At 1 October 2017	91,331	23,430	114,761
Charge for the year	22,157	12,623	34,780
At 30 September 2018	113,488	36,053	149,541
Carrying amount			
At 30 September 2018	66,449	37,867	104,316
At 30 September 2017	54,411	21,270	75,681

4 Debtors

		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Amounts owed by related parties		-	28,488
Prepayments		735	36
	_	735	28,524

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

5 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

,	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Due within one year			
Trade creditors		345	168
Amounts owed to related parties		3,598	15,698
Taxation and social security		16,466	13,338
Income tax liability		18,268	18,84 1
Other creditors		133	160
Accrued expenses		2,115	2,135
		40,925	50,340

6 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Fake Festivals Group Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate controlling party is Fake Festivals Group Limited which is registered in England and Wales (registration number: 08798747).

Page 6

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.