

Company registration number: 05624753

Construction Services UK Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 December 2020

Construction Services UK Limited

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Construction Services UK Limited

Directors and other information

Director	J A Grosvenor
Company number	05624753
Registered office	56 Lidgett Lane Garforth Leeds West Yorkshire LS25 1LL
Accountants	Howard Matthews Partnership Lidgett House 56 Lidgett Lane Garforth Leeds LS25 1LL

Construction Services UK Limited

Statement of financial position

31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	-	3,700
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
			3,700
Current assets			
Debtors	6	215,296	2,192,306
Cash at bank and in hand		53,111	136,933
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
		268,407	2,329,239
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(275,133)	(1,729,379)
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(6,726)	599,860
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total assets less current liabilities		(6,726)	603,560
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(208,706)	(239,293)
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net (liabilities)/assets		(215,432)	364,267
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		10	10
Profit and loss account		(215,442)	364,257
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Shareholders (deficit)/funds		(215,432)	364,267
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

For the year ending 31 December 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 February 2021 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

J A Grosvenor

Director

Company registration number: 05624753

Construction Services UK Limited

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Lidgett House, 56 Lidgett Lane, Garforth, Leeds, West Yorkshire, LS25 1LL.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Triennial review 2017 amendments to the standard have been early adopted.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Property improvements	-	15 % reducing balance
Fittings fixtures and equipment	-	33.3 % straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 8 (2019: 8).

5. Tangible assets

	Freehold property	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 January 2020	10,763	20,042	30,805
Disposals	(10,763)	(20,042)	(30,805)
At 31 December 2020	-	-	-
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2020	8,444	18,661	27,105
Disposals	(8,444)	(18,661)	(27,105)
At 31 December 2020	-	-	-
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2020	-	-	-
At 31 December 2019	2,319	1,381	3,700

6. Debtors

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade debtors	99,773	2,138,674
Other debtors	115,523	53,632
	215,296	2,192,306

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	90,608	90,608
Trade creditors	94,899	1,512,316
Corporation tax	1,148	22,537
Social security and other taxes	85,024	89,371
Other creditors	3,454	14,547
	275,133	1,729,379

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	208,706	239,293
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2020

	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the director	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£
J A Grosvenor	15,333	(15,333)	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

2019

	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the director	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£
J A Grosvenor	89,997	(74,664)	15,333
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

10. Related party transactions

During the year a loan to J Grosvenor totalling £45,651.31 was written off by the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.